FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>.</u>	Reference	Page
Principal Officials		i
FINANCIAL SECTION		
Independent Auditor's Report		1
Management's Discussion and Analysis		3
Basic Financial Statements		
Government-Wide Financial Statements		
Statement of Net Position		12
Statement of Activities		13
Fund Financial Statements		
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds		14
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position		16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		18
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities		20
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position		21
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position		22
Notes to the Financial Statements		23
Required Supplementary Information		
Budgetary Comparison Schedule		
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budgets and Actual - General Fund		56
Pension Plan Schedules:		
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - South Carolina Ro	etirement System	57
Schedule of Contributions - South Carolina Retirement System		58
Other Postemployment Benefit ("OPEB") Plan Schedules		
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - South Carolina Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund		59
Schedule of the School District's Contributions - South Carolina Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund		60
Supplementary Information		
Combining and Individual Fund Schedules		
General Fund		
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Final Budget and Actual	Schedule A-1	62
		(Continued)

TABLE OF CONTENTS

FINANCIAL SECTION (CONTINUED)	D. C	D
Combining and Individual Fund Schedules (Continued)	Reference	Page
Special Revenue Fund		
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	Schedule B-1	70
Supplemental Listing of LEA Subfund Codes and Titles - State Restricted Grants	Schedule B-2	84
Summary Schedule for Other Designated Restricted State Grants	Schedule B-3	85
Special Revenue Fund - Education Improvement Act		
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - All Programs	Schedule B-4	86
Summary Schedule by Program	Schedule B-5	91
Other Schedules		
Detailed Schedule of Due to State Department of Education/ Federal Government	Schedule B-6	92
Debt Service Fund		
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	Schedule C-1	93
Capital Projects Fund		
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	Schedule D-1	94
Special Revenue - Food Service Fund		
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	Schedule E-1	95
Fiduciary Fund - Pupil Activity Fund		
Schedule of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Due to Student Organizations	Schedule F-1	96
Other Schedule		
Location Reconciliation Schedule		97
COMPLIANCE SECTION		
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards		100
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards		102
Independent Auditor's Report - Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>		103
Independent Auditor's Report - Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance		105
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings		107
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs		108

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Marion County Board of Education

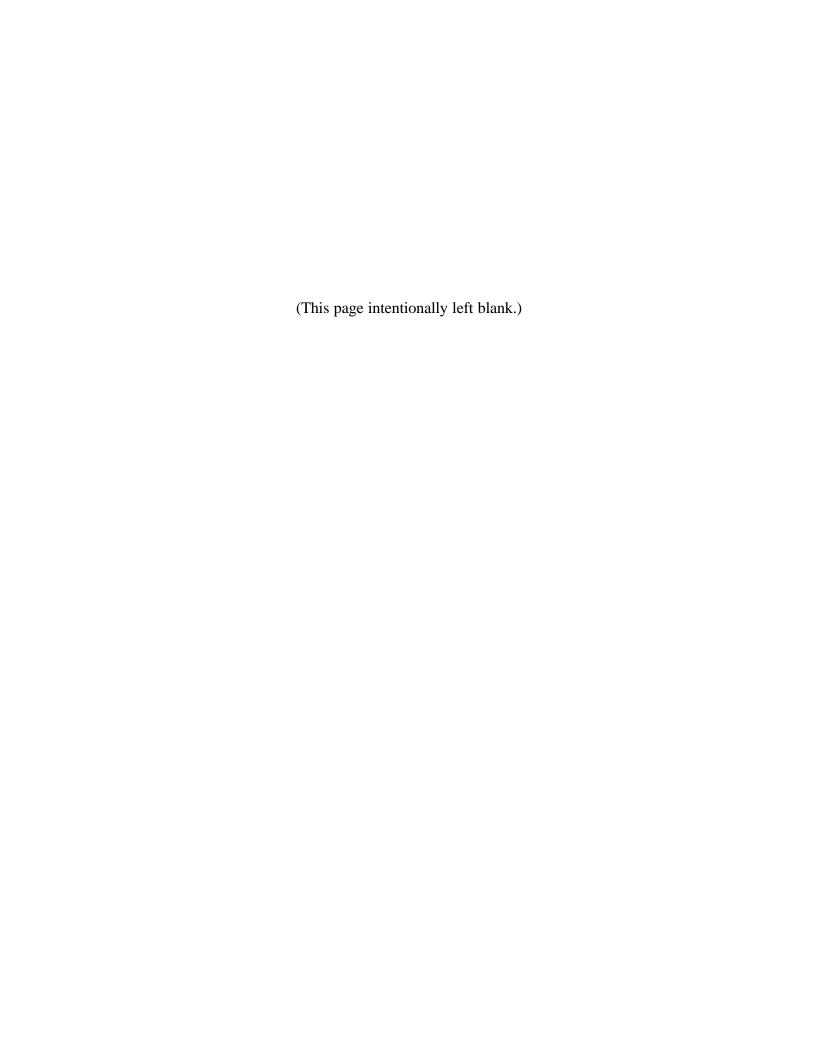
Cynthia H. Legette, Board Chair Levant Davis, Board Vice-Chair Cynthia V. Brown Patricia Atkinson Charles White Linda O. Neal Ogleretta D. White

Superintendent

Dr. Kandace Bethea

Director of Finance

Russell Causey





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Marion County Board of Education Marion County School District Marion, South Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Marion County School District, South Carolina (the "School District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Marion County School District, South Carolina, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedule, the pension plan schedules, and the other postemployment benefit plan schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 22, 2019 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Greene Finney, LLP Mauldin, South Carolina

Greene Finney, LLP

Mauldin, South Carolin November 22, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

This discussion and analysis of Marion County School District's (the "School District") financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the notes to the financial statements and the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for 2019 are as follows:

- On the government-wide basis, the assets and deferred outflows of resources of the School District were exceeded by its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$52.9 million. Unrestricted net position was a deficit of \$88.6 million. The deficit in net position is a result of pension accounting standards that were implemented in 2015 (net pension liability) and other postemployment benefit ("OPEB") plan accounting standards that were implemented in 2018 (net OPEB plan liability); the net pension liability at June 30, 2019 (including deferred outflows and inflows) was \$53.5 million and the net OPEB plan liability at June 30, 2019 (including deferred outflows and inflows) was \$42.9 million.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the School District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$10.7 million. 53% of the total amount, or \$5.7 million, is available for spending at the government's discretion.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$5.7 million, which was 16% of total General Fund expenditures for fiscal year 2019.
- The School District's fund balance for the General Fund increased by \$0.7 million.
- During the 2019 fiscal year, the School District's governmental fund revenues were \$51.3 million compared to \$54.2 million in the prior year, or a decrease of \$2.9 million.
- During the 2019 fiscal year, the School District's governmental fund expenditures were \$51.3 million compared to \$53.8 million in the prior year, or a decrease of \$2.5 million.
- On the government-wide basis, the School District's total net position decreased by \$2.6 million, primarily due to increases in the net pension and net OPEB liabilities.
- The School District's net capital assets decreased by \$1.2 million during the current fiscal year due to depreciation expense of \$1.6 million exceeding current year additions of \$0.4 million.
- The School District did not have any outstanding long-term obligations at June 30, 2019 or at June 30, 2018. The School District had \$0.6 million in outstanding short-term debt, issued in May 2019 that matures in March 2020.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts — *Introductory Section, Financial Section* (which includes the financial statements, required supplementary information which includes this management's discussion and analysis section, the combining and individual fund financial schedules and the location reconciliation schedule) and the *Compliance Section*.

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the School District. The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide a broad overview of the School District's overall financial status, in a manner similar to a private-sector enterprise.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The statement of net position presents information on all of the School District's assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the School District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, for some items, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the School District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities).

The governmental activities of the School District include instruction, supporting services, community services and intergovernmental. The School District does not report any "business-type" activities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found as listed in the table of contents.

Fund Financial Statements. The remaining financial statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the School District, reporting the School District's operations in more *detail* than the government-wide statements.

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements. All of the funds of the School District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Since the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. The differences of results in the governmental fund financial statements to those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation schedule following each governmental fund financial statement.

The School District maintains six individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Special Revenue Fund, Special Revenue Fund-EIA, Special Revenue Fund-Food Service, Debt Service Fund, and Capital Projects Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. The governmental fund financial statements can be found as listed in the table of contents.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the pupil activities of the schools and accounts for these activities in an agency fund. The School District is also the trustee for certain scholarship funds and accounts for them in a private-purpose trust fund. The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found as listed in the table of contents.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found as listed in the table of contents. More detailed information regarding long-term debt and capital asset activity can also be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Supplementary Information. The combining and individual fund schedules and the location reconciliation schedule can be found as listed in the table of contents.

The School District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for this fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget. This schedule can be found as listed in the table of contents.

		Fun	d Financial Statements
	Government-Wide <u>Statements</u>	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire School District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the School District that are not proprietary or fiduciary	Instances in which the School District is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources, such as the Pupil Activity Fund and the Private-Purpose Trust Fund
Required Financial Statements	Statement of Net Position; Statement of Activities	Balance Sheet; Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
Accounting Basis and Measurement Focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of Asset/Liability Information	All assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows / inflows of resources, both financial and capital, and short- term and long-term	Only assets and deferred outflows of resources (if any) that are expected to be used and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources (if any) that come due during the year or soon, thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; the School District's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of Inflow/Outflow Information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the School District, assets and deferred outflows of resources were exceeded by its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$52.9 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A summary of the School District's net position as of June 30, 2019 compared to June 30, 2018 is presented below:

	2019	2018	
Assets			
Current and Other Assets	\$ 17,379,302	\$ 17,936,253	
Capital Assets (Net)	32,428,967	33,678,060	
Total Assets	49,808,269	51,614,313	
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred Pension Charges	8,960,299	10,163,502	
Deferred Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Charges	3,951,454	1,519,225	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	12,911,753	11,682,727	
Liabilities			
Other Liabilities	6,281,795	6,756,833	
Net Pension Liability	56,687,771	54,706,134	
Net Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Liability	43,351,079	39,700,863	
Total Liabilities	106,320,645	101,163,830	
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred Pension Credits	5,750,000	8,696,690	
Deferred Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Credits	3,545,666	3,753,464	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	9,295,666	12,450,154	
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	33,190,564	34,091,850	
Restricted	2,545,907	3,196,650	
Unrestricted	(88,632,760)	(87,605,444)	
Total Net Position	\$ (52,896,289)	\$ (50,316,944)	

Total assets decreased by \$1.8 million primarily due to a decrease in capital assets of \$1.2 million as depreciation expense exceeded current year additions. Other assets decreased \$0.6 million primarily due to a reduction in cash, primarily driven by expenditures exceeding revenues in the Special Revenue - Food Service fund. Total liabilities increased \$5.2 million primarily due to an increase in the net pension and net other postemployment benefit plan liabilities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Unrestricted net position, the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements, was a deficit of \$88.6 million at June 30, 2019, due to the School District's proportionate share of the State of South Carolina's net pension and net other postemployment benefit plan liabilities.

The following table shows the changes in net position for fiscal year 2019 compared to 2018:

Changes in Net Position

	2019			2018	
Revenues					
Program Revenues:					
Charges for Services	\$	282,539	\$	271,081	
Operating Grants and Contributions		34,784,006		36,306,838	
Capital Grants and Contributions		84,828		1,436,445	
General Revenues:					
Property Taxes and Revenue in Lieu of Taxes		15,151,847		15,074,763	
Other		315,192		448,349	
Total Revenues		50,618,412		53,537,476	
Program Activities					
Instruction		27,461,584		27,820,474	
Support Services		25,587,643		25,362,778	
Community Services		17,095		1,789	
Intergovernmental		111,781		211,288	
Interest and Other Charges		19,654		41,555	
Total Expenses		53,197,757		53,437,884	
Change in Net Position		(2,579,345)		99,592	
Net Position, Beginning of Year, as Restated		(50,316,944)		(50,416,536)	
Net Position, End of Year	\$	(52,896,289)	\$	(50,316,944)	

Overall, the School District's financial condition decreased in fiscal year 2019, as expenses exceeded revenues by \$2.6 million, compared to an increase of \$0.1 million in the prior year (the decrease is due to the School District's share of the increases in the net pension and net other postemployment benefit plan liabilities). Total revenues decreased \$2.9 million from 2018 primarily due to a decrease in operating grants and contributions of \$1.5 million and a decrease in capital grants and contributions of \$1.3 million (mainly due to lower revenues from state sources due to funding changes combined with a lower pupil count as the District's headcount has been trending lower). Program expenses decreased \$0.2 million from 2018.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The analysis of governmental funds serves the purpose of looking at what resources came into the funds, how they were spent and what is available for future expenditures. Did the government generate enough revenue to pay for current obligations? What is available for spending at the end of the year?

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School District's governmental funds reported a *combined* fund balance of \$10.7 million as compared to \$10.7 million for the prior year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the School District. At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance for the General Fund was \$5.9 million, increasing by \$0.7 million during the current fiscal year. The unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$5.7 million, increasing \$1.1 million during the current fiscal year.

The School District's special revenue funds (Special Revenue, EIA and Food Service) are used to account for revenues derived from the state of South Carolina and the federal government. The Special Revenue Fund-EIA does not have a fund balance as revenues should be expended, deferred, or returned to the grantor. The fund balance for the Special Revenue Fund-Food Service decreased by \$0.6 million as the District is attempting to reduce its food service fund balance to the State's acceptable maximum of 30% of current year expenditures by purchasing needed capital items (food service equipment).

The School District's Debt Service fund balance at the end of the current fiscal year was \$0.6 million, remaining flat in 2019. The School District's debt service millage rate is 8 mills, which did not change from the prior year.

The School District's capital projects fund increased by \$0.1 million during the 2019 fiscal year to \$2.6 million at June 30, 2019.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The School District's General Fund budget is prepared according to South Carolina law and is consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The Board of Trustees adopted a balanced budget that reflected total revenue sources and annual appropriations of \$38.2 million.

At June 30, 2019, the General Fund had a positive total budget vs. actual variance of \$0.7 million. This positive variance is due to actual expenditures being less than budgeted expenditures by \$2.5 million, while actual revenues were less than budgeted revenues by \$1.8 million, primarily due to revenues from State Sources coming in under budget by \$1.8 million due to funding changes at the State and a decrease in the District's student count.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of 2019, the School District had \$32.4 million in capital assets, net of depreciation.

The net decrease in the School District's capital assets was \$1.2 million. The decrease was due to depreciation expense of \$1.6 million exceeding current year additions of \$0.4 million.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Continued)

The additions were for security equipment for the schools and new equipment (mostly food service equipment) at various locations.

The following table shows fiscal year end 2019 capital asset balances compared to 2018:

Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities				
	2019		2018		
Capital Assets		_		_	
Land	\$	2,168,458	\$	2,168,458	
Buildings and Improvements		28,587,788		29,889,381	
Machinery and Equipment		1,672,721		1,620,221	
Capital Assets, Net	\$	32,428,967	\$	33,678,060	

Additional information on the School District's capital assets can be found in Note III.F in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Debt Administration

At the end of the current fiscal year, the School District had no outstanding long-term indebtedness. In May 2018, the District issued a short-term General Obligation Bond in the amount of \$0.6 million; the District repaid this in March 2019 upon maturity, including interest of \$14,000. In May 2019, the School District issued a short-term General Obligation Bond in the amount of \$0.6 million. The proceeds will be used for various capital improvements for the School District's facilities. This indebtedness is scheduled to be repaid in full at its maturity in March 2020, with interest at 2.0%.

The following table shows fiscal year end 2019 total outstanding debt compared to 2018:

	Governmental Activities			ivities
	2019		2018	
General Obligation Bonds	\$	612,000	\$	609,000
Total	\$	612,000	\$	609,000

The state limits the amount of general obligation debt that school districts can issue to 8 percent of the assessed value of all taxable property within the School District's corporate limits. The School District is authorized by state statute to exceed the legal debt margin of 8%, if citizens of the School District approve such additional debt through a district-wide referendum. All of the outstanding debt of \$0.6 million is subject to this limit as of June 30, 2019, leaving \$5.4 million available.

Additional detailed information about the School District's indebtedness is presented in Notes III. G. and H. in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

ECONOMIC FACTORS

Marion County School District is the largest single employer in the county with approximately 810 employees. The government sector, of which the School District is a part, is the largest employment sector within the County.

Marion County continues to experience a stale economy which will affect tax revenues in the future. Although the tax base continues to rise slightly, the actual collections are not rising at the rate needed to compensate for the rise in expenses imposed by salary increases, health insurance costs and retirement rates which constitute the majority of School District expenses.

FY 2020 GENERAL FUND BUDGET

The Board of Trustees adopted a balanced General Fund budget for fiscal year 2020 that reflected total revenues and total appropriations of \$39.2 million. The fiscal year 2020 General Fund original budget represents a 3% increase from the fiscal year 2019 General Fund budget of \$38.2 million.

The fiscal year 2020 General Fund budget includes an EFA base student cost of \$2,489 per student. The EFA base student rate is then computed on the state's weight per EFA category and 135th day Average Daily Membership of the prior year in each category to arrive at the actual allocation. The School District has experienced a reduction in student membership for the past few years, so even with a higher base student cost allocation, actual EFA dollars have been decreasing.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide those interested with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Department, at Marion County School District, 719 N. Main Street, Marion, SC 29571. In addition, the Annual Financial Report may be found on the School District's website at http://www.marion.k12.sc.us.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2019

	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Governmental
ACCEPTEG	Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 10,250,765
Cash and Investments, Restricted	1,635,793
Cash and Investments Held by County Treasurer	892,289
Property Taxes Receivable, Net	488,235
Accounts Receivable	82,408
Due from Other Governments	3,819,038
Inventories and Prepaid Items	210,774
Capital Assets:	
Non-Depreciable	2,168,458
Depreciable, Net	30,260,509
TOTAL ASSETS	49,808,269
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Pension Charges	8,960,299
Deferred Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Charges	3,951,454
	-
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	12,911,753
Accounts Payable	665,292
Accrued Salaries, Fringe & Benefits	4,415,935
Due to Other Governments	275
Unearned Revenue	588,293
Short-Term General Obligation Bond Payable	612,000
Non-Current Liabilities:	
Net Pension Liability	56,687,771
Net Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Liability	43,351,079
TOTAL LIABILITIES	106,320,645
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Pension Credits	5,750,000
Deferred Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Credits	3,545,666
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	9,295,666
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	33,190,564
Restricted For:	
Debt Service	1,263,177
Food Service	1,282,730
Unrestricted	(88,632,760)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ (52,896,289)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement. See accompanying independent auditor's report.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		PRO	OGRAM REVEN	UES	(EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Primary Government Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities: Instruction Support Services Community Services Intergovernmental Interest and Other Charges Total Governmental Activities TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 27,461,584 25,587,643 17,095 111,781 19,654 53,197,757 \$ 53,197,757	197,916 84,623 - - - 282,539 282,539	20,154,790 14,629,216 - - - 34,784,006 34,784,006	1,045 83,783 - - - - 84,828 84,828	\$ (7,107,833) (10,790,021) (17,095) (111,781) (19,654) (18,046,384) (18,046,384)
Property Taxes	ue: s Levied for Genera s Levied for Debt S in Lieu of Taxes rnings	•			8,512,942 567,765 6,071,140 213,565 101,627
TOTAL GENE CHANGE IN N	RAL REVENUES ET POSITION	•			15,467,039 (2,579,345)
	- Beginning of Ye	ar			(50,316,944)

NET

\$ (52,896,289)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement. See accompanying independent auditor's report.

NET POSITION - Ending of Year

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2019

	(GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE
ASSETS			
Cash and Investments	\$	9,633,743	-
Cash and Investments, Restricted		=	691
Cash and Investments Held by County Treasurer		-	-
Receivables, Net:			
Taxes		466,042	-
Accounts		324	82,084
Due From: County Treasurer		151,608	
State Agencies		331,004	2,597,119
Federal Agencies		-	569,109
Other Funds		2,637,212	-
Other Governments		-	140,939
Prepaid Items		54,991	´-
Inventories		125,263	-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	13,400,187	3,389,942
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES			
LIABILITIES:			
Accounts Payable	\$	625,111	-
Accrued Salaries, Fringe & Benefits		4,352,941	62,994
Due To:			
State Agencies		-	-
Other Funds		2,164,318	2,637,212
Unearned Revenue		-	365,820
Short-Term Debt - Bond Payable		-	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		7,142,370	3,066,026
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		389,799	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		7,532,169	3,066,026
FUND BALANCES:			
Fund Balances			
Nonspendable:			
Prepaid Items		54,991	-
Inventories		125,263	-
Restricted for:			
Debt Service		-	-
Capital Projects		-	-
Food Service		-	-
Assigned for:			222.615
Special Revenue Programs		-	323,916
Capital Projects Unassigned		- 5,687,764	-
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		5,868,018	323,916
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	e	13,400,187	3,389,942
AND FUND DALANCES	<u>\$</u>	13,400,187	3,389,942

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement. See accompanying independent auditor's report.

SPECIAL REVENUE - EIA	SPECIAL REVENUE - FOOD SERVICE	DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
-	-	-	617,022	\$ 10,250,765
-	-	261,505	1,373,597	1,635,793
-	-	892,289	-	892,289
-	-	22,193	-	488,235
-	-	-	-	82,408
-	-	-	-	151,608
26,729	2,530	-	-	2,957,382
-	-	-	-	569,109
189,054	1,296,826	87,190	591,248	4,801,530
-	- -	-	-	140,939
-	30,520	-	-	54,991 155,783
215,783	1,329,876	1,263,177	2,581,867	\$ 22,180,832
0.575	27.614			0.000
2,567	37,614 -	-	- -	\$ 665,292 4,415,935
275	-	-	-	275
- 212.041	- 0.522	-	-	4,801,530
212,941	9,532	612,000	-	588,293 612,000
215,783	47,146	612,000	-	11,083,325
	<u>-</u>	22,193		411,992
215,783	47,146	634,193	-	11,495,317
-	-	-	-	54,991
-	-	-	-	125,263
-	-	628,984	-	628,984
-	-	-	1,373,597	1,373,597
-	1,282,730	-	-	1,282,730
-	-	-	-	323,916
-	-	-	1,208,270	1,208,270 5,687,764
	1,282,730	628,984	2,581,867	10,685,515
	1,202,/30	020,704	2,301,00/	10,003,313

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2019

TOTAL FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 10,685,515
Amounts reported for the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Property taxes and other revenues that will be collected in the future, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current year's expenditures are therefore unavailable in the funds.	411,992
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of these capital assets was \$76,279,271 and the accumulated depreciation was \$43,850,304.	32,428,967
The School District's proportionate shares of the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to its participation in the State pension plans are not recorded in the governmental funds but are recorded in the Statement of Net Position.	(53,477,472)
The School District's proportionate shares of the net other postemployment benefit plan liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to its participation in the State pension plans are not recorded in the governmental funds but are recorded in the Statement of Net Position.	(42,945,291)
TOTAL NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ (52,896,289)

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STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

REVENUES	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE
Local Sources:		
Taxes	\$ 8,546,106	-
Investment Earnings	203,969	-
Other Local Sources	262,205	581,403
State Sources	25,734,822	1,204,897
Federal Sources	42,090	6,931,410
Intergovernmental Revenue	-	172,415
TOTAL REVENUE ALL SOURCES	34,789,192	8,890,125
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
Instruction	19,433,559	4,617,197
Support Services	16,196,750	4,038,711
Community Services	13,807	3,288
Intergovernmental	9,579	417,849
Capital Outlay	15,007	13,594
Debt Service:		
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	35,668,702	9,090,639
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(879,510)	(200,514)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Premium	-	-
Transfers In	1,796,337	222,714
Transfers Out	(222,714)	(232,122)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	1,573,623	(9,408)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	694,113	(209,922)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year	5,173,905	533,838
FUND BALANCES, End of Year	\$ 5,868,018	323,916

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

SPECIAL REVENUE - EIA	SPECIAL REVENUE - FOOD SERVICE	DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
- - - 3,834,298	4,037 85,290	561,933 4,403 - 54,125	1,157 - -	\$ 9,108,039 213,566 928,898 30,828,142
-	3,037,698	-	-	10,011,198 173,847
3,834,298	3,128,457	620,461	1,157	51,263,690
1,953,068	_	_	_	26,003,824
593,665	3,083,464	-	438,786	24,351,376
-	-	-	-	17,095 427,428
83,783	331,247	-	48,378	492,009
-	-	21,282	-	21,282
2,630,516	3,414,711	21,282	487,164	51,313,014
1,203,782	(286,254)	599,179	(486,007)	(49,324)
-	-	1,628	-	1,628
(1 202 702)	(2(0,422)	((0(011)	606,811	2,625,862
(1,203,782)	(360,433)	(606,811)	<u>-</u>	(2,625,862)
(1,203,782)	(360,433)	(605,183)	606,811	1,628
-	(646,687)	(6,004)	120,804	(47,696)
<u> </u>	1,929,417	634,988	2,461,063	10,733,211
<u> </u>	1,282,730	628,984	2,581,867	\$ 10,685,515

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

TOTAL NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ (47,696)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(34,217)
Changes in the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources for the current year are not reported in the governmental funds but are reported in the Statement of Activities.	(238,150)
Changes in the School District's proportionate share of the net other postemployment benefit plan liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources for the current year are not reported in the governmental funds but are reported in the Statement of Activities.	(1,010,189)
Governmental funds report capital asset additions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets that are considered capital asset additions is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital asset additions (\$396,582) were exceeded by depreciation expense (\$1,645,675) in the current year.	(1,249,093)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ (2,579,345)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2019

	PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUND		AGENCY FUND	
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments	\$	113,849	\$	-
Receivables		-		220,592
Due from Other Funds		48		-
TOTAL ASSETS		113,897		220,592
LIABILITIES				
Due to Student Organizations		-		220,592
TOTAL LIABILITIES		-	\$	220,592
NET POSITION				
Held in Trust for Scholarships				
Nonexpendable		61,018		
Expendable		52,879		
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	113,897		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement. See accompanying independent auditor's report.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

A DDITIONS	PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUND		
ADDITIONS	Ф	504	
Interest Earnings Contributions and Donations	\$	504 3,325	
TOTAL ADDITIONS		3,829	
DEDUCTIONS			
Scholarships Awarded		2,930	
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		2,930	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		899	
Net Position, Beginning of Year		112,998	
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	113,897	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Marion County School District, South Carolina (the "School District") was established by legislation (R168, H4632) to consolidate Marion School Districts One, Two and Seven into one single school district on January 18, 2012, and introduced in the South Carolina State Senate on March 1, 2012. The Governor of South Carolina signed the bill into law on April 23, 2012. The consolidation of the three previously separate districts into Marion County School District became effective July 1, 2012. The School District is controlled by the Marion County Board of Education (the "Board"), which has oversight responsibility over the public school educational activities in the School District. The School District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the related requirements of these funding source entities. The School District is governed by a seven-member Board.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The School District is controlled by the Marion County Board of Education (the "Board"), which has oversight responsibility over the public school education activities in the School District. The School District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in the GASB Sec. 2100.108 and thus is recognized as a primary government.

As required by GAAP, the financial statements must present the School District's financial information with any of its component units. The primary criterion for determining inclusion or exclusion of a legally separate entity (component unit) is financial accountability, which is presumed to exist if the School District both appoints a voting majority of the entity's governing body, and either 1) the School District is able to impose its will on the entity or, 2) there is a potential for the entity to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the School District. If either or both of the foregoing conditions are not met, the entity could still be considered a component unit if it is fiscally dependent on the School District and there is a potential that the entity could either provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on the School District.

In order to be considered fiscally independent, an entity must have the authority to do all of the following: (a) determine its budget without the School District having the authority to approve or modify that budget; (b) levy taxes or set rates or charges without approval by the School District; and (c) issue bonded debt without approval by the School District. An entity has a financial benefit or burden relationship with the School District if, for example, any one of the following conditions exists: (a) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the entity's resources, (b) the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits or, or provide financial support to, the entity, or (c) the School District is obligated in some manner for the debt of the entity. Finally, an entity could be a component unit even if it met all the conditions described above if excluding it would cause the School District's financial statements to be misleading.

Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the government's operations and data from these units are combined with data of the primary government in the fund financial statements. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the School District. Based on the above criteria, the School District does not have any blended or discretely presented component units.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the School District (the "Primary Government") and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, would be reported separately from business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support. The School District does not report any business-type activities.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

The **government-wide financial statements** are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using a different measurement focus from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared (see further detail below). Governmental fund financial statements therefore, include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government generally considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period (thirty days for property taxes). Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, federal and state grant programs and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the School District. The focus of Governmental Fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Fiduciary Funds are reported by fund type.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the School District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The accounts of the government are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. There are a minimum number of funds maintained to keep the accounts consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The following major funds and fund types are used by the School District.

Governmental Fund Types are those through which most governmental functions of the School District are financed. The School District's expendable financial resources and related assets and liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. Governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. The following are the School District's major governmental fund types:

The *General Fund, a major fund, and a budgeted fund* is the general operating fund of the School District and accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the School District except those required to be accounted for in other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that (a) are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to other funds or (b) that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to other funds are accounted for in the General Fund. General operating expenditures and the capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources (that are expected to continue to comprise a substantial portion of the inflows of the fund) that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The School District has the following major Special Revenue Funds:

- i) The Special Revenue Fund, a major fund and an unbudgeted fund, is used to account for financial resources provided by federal, state and local projects and grants that are restricted, committed or assigned for special education programs.
- ii) The Education Improvement Act ("EIA") Fund, a major fund and an unbudgeted fund, is used to account for the revenues from the South Carolina Education Improvement Act of 1984 (which is legally required by the state to be accounted for as a specific revenue source) which are restricted for specific programs authorized or mandated by the EIA.
- iii) **The Food Service Fund, a major fund** and an unbudgeted fund, is used to account for the United States Department of Agriculture's ("USDA") approved school breakfast and lunch programs.

The **Debt Service Fund, a major fund** and an unbudgeted fund, is used to account for and report the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, all long-term debt principal, interest and related costs for the School District.

The *Capital Projects Fund, a major fund* and an unbudgeted fund, is used to account for financial resources to be used for site acquisitions, construction, equipment, and renovation of all major capital facilities for the School District.

Fiduciary Fund types use the accrual basis of accounting; they are used to account for expendable assets held by the School District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds and include agency funds. Fiduciary Fund Types include the following funds:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The Agency Fund accounts for the receipt and disbursement of monies to and from student activity organizations. These funds have no equity (assets are equal to liabilities) and do not include revenues and expenditures for general operation of the School District. This accounting reflects the agency relationship of the School District with the student activity organizations. Agency funds do not have a measurement focus.

The *Private-Purpose Trust Fund* is used to report donations received which much be expended according to the provisions of the donors. Donations are generally not expendable, while the related earnings are to be expended for scholarships to individuals. This fund is accounted for in essentially the same manner as proprietary funds.

C. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Equity

1. Cash and Investments

The School District considers all highly liquid investments as cash and investments for financial reporting purposes. The School District's investment policy is designed to operate within existing statutes (which are identical for all funds, fund types and component units within the State of South Carolina) that authorize the School District to invest in the following:

- (a) Obligations of the United States and its agencies, the principal and interest of which is fully guaranteed by the United States.
- (b) Obligations issued by the Federal Financing Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, the Bank of Cooperatives, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Federal Land Banks, the Federal Home Loan Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, the Federal National Mortgage Association, the Government National Mortgage Association, the Federal Housing Administration, and the Farmers Home Administration, if, at the time of investment, the obligor has a long-term, unenhanced, unsecured debt rating in one of the top two ratings categories, without regard to a refinement or gradation of rating category by numerical modifier or otherwise, issued by at least two nationally recognized credit rating organizations.
- (c) (i) General obligations of the State of South Carolina or any of its political units; or (ii) revenue obligations of the State of South Carolina or its political units, if at the time of investment, the obligor has a long-term, unenhanced, unsecured debt rating in one of the top two ratings categories, without regard to a refinement or gradation of rating category by numerical modifier or otherwise, issued by at least two nationally recognized credit rating organizations.
- (d) Savings and Loan Associations to the extent that the same are insured by an agency of the federal government.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Equity (Continued)

1. Cash and Investments (Continued)

- (e) Certificates of deposit where the certificates are collaterally secured by securities of the type described in (a) and (b) above held by a third party as escrow agent or custodian, of a market value not less than the amount of the certificates of deposit so secured, including interest; provided, however, such collateral shall not be required to the extent the same are insured by an agency of the federal government.
- (f) Repurchase agreements when collateralized by securities as set forth in this section.
- (g) No load open-end or closed-end management type investment companies or investment trusts registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, where the investment is made by a bank or trust company or savings and loan association or other financial institution when acting as trustee or agent for a bond or other debt issue of that local government unit, political subdivision, or county treasurer if the particular portfolio of the investment company or investment trust in which the investment is made (i) is limited to obligations described in items (a), (b), (c), and (f) of this subsection, and (ii) has among its objectives the attempt to maintain a constant net asset value of one dollar a share and to that end, value its assets by the amortized cost method.

The School District's cash investment objectives are preservation of capital, liquidity and yield. The School District reports its cash and investments at fair value which is normally determined by quoted market prices. The School District currently or in the past year has used the following investments:

- Cash and investments held by the County Treasurer represents property taxes collected by the School
 District's fiscal agent that have not been remitted to the School District. The County Treasurer presently
 holds these funds in an interest-bearing checking account.
- Certificates of Deposit ("CD") are bond-type investments issued by a bank when a person or company
 deposits a certain amount of money for a determined amount of time. The maturity can be for more than
 one year, and interest is paid to the holder of the CD at an agreed upon rate. Money removed before
 maturity is subject to a penalty.
- South Carolina Local Government Investment Pool ("LGIP" or "Pool") investments are invested with the South Carolina State Treasurer's Office, which established the South Carolina Pool pursuant to Section 6-6-10 of the South Carolina Code. The Pool is an investment trust fund, in which public monies in excess of current needs, which are under the custody of any city treasurer or any governing body of a political subdivision of the State, may be deposited. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools", investments are carried at fair value determined annually based upon (a) quoted market prices for identical or similar investments or (b) observable inputs other than quoted market prices. The total fair value of the Pool is apportioned to the entities with funds invested on an equal basis for each share owned, which are acquired at a cost of \$1.00. Funds may be deposited by Pool participants at any time and may be withdrawn upon 24 hours' notice. Financial statements for the Pool may be obtained by writing the Office of State Treasurer, Local Government Investment Pool, P.O. Box 11778, Columbia, SC 29211-1960.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Equity (Continued)

2. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of reimbursement arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds."

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the statement of net position.

3. Inventories and Other Assets

Inventories

Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method (expensed when used). The School District also includes an amount for commodities received from the USDA, recorded at fair market value at the time of receipt, which have not been consumed as of year-end.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. An asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value (as estimated by the School District) at the date of donation. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is not capitalized for governmental activities as required by GAAP. The School District does not maintain ownership of any public domain ("infrastructure") general capital assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Equity (Continued)

4. Capital Assets (Continued)

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Construction projects begin being depreciated once they are completed and placed in service, at which time the complete costs of the project are transferred to the appropriate capital asset category. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Capital Asset Category</u> <u>Useful Life Range</u>

Buildings and Improvements 10–50 years Machinery and Equipment 3–10 years

5. Compensated Absences

The School District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16 "Accounting for Compensated Absences." Employees may accumulate sick leave up to a maximum of ninety days. However, if an employee leaves the School District other than by retirement, they are not paid for any unused days. Payments of unused sick leave for retirees have been inconsequential. All 12-month employees accrue vacation of ten days per year. However, unused leave is forfeited. Thus, no accrual is recorded for compensated absences.

6. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, contractually required retirement contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due and payable.

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the Statement of Net Position. If significant, bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Amortization of premiums is included in interest expense. Bond premiums are included with bonds payable and other long-term obligations. Issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Equity (Continued)

7. Deferred Outflows / Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position (government-wide) and the balance sheet (governmental funds) will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School District currently has two types of deferred outflows of resources: (1) The School District reports deferred pension charges in its Statement of Net Position in connection with its participation in the South Carolina Retirement System and the South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System. (2) The School District reports deferred OPEB charges in in its Statement(s) of Net Position in connection with its participation in the South Carolina Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund. The deferred pension and OPEB charges are either (a) recognized in the subsequent period as a reduction of the net pension/OPEB liability (which includes contributions made after the measurement date) or (b) amortized in a systematic and rational method as pension/OPEB expense in future periods in accordance with GAAP.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position (government-wide) and the balance sheet (governmental funds) will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School District currently has three types of deferred inflows of resources: (1) The School District reports unavailable revenue – property taxes only in the governmental funds Balance Sheet; it is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (property tax revenues) in the period the amounts become available. (2) The School District also reports deferred pension credits in its Statement of Net Position in connection with its participation in the South Carolina Retirement System and South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System. (3) The School District reports deferred OPEB credits in its Statement of Net Position in connection with its participation in the South Carolina Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund. The deferred pension and OPEB credits are amortized in a systematic and rational method and recognized as a reduction of pension/OPEB expense in future periods in accordance with GAAP.

8. Fund Balance

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" ("GASB #54), the School District classifies its governmental fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable – includes amounts that inherently cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form (i.e. prepaids, inventories, etc.) or because of legal or contractual requirements (i.e. principal on an endowment, etc.).

Restricted – includes amounts that are constrained by specific purposes which are externally imposed by (a) other governments through laws and regulations, (b) grantors or contributions through agreements, (c) creditors through debt covenants or other contracts, or (d) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Equity (Continued)

8. Fund Balance (Continued)

Committed – includes amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action made by the highest level of decision making authority (The Board) before the end of the reporting period. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed amounts for the School District consist of amounts approved by a majority vote of the Board Members (a) in the annual budget or (b) in subsequent requests made throughout the year.

Assigned – includes amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed and that such assignments are made before the report issuance date. The Board has formally granted the Superintendent the right to make assignments of fund balance for the School District.

Unassigned – includes amounts that do not qualify to be accounted for and reported in any of the other fund balance categories. This classification represents the amount of fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. The General Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts of restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

The School District generally uses restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available unless there are legal documents, contracts, or agreements that prohibit doing such. Additionally, the School District generally would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

9. Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position. Net position is classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Outstanding debt which has not been spent is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

10. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. In addition, they affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates and assumptions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Equity (Continued)

11. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits

In government-wide financial statements, pensions and other postemployment benefits ("OPEB") are required to be recognized and disclosed using the accrual basis of accounting (see Note IV.A and IV.B and the required supplementary information immediately following the notes to the financial statements for more information), regardless of the amounts recognized as pension and OPEB expenditures on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The School District recognizes net pension and net OPEB liabilities (assets) for each plan for which it participates, which represents the excess of the total pension and OPEB liabilities over the fiduciary net position of the qualified plan, or the School District's proportionate share thereof in the case of a cost-sharing multipleemployer plan, measured as of the School District's fiscal year-end. Changes in the net pension and OPEB liabilities during the period are recorded as pension and OPEB expenses, or as deferred outflows or inflows of resources depending on the nature of the change, in the period incurred. Those changes in net pension and OPEB liabilities that are recorded as deferred outflows or inflows of resources that arise from changes in actuarial assumptions or other inputs and differences between expected or actual experience are amortized over the weighted average remaining service life of all participants in the respective qualified plan and recorded as a component of pension and OPEB expense beginning with the period in which they are incurred. Any projected earnings on qualified pension and OPEB plan investments are recognized as a component of pension and OPEB expense. Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are reported as deferred outflows or inflows of resources and amortized as a component of pension and OPEB expense on a closed basis over a multi-year period beginning with the period in which the difference occurred.

12. Fair Value

The fair value measurement and disclosure framework provides for a three-tier fair value hierarchy that gives highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

- Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the School District can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology, other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability either directly or indirectly and include:
 - Quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets.
 - Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets.
 - Inputs other than quoted market prices that are observable for the asset or liability.
 - Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.
- Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology that are unobservable for an asset or liability and include:
 - Fair value is often based on developed models in which there are few, if any, observable inputs.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used should maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Equity (Continued)

12. Fair Value (Continued)

The valuation methodologies described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of future net realizable values or reflective of future fair values. The School District believes that the valuation methods used are appropriate and consistent with GAAP. The use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date. There have been no significant changes from the prior year in the methodologies used to measure fair value.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

Budgetary Practices – The General Fund budget is presented as required supplementary information. The budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is consistent with GAAP.

The budget is prepared by function and object as dictated by the State of South Carolina adopted Program Oriented Budgeting and Accounting System and for management control purposes. The School District's policies do not allow funds to be transferred between functions without Board approval. The legal level of control is at the function level. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. During the year, the Board did not revise the budget.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the budgetary comparison schedule:

- (1) In the spring the School District begins its budget process for the next succeeding fiscal year. The School District's leadership team reviews all requests and allocation requirements and related revenue.
- (2) The Finance Director then presents a proposed budget to the Board of Trustees which reviews it in a series of workshops and makes any additions or deletions it deems necessary.
- (3) Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACTIVITIES

A. Deposits and Investments

Deposits

<u>Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits:</u> Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits might not be recovered. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but follows the investment policy statutes of the State of South Carolina. As of June 30, 2019, none of the School District's total bank balances of approximately \$5,315,000 (with a carrying value of approximately \$4,245,000) was exposed to custodial credit.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

A. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments

As of June 30, 2019, the School District had the following investments and maturities:

Investment Type	Fair Value Level (1)	Credit Rating *	 Fair Value	 atures in Less nan One Year
SC Local Government Investment Pool	N/A	Unrated	\$ 7,754,910	\$ 7,754,910
Cash and Investments Held by County Treasurer	N/A	N/A	892,289	N/A
Total			\$ 8,647,199	\$ 7,754,910

⁽¹⁾ See Note I.C.12 for details of the School District's fair value hierarchy.

<u>Interest Rate Risk:</u> The School District does not have a formal policy limiting investment maturities that would help manage its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk for Investments:</u> Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District does not have an investment policy for custodial credit risk but follows the investment policy statutes of the State of South Carolina. As of June 30, 2019, none of the School District's investments were exposed to custodial credit risk.

<u>Credit Risk for Investments</u>: Credit risk for investments is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The School District does not have an investment policy for credit risk but follows the investment policy statutes of the State of South Carolina.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk for Investments</u>: The School District places no limit on the amount the School District may invest in any one issuer. Investments issued by or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools and other pooled investments are exempt from concentration of credit risk disclosures.

B. Property Taxes and Other Receivables

Real and personal property taxes (excluding vehicles) are levied on October 1 for the assessed valuations of property located in Marion County as of the preceding January 1, and are due and payable at that time. All unpaid taxes levied October 1 become delinquent January 15 of the following year, and property taxes attach as an enforceable lien if not paid by March 16 of the following year.

Penalties are added to taxes depending on the date paid as follows:

January 16 through February 13% of TaxFebruary 2 through March 1610% of Tax

March 17 and Thereafter 15 % of Tax Plus Collection Costs

^{*} Credit Ratings are from Standard & Poors, Moody's Services, and Fitch Ratings, respectively.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

B. Property Taxes and Other Receivables (Continued)

Motor vehicle taxes are levied on the first day of the month in which the motor vehicle license expires and is due by the end of the month. Property taxes are billed and collected by the County. Property tax revenue is recognized when collected by the County Treasurer's Office. Real property taxes collected by the County within 30 days after fiscal year end are also recognized as revenue for the year.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the operating and debt service millage rates were 168 mills (no change from prior year) and 8 mills (no change from prior year), respectively, based on an assessed value of approximately \$75.4 million for the School District.

On the government-wide and fund financial statements, taxes receivable are approximately \$488,000 (net of an allowance for uncollectible property taxes of approximately \$626,000) at June 30, 2019. Allowances for uncollectible balances were not necessary for the other receivable accounts.

Delinquent property taxes of approximately \$76,000 have been recognized as revenue at June 30, 2019, because they were collected within thirty days after year end and are considered measurable and available.

C. Deferred Inflows of Resources for Governmental Funds and Unearned Revenues

Governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources and unearned revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Also, both the government-wide financial statements and governmental funds do not recognize revenue in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. At June 30, 2019, the various components of deferred inflows of resources for governmental funds and unearned revenues for both the government-wide financial statements and governmental funds were as follows:

Deferred Inflows:	
Delinquent Property Taxes Receivable (General Fund)	\$ 389,799
Delinquent Property Taxes Receivable (Debt Service Fund)	22,193
Total Deferred Inflows for Governmental Funds	\$ 411,992
Unearned Revenues:	
Revenue Collected, but Unearned - Special Revenue Fund	\$ 365,820
Revenue Collected, but Unearned - EIA Fund	212,941
Revenue Collected, but Unearned - Food Service Fund	9,532
Total Unearned Revenues for both Government-wide Financial	
Statements and Governmental Funds	\$ 588,293

D. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2019 (all of which are expected to be repaid within one year), are summarized as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

D. Interfund Receivables and Payables (Continued)

Fund	Receivables		Payables	
Governmental Funds:				
General Fund	\$	2,637,212	\$	2,164,318
Special Revenue Fund		-		2,637,212
Special Revenue - EIA Fund		189,054		-
Special Revenue - Food Service Fund		1,296,826		-
Debt Service Fund		87,190		-
Capital Projects Fund		591,248		-
Total	\$	4,801,530	\$	4,801,530

All cash activities are recorded in the General Fund, and as a result, receivable and payables exist at year end that are either due to or due from the General Fund in the other funds. The payable from the Special Revenue Fund to the General Fund is for payments not received from the State Department of Education until after the fiscal year-end.

E. Transfers In and (Out)

Transfers from (to) other funds for the year ended June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

	T	Transfers In		ansfers Out
Governmental Funds:				
General Fund	\$	1,796,337	\$	222,714
Special Revenue Fund		222,714		232,122
Special Revenue - EIA Fund		-		1,203,782
Special Revenue - Food Service		-		360,433
Debt Service Fund		-		606,811
Capital Projects Fund		606,811		-
Totals	\$	2,625,862	\$	2,625,862

Funds were transferred from the Special Revenue Funds to the General Fund to cover indirect costs and state-mandated EIA teacher salary supplements and related benefits. Funds were transferred from the Debt Service Fund to the Capital Projects Fund from short-term debt proceeds that will be used to fund future capital outlay needs. Funds were transferred from the General Fund to the Special Revenue Fund to subsidize the Medicaid funds, which had losses during the year ended June 30, 2019.

F. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the School District for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

F. Capital Assets (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:					
Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable:					
Land	\$ 2,168,458	-	-	-	\$ 2,168,458
Construction in Progress	-	-	-	-	-
Total Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable	2,168,458	-	-	-	2,168,458
Capital Assets, Depreciable:					
Buildings and Improvements	66,187,999		-	-	66,187,999
Machinery and Equipment	10,197,291	396,582	(2,671,059)	-	7,922,814
Total Capital Assets, Depreciable	76,385,290	396,582	(2,671,059)	-	74,110,813
Less: Accumulated Depreciation for:					
Buildings and Improvements	36,298,618	1,301,593	-	-	37,600,211
Machinery and Equipment	8,577,070	344,082	(2,671,059)	-	6,250,093
Total Accumulated Depreciation	44,875,688	1,645,675	(2,671,059)	-	43,850,304
Total Capital Assets, Depreciable, Net	31,509,602	(1,249,093)	-	-	30,260,509
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 33,678,060	(1,249,093)	-	-	\$ 32,428,967

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Instruction Support Services	\$ 854,220 791,455
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 1,645,675

G. Long-Term Obligations

The School District did not have any long-term obligations as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019.

H. Short-Term Obligations

In May 2018, the School District issued its Series 2018A General Obligation Bond ("2018A SCAGO") in the amount of \$609,000 at a rate of 3.0% to provide funds for future capital outlay. The School District repaid the 2018A SCAGO in March 2019 at its maturity, including interest of approximately \$14,000.

In May 2019, the School District issued its Series 2019A General Obligation Bond ("2019A SCAGO") in the amount of \$612,000 at a rate of 2.0% to provide funds for future capital outlay. The School District expects to repay the 2019A SCAGO in March of 2020 at its maturity, including interest of approximately \$10,000. As the 2019A SCAGO debt is short term, it is reflected on the School District's Balance Sheet as a liability as of June 30, 2019.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

H. Short Term Obligations (Continued)

Short-term obligations for the School District for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	В	eginning			Ending
Short-Term Obligation		Balance	Additions	Reductions	 Balance
2019A SCAGO 2018A SCAGO	\$	609,000	612,000	609,000	\$ 612,000
Total	\$	609,000	612,000		\$ 612,000

The School District has authority to issue general obligation bonds each calendar year, subject to a constitutional debt limit equal to 8% of the assessed value of all taxable property in the School District. The debt limitation does not apply to certain certificates of participation, debt approved through a district-wide referendum, and original or refunding debt for obligations issued on or before November 30, 1982. The School District's constitutional debt limit at June 30, 2019 was approximately \$6,029,000, of which approximately \$5,417,000 was available.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Retirement Plans

The School District participates in the State of South Carolina's retirement plans, which are administered by the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority ("PEBA"). The PEBA, created on July 1, 2012 and governed by an 11-member Board of Directors ("PEBA Board"), is the state agency responsible for the administration and management of the various retirement systems and retirement programs of the state of South Carolina, including the State Optional Retirement Program and the S.C. Deferred Compensation Program, as well as the state's employee insurance programs. As such, the PEBA is responsible for administering the South Carolina Retirement Systems' ("Systems") five defined benefit pension plans. The Retirement Funding and Administration Act of 2017, which became effective July 1, 2017, increased the employer and employee contribution rates, established a ceiling on the SCRS and PORS employee contribution rates, lowered the assumed rate of return, required a scheduled reduction of the funding periods, and addressed various governance issues including the assignment of the PEBA Board as custodian of the retirement trust funds and assignment of the Retirement Systems Investment Commission ("RSIC") and PEBA as co-trustees of the assets of the retirement trust funds. By law, the State Fiscal Accountability Authority ("SFAA"), which consists of five elected officials, also reviews certain PEBA Board decisions regarding the actuary of the Systems.

The PEBA issues a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") containing financial statements and required supplementary information for the System' Pension Trust Funds. The CAFR is publicly available through the Retirement Benefits' link on the PEBA's website at www.peba.sc.gov, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia, SC 29223. The PEBA is considered a division of the primary government of the state of South Carolina and therefore, retirement trust fund financial information is also included in the comprehensive annual financial report of the state.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

A. Retirement Plans (Continued)

Plan Description

The South Carolina Retirement System ("SCRS"), a cost–sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, was established effective July 1, 1945, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-1-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits for employees of the state, its public school districts, and political subdivisions. SCRS covers employees of state agencies, public school districts, higher education institutions, other participating local subdivisions of government and individuals newly elected to the South Carolina General Assembly at or after the 2012 general election.

The State Optional Retirement Program ("State ORP") is a defined contribution plan that is offered as an alternative to the SCRS to certain newly hired state, public school, and higher education employees. State ORP participants direct the investment of their funds into a plan administered by one of four investment providers.

Plan Membership

Membership requirements are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. A brief summary of the requirements under each system is presented below.

- SCRS Generally, all employees of covered employers are required to participate in and contribute to the system as a condition of employment. This plan covers general employees and teachers and individuals newly elected to the South Carolina General Assembly beginning with the November 2012 general election. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a Class Two member. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a Class Three member.
- State ORP As an alternative to membership in the SCRS, newly hired state, public school, and higher education employees and individuals newly elected to the S.C. General Assembly beginning with the November 2012 general election have the option to participate in the State ORP, which is a defined contribution plan. State ORP participants direct the investment of their funds into a plan administered by one of four investment providers. PEBA assumes no liability for State ORP benefits. Rather, the benefits are the liability of the investment providers. For this reason, State ORP programs are not part of the retirement systems' trust funds for financial statement purposes. Contributions to the State ORP are at the same rates as the SCRS. A direct remittance is required from the employers to the member's account with investment providers for the employee contribution and a portion of the employer contribution (5 percent). A direct remittance is also required to the SCRS for the remaining portion of the employer contribution and an incidental death benefit contribution, if applicable, which is retained by the SCRS.

Plan Benefits

Benefit terms are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. PEBA does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms without a legislative change in the code of laws. Key elements of the benefit calculation include the benefit multiplier, years of service, and average final compensation/current annual salary. A brief summary of benefit terms for each system is presented below.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

A. Retirement Plans (Continued)

Plan Benefits (Continued)

• SCRS – A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 65 or with 28 years credited service regardless of age. A member may elect early retirement with reduced pension benefits payable at age 55 with 25 years of service credit. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension upon satisfying the Rule of 90 requirement that the total of the member's age and the member's creditable service equals at least 90 years. Both Class Two and Class Three members are eligible to receive a reduced deferred annuity at age 60 if they satisfy the five- or eight-year earned service requirement, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program.

The annual retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of one percent or five hundred dollars every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase. Members who retire under the early retirement provisions at age 55 with 25 years of service are not eligible for the benefit adjustment until the second July 1 after reaching age 60 or the second July 1 after the date they would have had 28 years of service credit had they not retired.

Plan Contributions

Contributions are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. If the scheduled employee and employer contributions provided in statute, or the rates last adopted by the PEBA Board, are insufficient to maintain the period set in statute, the PEBA Board shall increase employer contribution rates as necessary.

After June 30, 2027, if the most recent annual actuarial valuation of the Systems for funding purposes shows a ratio of the actuarial value of system assets to the actuarial accrued liability of the system (the funded ratio) that is equal to or greater than eighty-five percent, then the PEBA Board, effective on the following July first, may decrease the then current contribution rates upon making a finding that the decrease will not result in a funded ratio of less than eighty-five percent. If contribution rates are decreased pursuant to this provision, and the most recent annual actuarial valuation of the system shows a funded ratio of less than eighty-five percent, then effective on the following July first, and annually thereafter as necessary, the PEBA Board shall increase the then current contribution rates until a subsequent annual actuarial valuation of the system shows a funded ratio that is equal to or greater than eighty-five percent.

The Retirement System Funding and Administration Act establishes a ceiling on employee contribution rates at 9 percent and 9.75 percent for the SCRS and the PORS, respectively. The employer contribution rates will continue to increase annually by 1 percent through July 1, 2022. The legislation's ultimate scheduled employer rate is 18.56 percent for the SCRS and 21.24 percent for the PORS. The amortization period is scheduled to be reduced one year for each of the next 10 years to a twenty-year amortization period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

A. Retirement Plans (Continued)

Plan Contributions (Continued)

As noted earlier, both employees and the School District are required to contribute to the Plans at rates established and as amended by the PEBA. The School District's contributions are actuarially determined but are communicated to and paid by the School District as a percentage of the employees' annual eligible compensation. Required employer and employee contribution rates for the past three years are as follows:

	SCRS	SCRS and State ORP Rates			
	2017	2018	2019		
Employer Contribution Rate:^					
Retirement*	11.41%	13.41%	14.41%		
Incidental Death Benefit	0.15%	0.15%	0.15%		
Accidental Death Contributions	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		
	11.56%	13.56%	14.56%		
Employee Contribution Rate	8.66%	9.00%	9.00%		

[^] Calculated on earnable compensation as defined in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws.

The required contributions and percentages of amounts contributed by the School District to the Plans for the past three years were as follows:

Year Ended	SCRS Contributions				State ORP	Contributions
June 30,	Required		% Contributed		equired	% Contributed
2019	\$	3,553,591	100%	\$	38,264	100%
2018 2017	\$	3,517,924 3,047,301	100% 100%	\$	37,542 30,085	100% 100%

In an effort to help offset a portion of the burden of the increased contribution requirement for employers, the State General Assembly ("State") funded 1 percent of the SCRS and PORS contribution increases for the year ended June 30, 2018. The State's budget appropriated these funds directly to the PEBA for the South Carolina Retirement System Trust Fund and the Police Officers Retirement System Trust Fund. The amount of funds appropriated by the State (nonemployer contributing entity) for the year ended June 30, 2018 (measurement date) to the School District were approximately \$295,000 for the SCRS.

The School District recognized contributions (on-behalf benefits) from the State of approximately \$288,000 for the year ended June 30, 2019. These contributions by the State are recognized as intergovernmental revenues and pension expenditures in the District's governmental fund financial statements.

^{*} Of the rate for the State ORP Plan, 5% of earnable compensation must be remitted by the employer directly to the ORP vendor to be allocated to the member's account with the remainder of the employer contribution remitted to the SCRS.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

A. Retirement Plans (Continued)

Plan Contributions (Continued)

Eligible payrolls of the School District covered under the Plans for the past three years were as follows:

Year Ended				Total
June 30,	S	CRS Payroll	State ORP Payroll	Payroll
2019	\$	24,406,529	400,248	\$ 24,806,777
2018		25,943,391	438,573	26,381,964
2017	\$	26,358,656	458,623	\$ 26,817,279

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Actuarial valuations of the plan involve estimates of the reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and future salary increases. Amounts determined regarding the net pension liability are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. South Carolina state statute requires that an actuarial experience study be completed at least once in each five-year period. An experience report on the Systems was most recently issued for the period ending June 30, 2015.

The June 30, 2018 total pension liability ("TPL"), net pension liability ("NPL"), and sensitivity information shown in this report were determined by the consulting actuary, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith and Company ("GRS"), and are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2017. The TPL was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the Plans' fiscal year end, June 30, 2018, using generally accepted actuarial principles.

The following table provides a summary of the actuarial assumptions and methods to calculate the TPL as of June 30, 2018 for the SCRS.

SCRS
Entry Age Normal
7.25%
3.0% to 12.5% (varies by service) Lesser of 1% or \$500 annually

^{*} Includes inflation at 2.25%.

The post-retiree mortality assumption is dependent upon the member's job category and gender. The base mortality assumptions, the 2016 Public Retirees of South Carolina Mortality table ("2016 PRSC"), were developed using the Systems' mortality experience. These base rates are adjusted for future improvement in mortality using published Scale AA projected from the year 2016.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

A. Retirement Plans (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods (Continued)

Former Job Class	Males	Females
Educators	2016 PRSC Males multiplied by 92%	2016 PRSC Females multiplied by 98%
General Employees and Members of the General Assembly	2016 PRSC Males multiplied by 100%	2016 PRSC Females multiplied by 111%
Public Safety and Firefighters	2016 PRSC Males multiplied by 125%	2016 PRSC Females multiplied by 111%

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is based upon 30 year capital market assumptions. The long-term expected rate of returns represent assumptions developed using an arithmetic building block approach primarily based on consensus expectations and market based inputs. Expected returns are net of investment fees.

The expected returns, along with the expected inflation rate, form the basis for the target asset allocation adopted at the beginning of the 2018 fiscal year. The long-term expected rate of return is produced by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and adding expected inflation and is summarized in the following table. For actuarial purposes, the 7.25 percent assumed annual investment rate of return used in the calculation of the TPL includes a 5.00 percent real rate of return and a 2.25 percent inflation component.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

A. Retirement Plans (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (Continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	47.0%		
Global Public Equity	33.0%	6.99%	2.31%
Private Equity	9.0%	8.73%	0.79%
Equity Options Strategies	5.0%	5.52%	0.28%
Real Assets	10.0%		
Real Estate (Private)	6.0%	3.54%	0.21%
Real Estate (REITs)	2.0%	5.46%	0.11%
Infrastructure	2.0%	5.09%	0.10%
Opportunistic	13.0%		
GTAA/Risk Parity	8.0%	3.75%	0.30%
HF (Low Beta)	2.0%	3.45%	0.07%
Other Opportunistic Strategies	3.0%	3.75%	0.11%
Diversified Credit	18.0%		
Mixed Credit	6.0%	3.05%	0.18%
Emerging Markets Debt	5.0%	3.94%	0.20%
Private Debt	7.0%	3.89%	0.27%
Conservative Fixed Income	12.0%		
Core Fixed Income	10.0%	0.94%	0.09%
Cash and Short Duration (Net)	2.0%	0.34%	0.01%
Total Expected Real Return	100.0%		5.03%
Inflation for Actuarial Purposes		•	2.25%
Total Expected Nominal Return			7.28%

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The NPL is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's TPL determined in accordance with GASB No. 67 less that System's fiduciary net position. NPL totals, as of June 30, 2018 measurement date, for the SCRS are presented in the following table:

						Plan Fiduciary Net Position	
				Eı	nployers' Net Pension	as a Percentage of the Total	
System	Tot	al Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Liability (Asset)		Pension Liability	
	. ,	_			_		
SCRS	\$	48,821,730,067	26,414,916,370	\$	22,406,813,697	54.1%	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

A. Retirement Plans (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The TPL is calculated by the Systems' actuary, and each Plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the Plans' financial statements. The NPL is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB No. 67 in the Systems' notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information. Liability calculations performed by the Systems' actuary for the purpose of satisfying the requirements of GASB Nos. 67 and 68 are not applicable for other purposes, such as determining the Plans' funding requirements.

At June 30, 2019, the School District reported a liability of approximately \$56,688,000 for its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities for the SCRS. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liabilities for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liabilities were determined based on the most recent actuarial valuation report of July 1, 2017 that was projected forward to the measurement date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liabilities were based on a projection of the School District's long-term share of contributions to the Plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating South Carolina state and local governmental employers, actuarially determined. At the June 30, 2018 measurement date, the School District's SCRS proportion was 0.252993 percent, which was an increase of 0.998000 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School District recognized pension expense of approximately \$3,542,000 for the SCRS. At June 30, 2019, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources (deferred pension charges) and deferred inflows of resources (deferred pension credits) related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	Outflows of Resources		 Deferred Inflows of Resources	
SCRS				
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	102,328	\$ 333,592	
Change in Assumptions		2,249,054	-	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		900,486	-	
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between the Employer's				
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		2,404,418	5,416,408	
Employer Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		3,304,013	-	
Total SCRS	\$	8,960,299	\$ 5,750,000	

Approximately \$3,304,000 that were reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the School District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date to the SCRS, will be recognized as a reduction of the NPL in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources (deferred pension charges) and deferred inflows of resources (deferred pension credits) related to the SCRS will increase (decrease) pension expense as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

A. Retirement Plans (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Year Ended June 30,	SCRS
2020	\$ 818,722
2021	(540,441)
2022	(318,185)
2023	(53,810)
Total	\$ (93,714)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers in the SCRS will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on provisions in the South Carolina Code of Laws. Based on those assumptions, each System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following table presents the sensitivity of the School District's proportionate share of the NPL of the Plan to changes in the discount rate, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what it would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00 percent lower (6.25 percent) or 1.00 percent higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease	Current Discount Rate		1% Increase
System	(6.25%)		(7.25%)	(8.25%)	
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the SCRS	\$	72,436,444	56,687,771	\$	45,428,978

Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information regarding the fiduciary net position of the Plan administered by the PEBA is available in the separately issued CAFR containing financial statements and required supplementary information. The CAFR is publicly available through the Retirement Benefits' link on the PEBA's website at www.peba.sc.gov, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia, SC 29223.

Payable to Plan

The School District reported a payable of approximately \$1,088,000 to the PEBA as of June 30, 2019, representing required employer and employee contributions for May and June 2019 for the SCRS. This amount is included in Accrued Salaries, Fringe & Benefits on the financial statements and was paid in July 2019.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

B. Other Postemployment Benefit Plans

The PEBA is the state agency responsible for the administration and management of the state's employee insurance programs, other postemployment benefits trusts, and retirement systems. The laws of the State and the policies and procedures specified by the State for State agencies are applicable to all activities of the PEBA. By law, the SFAA also reviews certain PEBA Board decisions in administering the State Health Plan and other postemployment benefits ("OPEB"). See Note IV.B for more details on the PEBA and the SFAA.

The PEBA – Insurance Benefits issues audited financial statements and required supplementary information for the OPEB trust funds. This information is publicly available through the PEBA – Insurance Benefits' link on the PEBA's website at www.peba.sc.gov or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to the PEBA – Insurance Benefits, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia, SC 29223. The PEBA is considered a division of the primary government of the state of South Carolina and therefore, OPEB trust fund financial information is also included in the comprehensive annual financial report of the state.

Plan Descriptions

The Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Funds ("OPEB Trusts" or "OPEB Plans"), collectively refers to the South Carolina Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund ("SCRHITF") and the South Carolina Long-Term Disability Insurance Trust Fund ("SCLTDITF"), were established by the State of South Carolina as Act 195, which became effective on May 2008. The SCRHITF was created to fund and account for the employer costs of the State's retiree health and dental plans. The SCLTDITF was created to fund and account for the employer costs of the State's Basic Long-Term Disability ("BLTD") Income Benefit Plan.

In accordance with Act 195, the OPEB Trusts are administered by the PEBA – Insurance Benefits and the State Treasurer is the custodian of the funds held in trust. The PEBA Board has been designated as the Trustee.

The OPEB Trusts are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plans. Article 5 of the State Code of Laws defines the two plans and authorizes the Trustee to at any time adjust the plans, including its benefits and contributions, as necessary to insure the fiscal stability of the plans. In accordance with the South Carolina Code of Laws and the annual Appropriations Act, the State provides postemployment health and dental and long-term disability benefits to retired State and school district employees and their covered dependents.

Plan Benefits

The SCRHITF is a healthcare plan that covers retired employees of the State of South Carolina, including all agencies, and public school districts. The SCRHITF provides health and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees. Generally, retirees are eligible for the health and dental benefits if they have established at least ten years of retirement service credit. For new hires beginning employment May 2, 2008 and after, retirees are eligible for benefits if they have established 25 years of service for 100% employer funding and 15-24 years of service for 50% employer funding.

The SCLTDITF is a long-term disability plan that covers employees of the State of South Carolina, including all agencies and public school districts and all participating local governmental entities. The SCLTDITF provides disability payments to eligible employees that have been approved for disability. Since the employer contribution/premium paid and the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the SCLTDITF are not material to the School District, no SCLTDITF OPEB amounts have been recorded in these financial statements and only limited note disclosures have been provided related to these benefits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

B. Other Postemployment Benefit Plans (Continued)

Plan Contributions and Funding Policies

Section 1-11-710 of the South Carolina Code of Laws of 1976, as amended, requires the postemployment and long-term disability benefits to be funded through nonemployer and employer contributions for active employees and retirees to the PEBA – Insurance Benefits. Nonemployer contributions consist of an annual appropriation by the General Assembly and the statutorily required transfer from PEBA – Insurance Benefits reserves.

The SCRHITF is funded through participating employers that are mandated by State statute to contribute at a rate assessed each year by the Department of Administration Executive Budget Office on active employee covered payroll. The South Carolina Retirement System collects the monthly covered payroll surcharge for all participating employers and remits it directly to the SCRHITF. Other sources of funding for the SCRHITF also include implicit subsidy, or age-related subsidy inherent in the healthcare premiums structure. The implicit subsidy represents a portion of the health care expenditures paid on behalf of the employer's active employees. For purposes of GASB Statement No. 75, this expenditure on behalf of the active employee is reclassified as a retiree health care expenditure so that the employer's contributions towards the plan reflect the underlying age-adjusted, retiree benefit costs. Nonemployer contributions include the mandatory transfer of accumulated PEBA — Insurance Benefits' reserves and the annual appropriation budgeted by the General Assembly. It is also funded through investment income.

The covered payroll surcharge rates for the past three years were as follows:

	Year Ended June 30,					
	2017	2018	2019			
Employer Contribution Rate^	5.33%	5.50%	6.05%			
Employer common reaso						

[^] Calculated on earnable compensation as defined in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws.

The required payroll surcharge, percentages of amounts contributed, and eligible payroll by the School District covered by the SCRHITF for the past three years were as follows:

Year Ended June		Contrib	_			
30,	Required		Required % Contributed		gible Payroll	
2019	\$	1,500,810	100%	\$	24,806,777	
2018		1,451,008	100%		26,381,964	
2017	\$	1,429,661	100%	\$	26,817,279	

The State (via state appropriations) and the PEBA-Insurance Benefits (via state statute to transfer amounts above 140% of incurred but not reported claims) contributed to the SCRHITF on behalf of the School District approximately \$327,000 for the year ended June 30, 2018 (measurement period). The contributions from these nonemployer contributing entities were approximately \$316,000 for the year ended June 30, 2019 and are recognized as state revenues and intergovernmental expenditures in the School District's governmental fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

B. Other Postemployment Benefit Plans (Continued)

Plan Contributions and Funding Policies (continued)

In accordance with part (b) of paragraph 69 of GASB Statement No. 75, participating employers should recognize revenue in an amount equal to the employer's proportionate share of the change in the collective net OPEB liability arising from contributions to the OPEB plan during the measurement period from nonemployer contributing entities for purposes other than the separate financing of specific liabilities to the OPEB plan. Therefore, employers should classify this revenue in the same manner as it classifies grants from other entities.

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OPEB Trusts, and additions to and deductions from the OPEB Trusts fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the OPEB Trusts. For this purpose, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Therefore, benefit and administrative expenses are recognized when due and payable. Investments are reported at fair value.

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability ("NOL") and the Schedule of the District's Contributions, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, present multi-year trend information about the District's NOL, funded status of the OPEB Plan, and the District's contributions to the OPEB Plan. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plans (as understood by the employer and plan participants) and include the types of benefits provided at the time the valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The total OPEB liability ("TOL"), NOL, and sensitivity information were determined by the consulting actuary and are based on the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation. The TOL was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the OPEB plan's fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 using generally accepted actuarial principles.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

B. Other Postemployment Benefit Plans (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods (Continued)

The following table provides a summary of the actuarial assumptions and methods used in the latest valuation for the SCRHITF:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2017 Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method:

Actuarial Assumptions:

Inflation: 2.25%

Investment Rate of Return: 4.00%, net of plan investment expense: including inflation

Single Discount Rate: 3.62% as of June 30, 2018

Demographic Assumptions: Based on the experience study performed for the South Carolina Retirement Systems

for the five-year period ending June 30, 2015

Mortality: For healthy retirees, the 2016 Public Retirees of South Carolina Mortality Table for

> Males and the 2016 Public Retirees of South Carolina Mortality Table for Females are used with fully generational mortality projections based on Scale AA from the year 2016. Multipliers are applied to the based tables based on gender and

employment type.

Health Care Trend Rate: Initial trend starting at 6.75% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of

4.15% over a period of 14 years

Retiree Participation: 79% for retirees who are eligible for funded premiums

> 59% for retirees who are eligible for partial funded premiums 20% for retirees who are eligible for non-funded premiums

Notes: There were no benefit changes during the current year. The discount rate changed

from 3.56% as of June 30, 2017 to 3.62% as of June 30, 2018.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of returns represent assumptions developed using an arithmetic building block approach primarily based on consensus expectations and market based inputs. The expected returns, along with the expected inflation rate, form the basis for the target asset allocation adopted at the beginning of the 2017 fiscal year. The long-term expected rate of return is produced by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. For actuarial purposes, the 4.00 percent assumed annual investment rate of return includes a 1.75 percent real rate of return and a 2.25 percent inflation component. This information is summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	Allocation-Weighted Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
US Domestic Fixed Income	80.0%	2.09%	1.67%
Cash	20.0%	0.84%	0.17%
Total	100.0%	_	1.84%
Expected Inflation		=	2.25%
Total Return			4.09%
Investment Return Assumption			4.00%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

B. Other Postemployment Benefit Plans (Continued)

Single Discount Rate

The Single Discount Rate of 3.62% was used to measure the TOL for the SCRHITF. The accounting policy for this plan is to set the Single Discount Rate equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. Due to the SCRHITF's investment and funding policies, the difference between a blended discount rate and the municipal bond rate would be less than several basis points (several hundredths of one percent).

OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The NOL is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's TOL determined in accordance with GASB No. 74 less its fiduciary net position. NOL totals, as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date for the SCRHITF, are presented in the following table:

						OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net
			OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net	E	Employers' Net OPEB	Position as a Percentage of
System	T	Total OPEB Liability	Position		Liability (Asset)	the Total OPEB Liability
SCRHITF	\$	15,387,115,010	1,216,530,062	\$	14,170,584,948	7.91%

The TOL is calculated by PEBA's actuary, and the fiduciary net position is reported in the PEBA's financial statements. The net OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB No. 74 in the PEBA's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information. Liability calculations performed by the Systems' actuary for the purpose of satisfying the requirements of GASB Nos. 74 and 75 are not applicable for other purposes, such as determining the OPEB Plans' funding requirements.

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of approximately \$43,351,000 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability for the SCRHITF. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability for the SCRHITF used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined based on the most recent actuarial valuation report of June 30, 2017 that was projected forward to the measurement date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the SCRHITF relative to the projected contributions of all participating South Carolina state and local governmental employers, actuarially determined. At the June 30, 2018 measurement date, the District's proportion was 0.305923 percent, an increase of 0.012816 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

B. Other Postemployment Benefits Plans (Continued)

OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of approximately \$2,797,000 for the SCRHITF. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources (deferred OPEB charges) and deferred inflows of resources (deferred OPEB credits) related to OPEBs from the following sources:

Description		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	649,419	\$	15,105	
Change in Assumptions		-		3,530,086	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments		166,225		-	
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between the Employer's					
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		1,635,000		475	
Employer Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		1,500,810		-	
Total	\$	3,951,454	\$	3,545,666	

Approximately \$1,501,000 that was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the School District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date to the SCRHITF will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources (deferred OPEB charges) and deferred inflows of resources (deferred OPEB credits) related to the SCRHITF will increase (decrease) OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Increase (Decrease) OPEB Expense			
2020	\$	(254,088)		
2021		(254,088)		
2022		(254,088)		
2023		(271,888)		
2024		(300,094)		
Thereafter		239,224		
Total	\$	(1,095,022)		

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the sensitivity of the District's NOL for the SCRHITF to changes in the discount rate, calculated using the discount rate of 3.62%, as well as what it would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (2.62%) or 1% point higher (4.62%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (2.62%)		Current Discount Rate (3.62%)	1% Increase (4.62%)		
Net OPEB Liability	\$	51,071,735	43,351,079	\$	37,127,618	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

B. Other Postemployment Benefit Plans (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following table presents the sensitivity of the District's NOL to changes in the healthcare cost trend rate, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate of 6.75% decreasing to 4.15%, as well as what it would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1% point lower (5.75% decreasing to 3.15%) or 1% point higher (7.75% decreasing to 5.15%) than the current rate:

			Current Healthcare Cost		
	19	% Decrease	Trend Rate	1	1% Increase
	(5.759	% decreasing to 3.15%)	(6.75% decreasing to 4.15%)	(7.75	% decreasing to 5.15%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$	35,670,939	43,351,079	\$	53,280,077

OPEB Plans' Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information regarding the fiduciary net position of the OPEB Plans administered by the PEBA is available in the separately issued financial statements and required supplementary information for the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority, Insurance Benefits and Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Funds. This information is publicly available through the Insurance Benefits' link on the PEBA's website at www.peba.sc.gov or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to the PEBA – Insurance Benefits, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia, SC 29223.

Payable to SCRHITF

The School District reported a payable of approximately \$282,000 to the PEBA as of June 30, 2019, representing required employer contributions for the months of May and June 2019 for the SCRHITF. This amount is included in Accrued Salaries, Fringe & Benefits on the financial statements and was paid in July 2019.

C. Risk Management

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. Because of the high cost of insurance purchased from commercial insurers, the School District has chosen to participate with other school districts in South Carolina in the South Carolina School Boards Insurance Trust/Workers' Compensation Pool ("SCSBIT/WCP"), as well as in its Property and Casualty Pool ("SCSBIT/PCP"). These public entity risk pools operate as a common risk management and insurance program for member school districts.

The School District pays annual premiums to the public entity risk pools for its workers' compensation and property liability insurance coverage based upon the total payroll of the School District for each plan year. The agreement for formation of the public entity risk pools provides that SCSBIT/WCP and SCSBIT/PCP will be self-sustaining through member premiums and any deficiencies can be charged back to the member school districts in the event that a fund deficit arises. As of the latest available audited financial statements at June 30, 2018, the SCSBIT/WCP had net position of approximately \$33,833,000 and the SCSBIT/PCP had net position of approximately \$30,310,000. There were no reductions in insurance coverage as compared to the previous year. There were no insurance settlements that exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

D. Commitments and Contingencies

The School District participates in a number of state and federally assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The amount of program expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the School District expects such amounts, if any, would not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the School District.

Various claims and lawsuits are pending against the School District. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the School District's management and legal counsel that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the School District.

E. Tax Abatements

School District's Tax Abatements

The School District does not have any of its own tax abatement agreements.

Marion County's Abatements

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the School District's property tax revenues were reduced by approximately \$335,000 under agreements entered into by Marion County, South Carolina.

F. Subsequent Event

In October 2019, the School District entered into an agreement for approximately \$774,000 to replace the roof at Marion High School.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGETS AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	BUDGETED A		ACTUAL (BUDGETARY	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET- POSITIVE
REVENUES	ORIGINAL	FINAL	BASIS)	(NEGATIVE)
Local Sources:				
Taxes	\$ 8,705,000	8,705,000	8,546,106	\$ (158,894)
Investment Earnings	110,000	110,000	203,969	93,969
Other Local Sources	233,000	233,000	262,205	29,205
State Sources	27,502,795	27,502,795	25,734,822	(1,767,973)
Federal Sources	-	-	42,090	42,090
TOTAL REVENUE ALL SOURCES	36,550,795	36,550,795	34,789,192	(1,761,603)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Instruction	20,614,438	20,614,438	19,433,559	1,180,879
Support Services	17,565,177	17,565,177	16,196,750	1,368,427
Community Services	-	-	13,807	(13,807)
Intergovernmental	12,000	12,000	9,579	2,421
Capital Outlay	18,000	18,000	15,007	2,993
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	38,209,615	38,209,615	35,668,702	2,540,913
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(1,658,820)	(1,658,820)	(879,510)	779,310
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	1,658,820	1,658,820	1,796,337	137,517
Transfers Out	-	-	(222,714)	(222,714)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	1,658,820	1,658,820	1,573,623	(85,197)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	694,113	694,113
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year	5,173,905	5,173,905	5,173,905	
FUND BALANCE, End of Year	\$ 5,173,905	5,173,905	5,868,018	\$ 694,113

Note to the Required Supplementary Information:

The budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

				Year Ended June 30,	June 30,			
		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015		2014
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.252933%	0.243013%	0.296787%	0.279607%	0.295446%		0.295446%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	8	56,687,771	54,706,134	63,393,265	53,028,816	50,866,006	8	52,992,473
School District's Covered Payroll	8	26,381,964	26,817,279	26,846,181	26,364,427	26,922,564	8	26,684,469
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		214.87%	204.00%	236.14%	201.14%	188.93%		198.59%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		54.10%	53.34%	52.91%	%66.95	59.92%		56.39%

Notes to Schedule:

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30th of the preceding year. The School District implemented GASB #68/71 during the year ended June 30, 2015. Information before 2014 is not available.

The discount rate was lowered from 7.50% to 7.25% beginning with the year ended June 30, 2017 measurement date.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

				Year Ended June 30,	June 30,			
		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015		2014
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	3,591,854	3,555,466	3,077,386	2,970,517	2,857,662	↔	2,844,094
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution: Contributions from the District Contributions from the State		3,304,013 287,841	3,260,053 295,413	3,077,386	2,970,517	2,857,662		2,844,094
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)				1		1		1
School District's Covered Payroll	8	24,806,777	26,381,964	26,817,279	26,846,181	26,364,427	∽	26,922,564
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		14.48%	13.48%	11.48%	11.06%	10.84%		10.56%

Notes to Schedule:

The School District implemented GASB #68/71 during the year ended June 30, 2015. Information before 2014 is not available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - OPEB PLAN SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREE HEALTH INSURANCE TRUST FUND

LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

	Yea	ar Ended June 30,	,	
	2019	2018		2017
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.305923%	0.293107%		0.293107%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 43,351,079	39,700,863	\$	42,408,570
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 26,381,964	26,817,279	\$	26,846,181
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	164.3%	148.0%		158.0%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	7.9%	7.6%		6.6%
Notes to Schedule:				
The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30th of the preceding year (measurement date).				
The School District adopted GASB #75 during the year ended June 30, 2018. Information before 2017 is not available.				
The discount rates used by year were as follows:	3.62%	3.56%		2.92%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - OPEB PLAN SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREE HEALTH INSURANCE TRUST FUND

LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

	Yea	ar Ended June 3	0,	
	2019	2018		2017
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 1,500,810	1,451,008	\$	1,429,361
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	 1,500,810	1,451,008		1,429,361
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 24,806,777	26,381,964	\$	26,817,279
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	6.05%	5.50%		5.33%

Notes to Schedule:

The School District adopted GASB #75 during the year ended June 30, 2018. Information before 2017 is not available.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - FINAL BUDGET AND ACTUAL $\,$

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
REVENUES			
1000 Revenue from Local Sources: 1200 Revenue from Local Governmental Units Other than LEAs: 1210 Ad Valorem Taxes-Including Delinquent Taxes (Dependent) 1280 Revenue in Lieu of Taxes (Independent and Dependent)	\$ 8,525,000 180,000	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	\$ (182,651) 23,757
1300 Tuition: 1310 From Patrons for Regular Day School	173,000	197,225	24,225
1500 Earnings on Investments: 1510 Interest on Investments	110,000	203,969	93,969
1900 Other Revenue from Local Sources: 1910 Rentals 1950 Refund of Prior Year's Expenditures 1990 Miscellaneous Local Revenue:	50,000	27,616 3,196	(22,384) 3,196
1999 Revenue from Other Local Sources	10,000	34,168	24,168
Total Revenue from Local Sources	9,048,000	9,012,280	(35,720)
3000 Revenue from State Sources: 3100 Restricted State Funding: 3130 Special Programs: 3131 Handicapped Transportation 3160 School Bus Driver Salary (Includes Hazardous Condition Transportation) 3162 Transportation Workers' Compensation 3180 Fringe Benefits Employer Contributions (No Carryover Provision) 3181 Retiree Insurance (No Carryover Provision)	596,351 32,301 5,882,402 1,163,232	32,646 5,408,161	641 18,921 345 (474,241) 28,602
3310 Education Finance Act: 3310 Full-Time Programs: 3311 Kindergarten 3312 Primary 3313 Elementary 3314 High School 3315 Trainable Mentally Handicapped 3316 Speech Handicapped (Part-Time) 3317 Homebound	650,000 1,993,312 3,045,861 1,927,749 93,000 807,000 4,058	2 1,675,287 2,825,124 1,778,017 91,055 878,374	(58,748) (318,025) (220,737) (149,732) (1,945) 71,374 1,139
3320 Part-Time Programs: 3321 Emotionally Handicapped 3322 Educable Mentally Handicapped 3323 Learning Disabilities 3324 Hearing Handicapped 3325 Visually Handicapped 3326 Orthopedically Handicapped 3327 Vocational	31,000 114,000 1,178,703 20,000 52,150 31,838 \$ 813,043	58,374 1,157,336 20,926 45,002 31,853	13,013 (55,626) (21,367) 926 (7,148) 15 \$ (446,399)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - FINAL BUDGET AND ACTUAL $\,$

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL		VARIANCE
3330 Other EFA Programs:					
3331 Autism	\$	254,702	303,665	\$	48,963
3332 High Achieving		50,000	62,252		12,252
3334 Limited English Proficiency		40,867	31,308		(9,559)
3351 Academic Assistance		595,398	576,386		(19,012)
3352 Pupils in Poverty		1,750,000	1,573,103		(176,897)
3353 Dual Credit Enrollment		17,715	16,603		(1,112)
3392 NBC Excess EFA Formula		-	21,656		21,656
3800 State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes:		1.006.250	1.066.170		(20.100)
3810 Reimbursement for Local Residential Property Tax Relief (Tier 1)		1,886,350	1,866,170		(20,180)
3820 Homestead Exemption (Tier 2)		750,000	748,244		(1,756)
3825 Reimbursement for Property Tax Relief (Tier 3)		2,825,378	2,984,338		158,960
3827 \$2.5 Million Bonus		153,315	-		(153,315)
3830 Merchant's Inventory Tax		150,000	122,487		(27,513)
3840 Manufacturers Depreciation Reimbursement		62,000	72,109		10,109
3890 Other State Property Tax Revenues (Includes MC Vehicle Tax)		180,000	229,500		49,500
3900 Other State Revenue:		205.412	205 412		
3993 PEBA On-Behalf		295,413	295,413		- (41.055)
3999 Revenue from Other State Sources		55,657	14,580		(41,077)
Total Revenue from State Sources		27,502,795	25,734,822	-	(1,767,973)
4900 Other Federal Sources:			42,000		42.000
4999 Revenue from Other Federal Sources			42,090		42,090
Total Revenue from Federal Sources		- -	42,090		42,090
TOTAL REVENUE ALL SOURCES		36,550,795	34,789,192		(1,761,603)
EXPENDITURES					
100 Instruction:					
110 General Instruction:					
111 Kindergarten Programs:					
100 Salaries		887,227	699,146		188,081
200 Employee Benefits		414,283	349,039		65,244
300 Purchased Services		62,043	60,752		1,291
400 Supplies and Materials		17,452	14,921		2,531
600 Other Objects		450	450		-
112 Primary Programs:					
100 Salaries		2,128,857	1,948,278		180,579
200 Employee Benefits		937,051	757,396		179,655
300 Purchased Services		72,390	102,170		(29,780)
400 Supplies and Materials		30,500	28,241		2,259
600 Other Objects		2,550	76,550		(74,000)
113 Elementary Programs:		2,330	70,550		(77,000)
113 Elementary Programs: 100 Salaries		4,025,955	3,287,072		738,883
200 Employee Benefits		1,725,468	1,479,130		246,338
300 Purchased Services		214,918	286,771		(71,853)
400 Supplies and Materials	Ф	51,810	48,307	Φ.	3,503
600 Other Objects	\$	3,811	141,361	\$	(137,550)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - FINAL BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
114 High School Programs:			
100 Salaries	\$ 3,609,543	3,375,948	\$ 233,595
200 Employee Benefits	1,479,222	1,324,793	154,429
300 Purchased Services	159,719	238,212	(78,493)
400 Supplies and Materials	43,914	34,909	9,005
600 Other Objects	4,565	81,823	(77,258)
115 Career and Technology Education Program:			
100 Salaries	843,750	830,585	13,165
200 Employee Benefits	354,106	373,841	(19,735)
300 Purchased Services - Other Than Tuition	63,516	51,004	12,512
400 Supplies and Materials	32,693	27,778	4,915
600 Other Objects	1,677	1,170	507
117 Driver Education Program:			
100 Salaries	54,283	54,283	-
200 Employee Benefits	22,921	24,744	(1,823)
300 Purchased Services	2,100	987	1,113
400 Supplies and Materials	2,725	1,235	1,490
120 Exceptional Programs:			
121 Educable Mentally-Handicapped:	220 112	197,172	141.040
100 Salaries	339,112		141,940
200 Employee Benefits	139,322	102,620	36,702
300 Purchased Services	66,478	11,848	54,630
400 Supplies and Materials	4,592	1,364	3,228
600 Other Objects 122 Trainable Mentally Handicapped:	-	18,000	(18,000)
100 Salaries	320,991	302,593	18,398
200 Employee Benefits	148,343	141,201	7,142
300 Purchased Services	3,000	22,523	(19,523)
400 Supplies and Materials	858	857	1
600 Other Objects	-	14,000	(14,000)
123 Orthopedically Handicapped:			
100 Salaries	6,589	6,589	-
200 Employee Benefits	2,256	2,909	(653)
300 Purchased Services	-	87	(87)
400 Supplies and Materials	850	-	850
124 Visually Handicapped:			
100 Salaries	4,518	4,751	(233)
200 Employee Benefits	1,716	2,196	(480)
300 Purchased Services	-	62,734	(62,734)
125 Hearing Handicapped:		64 251	(64,351)
300 Purchased Services	1 242	64,351	
400 Supplies and Materials 126 Speech Handicapped:	1,242	-	1,242
100 Salaries	0.751	105,136	(05.295)
	9,751		(95,385)
200 Employee Benefits	2,918	45,727	(42,809)
300 Purchased Services	220,153	245,005	(24,852)
400 Supplies and Materials	2,500	1,125	1,375
127 Learning Disabilities:	(00.953	702.010	(04.057)
100 Salaries	699,853	783,910	(84,057)
200 Employee Benefits	303,632	321,695	(18,063)
300 Purchased Services	20,173	83,875	(63,702)
400 Supplies and Materials	2,881	490	2,391
600 Other Objects	\$ -	47,500	\$ (47,500)

(Continued)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - FINAL BUDGET AND ACTUAL $\,$

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	 FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANC	E
128 Emotionally Handicapped:				
100 Salaries	\$ 9,494	7,307	\$	2,187
200 Employee Benefits	3,200	3,672		(472)
400 Supplies and Materials	500	(300)		800
130 Pre-School Programs: 137 Pre-School Handicapped-Self-Contained (3 & 4-Yr. Olds):				
100 Salaries	72,301	74,375	((2,074)
200 Employee Benefits	56,866	49,573		7,293
300 Purchased Services	2,000	3,246	((1,246)
139 Early Childhood Programs:				
400 Supplies and Materials	750	650		100
140 Special Programs:				
141 Gifted and Talented Academic:				
100 Salaries	93,962	82,023	1	1,939
200 Employee Benefits	33,373	32,367		1,006
300 Purchased Services	825	27		798
400 Supplies and Materials	400	353		47
143 Advanced Placement:				
100 Salaries	19,363	-		9,363
200 Employee Benefits	6,494	-		6,494
400 Supplies and Materials	1,392	1,392		-
145 Homebound:	26,000	22 (2(,	(((2()
100 Salaries	26,000	32,636 9,042		(6,636)
200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services	12,078	7,620	((9,042) 4,458
400 Supplies and Materials	200	7,020		200
147 CERDEP:	200	-		200
100 Salaries	233,880	303,919	(7	(0,039)
200 Employee Benefits	126,078	144,836		8,758)
300 Purchased Services	17,800	25,307		(7,507)
400 Supplies and Materials	18,950	13,326	`	5,624
148 Gifted and Talented - Artistic:		, in the second second		ŕ
100 Salaries	8,169	8,169		-
200 Employee Benefits	4,021	4,268		(247)
149 Other Special Programs:				
100 Salaries	-	55,113	`	55,113)
200 Employee Benefits	-	15,306		5,306)
300 Purchased Services	2,550	8,937	((6,387)
160 Other Exceptional Programs: 161 Autism:				
100 Salaries	169,559	152,739	1	6,820
200 Employee Benefits	80,449	67,798	1	2,651
300 Purchased Services	7,450	3,121		4,329
400 Supplies and Materials	1,150	(550)		1,700
170 Summer School Programs:175 Instructional Programs Beyond Regular School Day:				
100 Salaries	5,000	-		5,000
200 Employee Benefits	3,000	-		3,000
180 Adult/Continuing Educational Programs:				
181 Adult Basic Education Programs:				
300 Purchased Services	400	-		400
400 Supplies and Materials	\$ 1,600	1,578	\$	22

(Continued)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - FINAL BUDGET AND ACTUAL $\,$

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
182 Adult Secondary Education Programs:			
100 Salaries	\$ -	5,599	\$ (5,599)
300 Purchased Services	600	-	600
400 Supplies and Materials	403	100	303
188 Parenting/Family Literacy:			
100 Salaries	-	1,865	(1,865)
400 Supplies and Materials	3,000	-	3,000
190 Instructional Pupil Activity:			
100 Salaries	32,000	20,950	11,050
200 Employee Benefits	7,954	6,041	1,913
Total Instruction	20,614,438	19,433,559	1,180,879
200 Support Services:			
210 Pupil Services:			
211 Attendance and Social Work Services:			
100 Salaries	182,603	194,484	(11,881)
200 Employee Benefits	83,633	88,585	(4,952)
300 Purchased Services	10,800	6,200	4,600
212 Guidance Services:	10,000	0,200	.,000
100 Salaries	605,829	617,521	(11,692)
200 Employee Benefits	235,297	248,221	(12,924)
300 Purchased Services	7,900	46,574	(38,674)
400 Supplies and Materials	5,176	4,814	362
600 Other Objects	400	-	400
213 Health Services:			
100 Salaries	231,767	250,251	(18,484)
200 Employee Benefits	111,123	110,214	909
300 Purchased Services	5,805	(6,547)	12,352
400 Supplies and Materials	9,980	7,435	2,545
214 Psychological Services:			
100 Salaries	46,471	47,651	(1,180)
200 Employee Benefits	23,263	26,855	(3,592)
216 Vocational Placement Services:			
100 Salaries	-	50,723	(50,723)
200 Employee Benefits	-	22,959	(22,959)
300 Purchased Services	2,000	853	1,147
400 Supplies and Materials	600	599	1
217 Career Specialist Services:			
100 Salaries	-	(1,071)	1,071
200 Employee Benefits	-	(594)	594
220 Instructional Staff Services:			
221 Improvement of Instruction Curriculum Development:			
100 Salaries	405,874	244,634	161,240
200 Employee Benefits	160,656	101,613	59,043
300 Purchased Services	51,500	57,106	(5,606)
400 Supplies and Materials	11,997	759	11,238
600 Other Objects	1,100	351	749
222 Library and Media Services:			
100 Salaries	542,669	512,379	30,290
200 Employee Benefits	250,323	219,088	31,235
300 Purchased Services	31,576	14,611	16,965
400 Supplies and Materials	\$ 27,611	21,186	\$ 6,425

(Continued)

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - FINAL BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	FINAL				
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	1	VARIANCE	
223 Supervision of Special Programs:		,			
100 Salaries	\$ 110,743	113,675	\$	(2,932)	
200 Employee Benefits	54,593	45,790		8,803	
300 Purchased Services	30,099	18,125		11,974	
400 Supplies and Materials	3,450	2,690		760	
600 Other Objects	1,555	878		677	
224 Improvement of Instruction Inservice and Staff Training:	ŕ				
300 Purchased Services	26,230	10,553		15,677	
400 Supplies and Materials	5,648	207		5,441	
600 Other Objects	3,115	1,871		1,244	
230 General Administrative Services:					
231 Board of Education:					
100 Salaries	77,778	90,732		(12,954)	
200 Employee Benefits	24,276	27,885		(3,609)	
300 Purchased Services	165,362	98,872		66,490	
318 Audit Services	52,500	66,500		(14,000)	
400 Supplies and Materials	19,550	16,094		3,456	
600 Other Objects	16,650	13,791		2,859	
232 Office of Superintendent:	,	,		,	
100 Salaries	285,797	188,942		96,855	
200 Employee Benefits	101,855	78,663		23,192	
300 Purchased Services	26,578	15,057		11,521	
400 Supplies and Materials	26,665	20,645		6,020	
600 Other Objects	32,137	11,780		20,357	
233 School Administration:	ŕ			·	
100 Salaries	2,095,451	2,113,830		(18,379)	
200 Employee Benefits	849,081	878,596		(29,515)	
300 Purchased Services	28,826	13,118		15,708	
400 Supplies and Materials	43,563	29,404		14,159	
600 Other Objects	21,675	14,574		7,101	
250 Finance and Operations Services:					
252 Fiscal Services:					
100 Salaries	271,742	242,185		29,557	
200 Employee Benefits	21,884	105,396		(83,512)	
300 Purchased Services	219,948	182,956		36,992	
400 Supplies and Materials	14,200	7,613		6,587	
600 Other Objects	4,613	1,677		2,936	
253 Facilities Acquisition and Construction:					
300 Purchased Services	17,027	7,850		9,177	
254 Operation and Maintenance of Plant:					
100 Salaries	1,103,318	1,126,651		(23,333)	
200 Employee Benefits	600,266	555,369		44,897	
300 Purchased Services (Excludes Energy Costs)	1,424,237	1,274,711		149,526	
321 Public Utilities (Excludes Gas, Oil, Elec. & Other Heating Fuels)	109,488	95,346		14,142	
400 Supplies and Materials (Include Energy Costs)	549,889	420,226		129,663	
470 Energy (Includes Gas, Oil, Elec. & Other Heating Fuels)	1,452,255	1,329,793		122,462	
600 Other Objects	\$ 800	249	\$	551	

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - FINAL BUDGET AND ACTUAL $\,$

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
255 Student Transportation (State Mandated):			
100 Salaries	\$ 1,215,858	1,042,397	\$ 173,461
200 Employee Benefits	543,768	500,975	42,793
300 Purchased Services	38,025	81,122	(43,097)
400 Supplies and Materials	6,800	3,204	3,596
600 Other Objects	4,320	3,845	475
256 Food Service:			
200 Employee Benefits	562,349	383,543	178,806
257 Internal Services:			
300 Purchased Services	20,510	11,769	8,741
400 Supplies and Materials	3,220	1,948	1,272
258 Security:			
300 Purchased Services	344,237	312,058	32,179
400 Supplies and Materials	10,490	8,042	2,448
260 Central Support Services:			
263 Information Services:			
100 Salaries	75,213	75,213	-
200 Employee Benefits	23,638	26,455	(2,817)
300 Purchased Services	12,000	7,086	4,914
400 Supplies and Materials	1,950	1,597	353
600 Other Objects	1,250	1,090	160
264 Staff Services:			
100 Salaries	255,272	248,372	6,900
200 Employee Benefits	82,163	97,103	(14,940)
300 Purchased Services	56,838	9,785	47,053
400 Supplies and Materials	7,500	7,019	481
600 Other Objects	4,000	527	3,473
266 Technology and Data Processing Services:			
100 Salaries	260,194	244,253	15,941
200 Employee Benefits	103,858	100,445	3,413
300 Purchased Services	229,409	228,840	569
400 Supplies and Materials	166,328	165,049	1,279
500 Capital Outlay	18,000	15,007	2,993
600 Other Objects	400	176	224
270 Support Services Pupil Activity:			
271 Pupil Services Activities:			
100 Salaries (Optional)	290,831	267,879	22,952
200 Employee Benefits (Optional)	71,738	72,679	(941)
300 Purchased Services (Optional)	122,270	86,223	36,047
600 Other Objects (Optional)	7,518	4,923	2,595
660 Pupil Activity	104,433	93,385	11,048
Total Support Services	17,583,177	16,211,757	1,371,420
300 Community Services:			
390 Other Community Services:			
100 Salaries	_	10,725	(10,725)
200 Employee Benefits	-	3,082	(3,082)
Total Community Services	\$ -	13,807	\$ (13,807)
·		- /	

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - FINAL BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
400 Other Charges:			
410 Intergovernmental Expenditures:			
411 Payments to the SDE			
720 Transits	\$ 10,000	-	\$ 10,000
412 Payments to Other Governmental Units	2,000	0.570	(7.570)
720 Transits	2,000	9,579	(7,579)
Total Intergovernmental Expenditures	12,000	9,579	2,421
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	38,209,615	35,668,702	2,540,913
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Interfund Transfers, From (To) Other Funds:			
5230 Transfer from Special Revenue EIA Fund	1,333,820	1,203,782	(130,038)
5280 Transfer from Other Funds Indirect Costs	325,000	592,555	267,555
421-710 Transfer to Special Revenue Fund	-	(222,714)	(222,714)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	1,658,820	1,573,623	(85,197)
EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	-	694,113	694,113
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year	5,173,905	5,173,905	-
FUND BALANCES, End of Year	\$ 5,173,905	5,868,018	\$ 694,113

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	(BA I	itle I Projects) 1 / 202)	IDEA (CA Projects) (203 / 204)	
REVENUES				
1000 Revenue from Local Sources:				
1900 Other Revenue from Local Sources:				
1920 Contributions and Donations Private Sources	\$	-	-	
1930 Special Needs Transportation - Medicaid		-	-	
1999 Revenue from Other Local Sources		-	-	
Total Revenue from Local Sources		-	-	
2000 Intergovernmental Revenue:				
2100 Payments from Other Governmental Units		-	=	
Total Intergovernmental Revenue			-	
3000 Revenue from State Sources:				
3100 Restricted State Funding:				
3110 Occupational Education:				
3118 EEDA Career Specialists		-	-	
3120 General Education:				
3127 Student Health and Fitness - PE Teachers		-	-	
3130 Special Programs:				
3135 Reading Coaches		-	-	
3136 Student Health and Fitness - Nurses		-	-	
3156 Adult Education		-	-	
3190 Miscellaneous Restricted State Grants:				
3193 Education License Plates		-	-	
3199 Other Restricted State Grants		-	-	
3900 Other State Revenue:				
3994 PEBA Nonemployer Contributions		-	=	
3999 Revenue from Other State Sources		-	-	
Total Revenue from State Sources	\$	-		

Preschool Handicapped (CG Projects) (205 / 206)	CATE (VA Projects) (207)	Adult Education (EA Projects) (243)	Other Designated Restricted State Grants (900s)	Other Special Revenue Programs (200s/800s/900s)	Totals
-	-	-	-	63,962 492,506	\$ 63,962 492,506
-	- -	- -	- -	24,935	24,935
			-	581,403	581,403
-	-	-	-	172,415	172,415
-	-	-	-	172,415	172,415
-	-	-	282,918	-	282,918
-	-	-	33,413	-	33,413
-	-	-	281,846	-	281,846
-	-	-	145,483	-	145,483
-	-	-	7,129	-	7,129
-	-	-	1,045	-	1,045
-	-	-	-	8,085	8,085
-	-	-	315,647	-	315,647
-	-	-	-	129,331	129,331
	-		1,067,481	137,416	\$ 1,204,897

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	(BA	Title I Projects) 01 / 202)	IDEA (CA Projects) (203 / 204)
4000 Revenue from Federal Sources:4200 Occupational Education:4210 Perkins Aid, Title I - Career & Technology Education - Basic Grants to States	\$	-	-
 4300 Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (ESEA): 4310 Title I, Basic State Grant Programs (Carryover Provision) 4312 Rural and Low-Income School Program, Title V 4341 Language Instruction for Limited English Proficient 		3,130,021	- -
and Immigrant Students, Title III 4351 Supporting Effective Instruction 4400 Adult Education: 4410 Basic Adult Education 4490 Other Adult Education		-	- - -
4500 Programs for Children with Disabilities:4510 Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA)4520 Preschool Grants for Children With Disabilities (IDEA)			1,443,439
4900 Other Federal Sources: 4997 Title IV - SSAE 4999 Revenue from Other Federal Sources		- -	-
Total Revenue from Federal Sources		3,130,021	1,443,439
TOTAL REVENUE ALL SOURCES		3,130,021	1,443,439
EXPENDITURES			
100 Instruction: 110 General Instruction: 111 Kindergarten Program:			
100 Salaries		68,234	-
200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services 112 Primary Programs:		37,152 987	-
100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits		297,991 115,348	-
300 Purchased Services 400 Supplies and Materials 113 Elementary Programs:		45,641 41,283	-
100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits		327,612 140,369	- -
300 Purchased Services 400 Supplies and Materials	\$	65,496 16,708	-

Preschool Handicapped (CG Projects) (205 / 206)	CATE (VA Projects) (207)	Adult Education (EA Projects) (243)	Other Designated Restricted State Grants (900s)	Other Special Revenue Programs (200s/800s/900s)		Totals
-	116,991	-	-	-	\$	116,991
_	_	_	_	77,043		3,207,064
-	-	-	-	170,345		170,345
-	-	-	-	8,396		8,396
-	-	-	-	290,446		290,446
-	-	63,234	-	-		63,234
-	-	-	-	131,435		131,435
_	_	_	_	5,517		1,448,956
38,874	-	-	-	-		38,874
				215 (70		215 (70
-	-	-	-	215,679 1,239,990		215,679 1,239,990
38,874	116,991	63,234	-	2,138,851		6,931,410
38,874	116,991	63,234	1,067,481	3,030,085		8,890,125
-	-	-	-	88,927		157,161
-	-	-	-	37,598		74,750 987
-	-	- -	19,197 7,427	161,341 83,779		478,529 206,554
-	-	-	-	40,097		85,738
-	-	-	3,751	7,948		52,982
-	-	-	181,651	196,494		705,757
-	-	-	67,127	99,890		307,386
-	-	-	4,083	37,604 183,266	\$	103,100 204,057
-	-	-	4,003	103,200	Ф	204,037

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	Title I (BA Projects) (201 / 202)		IDEA (CA Projects) (203 / 204)	
114 High School Programs:				
100 Salaries	\$	166,747	_	
200 Employee Benefits	Ψ	77,856	_	
300 Purchased Services		73,248	-	
400 Supplies and Materials		6,170	-	
600 Other Objects		399	=	
115 Career and Technology Education Program:				
300 Purchased Services (Other Than Tuition)		-	-	
400 Supplies and Materials		-	-	
500 Capital Outlay		-	-	
600 Other Objects		-	-	
120 Exceptional Programs:				
120 Exceptional Frograms. 121 Educable Mentally Handicapped:				
100 Salaries			85,832	
200 Employee Benefits		-	1,911	
300 Purchased Services		_	1,166	
400 Supplies and Materials		_	1,931	
122 Trainable Mentally Handicapped:		_	1,751	
100 Salaries		_	96,152	
200 Employee Benefits		_	44,914	
300 Purchased Services		_	5,310	
400 Supplies and Materials		_	387	
123 Orthopedically Handicapped:			367	
100 Salaries		_	14,080	
200 Employee Benefits		_	8,343	
300 Purchased Services		_	19,600	
124 Visually Handicapped:			15,000	
300 Purchased Services		_	79,182	
400 Supplies and Materials		-	2,065	
125 Hearing Handicapped:			_,,,,,	
300 Purchased Services		-	27,007	
126 Speech Handicapped:				
100 Salaries		-	-	
200 Employee Benefits		-	-	
300 Purchased Services		-	37,491	
400 Supplies and Materials		-	1,674	
127 Learning Disabilities:			484 242	
100 Salaries		-	174,646	
200 Employee Benefits		-	14,108	
300 Purchased Services		-	7,502	
400 Supplies and Materials	\$	-	7,826	

Preschool Handicapped (CG Projects) (205 / 206)	CATE (VA Projects) (207)	Adult Education (EA Projects) (243)	Other Designated Restricted State Grants (900s)	Other Special Revenue Programs (200s/800s/900s)		Totals
_	_	_	_	233,015	\$	399,762
- -	- -	- -	- -	43,833	Ψ	121,689
_	_	-	_	23,420		96,668
=	-	-	=	14,677		20,847
-	-	-	-	· -		399
-	69,142	-	-	4,875		74,017
-	33,219	-	-	-		33,219
-	13,594	-	-	-		13,594
-	-	-	-	131,490		131,490
-	-	-	-	-		85,832
-	-	-	-	-		1,911
-	-	-	-	-		1,166
-	-	-	-	-		1,931
-	-	-	-	-		96,152
-	-	-	-	-		44,914
-	-	=	=	-		5,310
-	-	-	-	4,740		5,127
	_					14,080
- -	-	-	- -	- -		8,343
		_		- -		19,600
						17,000
_	_	_	_	-		79,182
-	-	-	-	-		2,065
-	-	-	-	-		27,007
=	-	=	=	1,965		1,965
-	-	-	-	305		305
-	-	-	-	208,024		245,515
-	-	-	-	(244)		1,430
-	-	-	-	-		174,646
-	-	-	-	-		14,108
-	-	-	-	-		7,502
-	-	-	-	-	\$	7,826

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	Title I (BA Proje (201 / 20	ects)	IDEA (CA Projects) (203 / 204)
128 Emotionally Handicapped: 100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits	\$	- -	2,012 994
130 Pre-School Programs: 137 Pre-School Handicapped Self-Contained (3 & 4-Yr. Olds): 100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services 400 Supplies and Materials		- - -	53,708 27,216 135 1,928
140 Special Programs: 149 Other Special Programs: 100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services		- - -	14,613 3,756 6,735
160 Other Exceptional Programs: 161 Autism: 100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services		- - -	103,926 41,093 14,335
170 Summer School Programs: 172 Elementary Summer School: 100 Salaries 300 Purchased Services 173 High School Summer School: 100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits		- - -	- - -
180 Adult/Continuing Educational Programs: 181 Adult Basic Education Programs: 100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits 182 Adult Secondary Education Programs: 100 Salaries		- -	- - -
200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services 188 Parenting/Family Literacy: 100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services		66,457 34,590 421	- - - -
400 Supplies and Materials Total Instruction	\$ 1,5	4,326 87,035	901,578

Totals	Other Special Revenue Programs 00s/800s/900s)	Other Designated Restricted State Grants (900s)	Adult Education (EA Projects) (243)	CATE (VA Projects) (207)	Preschool Handicapped (CG Projects) (205 / 206)
2,012 994	- \$ -	- -	- -	-	- -
89,582					35,874
30,216	- -	- -	- -	-	3,000
135	-	-	-	-	-
1,928	-	-	-	=	-
14,613	_	-	-	-	-
3,756	-	-	-	-	-
6,735	-	-	-	-	-
106,761	2,835	_	-	-	-
41,506	413	-	-	-	-
14,335	-	-	-	-	-
5,991	5,991	-	-	-	-
458	458	-	-	-	-
25,496 5,265	25,496 5,265	- -	<u>-</u> -	<u>-</u>	- -
3,203	2,202				
16,672	-	-	16,672	-	-
4,896	-	-	4,896	-	-
28,515	-	-	28,515	-	-
9,939	-	-	9,939	-	-
589	180	409	-	-	-
66,457	-	-	-	-	-
34,590	-	-	-	-	-
421 4,326	-	-	-	-	-
4,630,791	1,643,682 \$	283,645	60,022	115,955	38,874

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	(BA	Title I Projects) 01 / 202)	IDEA (CA Projects) (203 / 204)	
200 Support Services:				
210 Pupil Services:				
212 Guidance Services:				
100 Salaries	\$	19,690	-	
200 Employee Benefits		7,917	-	
213 Health Services:				
100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits		-	-	
300 Purchased Services		-	- -	
214 Psychological Services:		_	_	
100 Salaries		_	147,882	
200 Employee Benefits		-	65,358	
300 Purchased Services		-	16,735	
400 Supplies and Materials		-	4,813	
215 Exceptional Program Services:				
300 Purchased Services		-	55,086	
216 Vocational Placement Services:				
300 Purchased Services		-	966	
217 Career Specialists Services:				
100 Salaries		-	-	
200 Employee Benefits		-	-	
220 Instructional Staff Services:				
221 Improvement of Instruction Curriculum Development:				
100 Salaries		646,639	-	
200 Employee Benefits		272,514	-	
300 Purchased Services		8,606	718	
400 Supplies and Materials		73,131	-	
222 Library and Media: 100 Salaries		23,768		
200 Employee Benefits		10,458	_	
400 Supplies and Materials		-	_	
223 Supervision of Special Programs:				
100 Salaries		99,822	165,981	
200 Employee Benefits		42,531	69,742	
300 Purchased Services		3,488	10,782	
400 Supplies and Materials		1,303	2,608	
600 Other Objects		-	=	
224 Improvement of Instruction Inservice and Staff Training:				
100 Salaries		-	-	
200 Employee Benefits		_	=	
300 Purchased Services		86,470	-	
400 Supplies and Materials	•	3,059	-	
600 Other Objects	\$	7,855	-	

	Preschool Handicapped (CG Projects) (205 / 206)	CATE (VA Projects) (207)	Adult Education (EA Projects) (243)	Other Designated Restricted State Grants (900s)	Other Special Revenue Programs (200s/800s/900s)	Totals
						\$ 19,690
99,094 21,884 120,978 46,389 9,610 55,999 4 46,389 9,610 55,999 4 7	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	
46,389 9,610 55,999 147,882 147,882 147,882 52,318 69,053 52,318 69,053 115,034 170,120 195,309 - 195,309 195,309 - 195,309 87,609 87,609 87,609 7,448 97,333 377,295 1,500 2,907 13,921 27,652 7,448 97,333 377,295 7,448 97,333 377,295 1,500 2,907 13,921 27,652 1,500 2,907 13,921 27,652 9,006 82,137 9,006 82,137 3,398 3,998 1,242 - 30,270 297,315 1,242 - 30,270 297,315 1,242 - 30,270 297,315 1,242 - 30,270 297,315 1,242 - 30,270 297,315 1,424 - 30,270 297,315 1,424 - 30,270 297,315 1,500 1,5						.,,
46,389 9,610 55,999 147,882 147,882 147,882 52,318 69,053 52,318 69,053 115,034 170,120 195,309 - 195,309 195,309 - 195,309 87,609 87,609 87,609 7,448 97,333 377,295 1,500 2,907 13,921 27,652 7,448 97,333 377,295 7,448 97,333 377,295 1,500 2,907 13,921 27,652 1,500 2,907 13,921 27,652 9,006 82,137 9,006 82,137 3,398 3,998 1,242 - 30,270 297,315 1,242 - 30,270 297,315 1,242 - 30,270 297,315 1,242 - 30,270 297,315 1,242 - 30,270 297,315 1,424 - 30,270 297,315 1,424 - 30,270 297,315 1,500 1,5	-	-	-	99,094	21,884	120,978
9,350 9,350 147,882 147,882 65,358 52,318 69,053 115,034 170,120 195,309 195,309 195,309 195,309 87,609 87,609 87,609 7,448 97,333 377,295 7,448 97,333 377,295 7,448 97,333 377,295 9,006 82,137 9,006 82,137 9,006 82,137 10,458 10,458 10,458 10,458 10,458 13,318 125,906 1,130 16,368 31,768 1,130 16,368 31,768 1,130 16,368 31,768 1,130 16,368 31,768 1,130 16,368 31,768 1,130 16,368 31,768 1,130 16,368 31,768 1,130 16,368 31,768 1,130 16,368 31,768 1,130 16,368 31,768 1,627 1,627 1,627 1,627	-	-	-			
	-	-	-			
	=	=	=	=	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	
195,309 - 195,309 195,309 - 195,309 25,620 254,301 926,560 7,448 97,333 377,295 1,500 2,907 13,921 27,652 1,500 2,907 13,921 27,652 1,500 2,907 13,921 27,652 1,500 2,907 13,921 27,652 1,500 2,907 13,921 27,652 1,500 2,907 3,998 3,998 1,130 3,998 3,998 1,130 16,368 31,768 1,130 16,368 31,768 1,130 16,368 31,768 1,155 - 1,130 16,368 31,768 1,155 - 1,130 16,368 31,768 1,155 - 1,130 16,368 31,768 1,155 - 1,130 16,368 31,768 1,155 - 1,130 16,368 31,768 1,155 - 1,130 16,368 31,768 1,155 - 1,130 16,368 31,768 1,155 - 1,130 16,368 31,768	=	=	-	=		
195,309 - 195,309 - 195,309 25,620 254,301 926,560 7,448 97,333 377,295 1,500 2,907 13,921 27,652 1,500 2,907 13,921 27,652 1,500 2,907 13,921 27,652 1,500 2,907 13,921 27,652 1,500 2,907 13,921 27,652 1,500 2,907 13,921 27,652 1,130 2,908 3,998 1,242 - 30,270 297,315 1,242 - 30,270 297,315 1,242 - 30,270 297,315 1,318 125,906 1,130 16,368 31,768 1,130 16,368 31,768 1,130 16,368 31,768 1,155 - 511 4,577 1,627 1,627 1,627 1,627 5,804 5,804 1,813 822,981 909,634 1,818 822,981 909,634 1,818 822,981 909,634	-	-	-	-	28	4,841
195,309 - 195,309 - 195,309 25,620 254,301 926,560 7,448 97,333 377,295 1,500 2,907 13,921 27,652 1,500 2,907 13,921 27,652 1,500 2,907 13,921 27,652 1,500 2,907 13,921 27,652 1,500 2,907 13,921 27,652 1,500 2,907 13,921 27,652 1,130 2,908 3,998 1,242 - 30,270 297,315 1,242 - 30,270 297,315 1,242 - 30,270 297,315 1,318 125,906 1,130 16,368 31,768 1,130 16,368 31,768 1,130 16,368 31,768 1,155 - 511 4,577 1,627 1,627 1,627 1,627 5,804 5,804 1,813 822,981 909,634 1,818 822,981 909,634 1,818 822,981 909,634	_	_	_	_	115 034	170 120
195,309 - 195,309 87,609 25,620 25,620 7,448 - 7,333 - 7,295 1,500 7,448 1,500 9,006 2,3768 2,3768 1,422 - 3,998 1,242 - 30,270 - 315 1,130 - 13,318 - 13,318 - 125,906 1,130 - 16,368 - 1,577 1,130 - 16,368 1,577 1,627 1,627 5,804	_	_	_	_	113,034	170,120
87,609 - 87,609 25,620 254,301 926,560 7,448 97,333 377,295 - 1,500 2,907 13,921 27,652 1,500 2,907 13,921 27,652 9,006 82,137 23,768 10,458 3,998 3,998 1,242 - 30,270 297,315 1,242 - 30,270 297,315 1,130 16,368 31,768 1,130 16,368 31,768 1,130 16,368 31,768 1,130 16,368 31,768 1,130 16,368 31,768 1,627 1,627 5,804 5,804 5,804 5,804 5,804 5,804 5,804 5,804 5,804 5,804 5,804 5,804	-	-	-	=	-	966
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7,448 97,333 377,295 1,500 2,907 13,921 27,652 1,500 2,907 13,921 27,652 9,006 82,137 9,006 82,137 23,768 3,998 3,998 1,242 - 30,270 297,315 315 - 13,318 125,906 1,130 16,368 31,768 1,130 16,368 31,768 1,555 - 511 4,577 1,627 1,627 5,804 5,804 5,804 5,804 183 822,981 909,634 5,429 8,488						
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5,429 8,488	-	-	-	100		
	=	-	-	183		
\$ 7,855	-	-	-	-		
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SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	(BA	Title I Projects) 01 / 202)	IDEA (CA Projects) (203 / 204)
 230 General Administration Services: 231 Board of Education: 400 Supplies and Materials 233 School Administration: 400 Supplies and Materials 	\$	-	-
 250 Finance and Operations Services: 254 Operation and Maintenance of Plant: 300 Purchased Services 400 Supplies and Materials 258 Security: 400 Supplies and Materials 		- -	- -
260 Central Support Services: 263 Information Services: 300 Purchased Services 264 Staff Services:		-	-
100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services 400 Supplies and Materials 266 Technology and Data Processing Services:		- - -	- - -
300 Purchased Services 270 Support Services - Pupil Activity: 271 Pupil Services Activities: 100 Salaries (Optional)		- 249	- 545
200 Employee Benefits (Optional) 300 Purchased Services (Optional) 400 Supplies and Materials (Optional) 600 Other Objects (Optional)		76 - -	156 - - 489
Total Support Services		1,307,576	541,861
300 Community Services: 360 Welfare Services: 400 Supplies and Materials		3,288	_
Total Community Services	\$	3,288	

Totals	Other Special Revenue Programs (200s/800s/900s)	Other Designated Restricted State Grants (900s)	Adult Education (EA Projects) (243)	CATE (VA Projects) (207)	Preschool Handicapped (CG Projects) (205 / 206)
99	\$ 993	-	-	-	_
1,30	1,304	-	-	-	-
2,50	-	2,500	-	-	-
1,04	1,045	-	-	-	-
21,39	21,390	-	-	-	-
16,11	16,114	-	-	<u>-</u>	-
78,37	78,375	-	-	-	-
21,77 22,84	21,776 22,843	-	-	-	-
22,84 94	22,843 940	-	-	-	-
74	940	-	-	-	-
6,49	6,495	-	-	-	-
6,45	5,300	-	-	364	-
1,84	1,505	-	-	105	-
56	-	-	-	567	-
24,10	24,102	-	-	-	-
11,74	11,254	-	-	-	-
4,038,71	1,716,837	468,189	3,212	1,036	-
3,28	-	-	-	-	-
3,28	\$ 		-		

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	(BA	Title I Projects) 01 / 202)	IDEA (CA Projects) (203 / 204)	
410 Intergovernmental Expenditures: 411 Payments to SDE 720 Transits 419 Payments from PEBA Nonemployer Contributions 720 Transits	\$	-	-	
Total Intergovernmental Expenditures			-	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		2,897,899	1,443,439	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Interfund Transfers, From (To) Other Funds:				
5210 Transfer from General Fund (Exclude Indirect Costs)		-	-	
431-791 Special Revenue Fund Indirect Costs (Use Only for Transfer of Indirect Costs to General Fund)		(232,122)	-	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(232,122)	-	
EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		-	-	
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year				
FUND BALANCES, End of Year	\$	<u> </u>	-	

Preschool Handicapped (CG Projects) (205 / 206)	CATE (VA Projects) (207)	Adult Education (EA Projects) (243)	Other Designated Restricted State Grants (900s)	Other Special Revenue Programs (200s/800s/900s)	Totals
-	-	-	-	102,202	\$ 102,202
-	-	-	315,647	-	315,647
			315,647	102,202	417,849
38,874	116,991	63,234	1,067,481	3,462,721	 9,090,639
-	-	-	-	222,714	222,714
-	-	-	-	-	(232,122)
	-	-		222,714	(9,408)
-	-	-	-	(209,922)	(209,922)
	<u>-</u>			533,838	533,838
				323,916	\$ 323,916

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SUPPLEMENTAL LISTING OF LEA SUBFUND CODES AND TITLES - STATE RESTRICTED GRANTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

OTHER DESIGNATED RESTRICTED STATE GRANTS

919	Education License Plates
928	EEDA Career Specialists
935	Reading Coaches
936	Student Health and Fitness - Nurses
937	Student Health and Fitness - PE Teachers
939	Capital Improvement Plan
956	Adult Education
994	PEBA Nonemployer Contributions

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

$SUMMARY\ SCHEDULE\ FOR\ OTHER\ DESIGNATED\ RESTRICTED\ STATE\ GRANTS$

					SPECIAL REVENUE			
SUBFUND	REVENUE CODE	PROGRAMS	REVENUES	S EXPENDITURES	INTERFUND TRANSFERS IN (OUT)	OTHER FUND TRANSFERS IN (OUT)	UN	EARNED
919	3193	Education License Plates	\$ 1,045	1,045	-	-	\$	-
928	3118	EEDA Career Specialists	282,918	282,918	-	-		-
935	3135	Reading Coaches	281,846	281,846	-	-		-
936	3136	Student Health and Fitness - Nurses	145,483	145,483	-	-		-
937	3127	Student Health and Fitness - PE Teachers	33,413	33,413	-	-		-
939	3393	Capital Improvement Plan - Additional	-	-	-	-		163,101
956	3156	Adult Education	7,129	7,129	-	-		995
994	3994	PEBA Nonemployer Contributions	315,647	315,647	-	-		-
		Totals	\$ 1,067,481	1,067,481			\$	164,096

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - ALL PROGRAMS

	1	ACTUAL
REVENUES		
3000 Revenue from State Sources:		
3500 Education Improvement Act:		
3502 ADEPT	\$	4,432
3507 Aid to District Technology		122,728
3511 Professional Development		6,440
3518 Adoption List of Formative Assessment		26,683
3519 Grade 10 Assessments		24,117
3526 Refurbishment of Science Kits		22,736
3528 Industry Certifications/Credentials		14,935
3529 Career and Technology Education		65,391
3532 National Board Salary Supplement (No Carryover Provision)		9,620
3533 Teacher of the Year Awards (No Carryover Provision)		1,077
3538 Students at Risk of School Failure		672,519
3541 Child Early Reading Development & Education Program (CERDEP) - Full Day 4K		587,937
3550 Teacher Salary Increase (No Carryover Provision)		998,873
3555 Teacher Salary Fringe (No Carryover Provision)		204,909
3556 Adult Education		170,084
3557 Summer Reading Program		124,089
3558 Reading (Carryover)		3,750
3577 Teacher Supplies (No Carryover Provision)		89,375
3589 Maintenance of State Financial Support (MES) Tier II		474,362
3593 Capital Improvement Plan		83,783
3595 EEDA - Supplies and Materials		10,749
3597 Aid to Districts		115,709
Total Revenue from State Sources		3,834,298
TOTAL REVENUE ALL SOURCES	\$	3,834,298

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - ALL PROGRAMS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	A	CTUAL
EXPENDITURES		
100 Instruction:		
110 General Instruction:		
111 Kindergarten Programs:		
400 Supplies and Materials	\$	3,025
112 Primary Programs:		
100 Salaries		129,675
200 Employee Benefits		51,347
400 Supplies and Materials		19,358
113 Elementary Programs:		
100 Salaries		221,594
200 Employee Benefits		75,518
300 Purchased Services		2,203
400 Supplies and Materials		42,773
114 High School Programs:		
100 Salaries		179,099
200 Employee Benefits		65,887
300 Purchased Services		4,438
400 Supplies and Materials		70,746
115 Career and Technology Education Program:		
300 Purchased Services - Other Than Tuition		3,508
400 Supplies and Materials		22,499
600 Other Objects		1,960
117 Driver Education Program:		
400 Supplies and Materials		275
120 Exceptional Programs:		
121 Educable Mentally Handicapped:		
300 Purchased Services		269
400 Supplies and Materials		7,119
122 Trainable Mentally Handicapped:		
100 Salaries		29,674
200 Employee Benefits		12,735
300 Purchased Services		1,671
400 Supplies and Materials		9,471
126 Speech Handicapped:		
100 Salaries		6,810
200 Employee Benefits		2,582
400 Supplies and Materials		1,830
127 Learning Disabilities:		
100 Salaries		15,300
200 Employee Benefits		4,402
300 Purchased Services		20,832
400 Supplies and Materials	\$	156,388

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - ALL PROGRAMS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	ACTUAL
 130 Pre-School Programs: 137 Preschool Handicapped Self Contained (3 & 4 Yr. Olds): 100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services 400 Supplies and Materials 	\$ 1,850 532 179 1,375
140 Special Programs:	
141 Gifted and Talented - Academic: 400 Supplies and Materials 147 CERDEP: 100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits 400 Supplies and Materials	275 390,835 197,001 3,126
160 Other Exceptional Programs: 161 Autism: 300 Purchased Services 400 Supplies and Materials	141 91
170 Summer School Programs: 171 Primary Summer School: 100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services 400 Supplies and Materials 172 Elementary Summer School: 100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits 400 Supplies and Materials	27,749 7,757 3,200 52,332 29,360 2,324 1,368
180 Adult/Continuing Educational Programs: 181 Adult Basic Education Programs: 100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services 400 Supplies and Materials 182 Adult Secondary Education Programs: 100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services 184 Post Secondary Education Programs: 100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits	16,926 4,880 204 931 1,435 414 913
Total Instruction	\$ 1,953,068

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - ALL PROGRAMS

	ACTUAL
200 Support Services:	
210 Pupil Services:	
212 Guidance Services:	
100 Salaries	\$ 17,089
200 Employee Benefits	7,739
300 Purchased Services	10,187
400 Supplies and Materials	4,400
600 Other Objects	328
214 Psychological Services:	
100 Salaries	1,500
200 Employee Benefits	433
220 Instructional Staff Services:	
221 Improvement of Instruction-Curriculum Development:	
300 Purchased Services	14,726
222 Library and Media:	
400 Supplies and Materials	2,475
223 Supervision of Special Programs:	
100 Salaries	67,713
200 Employee Benefits	30,040
300 Purchased Services	245
400 Supplies and Materials	1,500
224 Improvement of Instruction - In-service and Staff Training:	
100 Salaries	2,450
200 Employee Benefits	709
300 Purchased Services	298,034
400 Supplies and Materials	11,367
250 Finance and Operations Services:	
254 Operation and Maintenance of Plant:	
500 Capital Outlay	83,783
260 Central Support Services:	
266 Technology and Data Processing Services:	
400 Supplies and Materials	122,730
	677,448
Total Support Services	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 2,630,516

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - ALL PROGRAMS

	A	CTUAL
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Interfund Transfers, From (To) Other Funds:		
420-710 Transfer to General Fund (Exclude Indirect Costs)	\$	(1,203,782)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(1,203,782)
EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		-
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of Year	-	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES, End of Year	\$	-

EDUCATION IMPROVEMENT ACT

SUMMARY SCHEDULE BY PROGRAM

Program	R	levenues	Expenditures	EIA Interfund Transfers In/(Out)	Other Fund Transfers In/(Out)	U	IA Fund nearned Revenue
3500 Education Improvement Act:							
3502 ADEPT	\$	4,432	4,432	_	-	\$	10,142
3507 Aid to District Technology		122,728	122,728	-	-		3,392
3511 Professional Development		6,440	6,440	-	-		-
3518 Adoption List of Formative Assessment		26,683	26,683	-	-		26,040
3519 Grade 10 Assessments		24,117	24,117	-	-		714
3526 Refurbishment of Science Kits		22,736	22,736	-	-		-
3528 Industry Certifications/Credentials		14,935	14,935	-	-		31,429
3529 Career and Technology Education		65,391	65,391	-	-		23,333
3532 National Board Salary Supplement (No Carryover Provision)		9,620	9,620	-	-		-
3533 Teacher of the Year Awards (No Carryover Provision)		1,077	1,077	-	-		_
3538 Students at Risk of School Failure		672,519	672,519	-	-		-
3541 Child Early Development & Education Program (CERDEP) - Full Day 4K		587,937	587,937	-	-		-
3550 Teacher Salary Increase (No Carryover Provision)		998,873	-	-	(998,873)		-
3555 Teacher Salary Fringe (No Carryover Provision)		204,909	-	-	(204,909)		-
3556 Adult Education		170,084	170,084	-	-		9,545
3557 Summer Reading Program		124,089	124,089	-	-		51,881
3558 Reading (Carryover)		3,750	3,750	-	-		1,107
3577 Teacher Supplies (No Carryover Provision)		89,375	89,375	-	-		-
3589 Maintenance of State Financial Support (MES) Tier II		474,362	474,362	-	-		-
3593 Capital Improvement Plan		83,783	83,783	-	-		-
3595 EEDA - Supplies and Materials		10,749	10,749	-	-		-
3597 Aid to Districts		115,709	115,709	-	-		30,358
3599 Other EIA		-	-	-	-		25,000
Totals	\$	3,834,298	2,630,516		(1,203,782)	\$	212,941

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF DUE TO STATE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION/FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

Program	Project/Grant Number	Revenue & Subfund Code	Description	State of	ount Due to Department Education Federal overnment	Status of Amount Due to Grantors
Teacher Supplies	EIA	3577 / 377	Unexpended funds	\$	275.00	Will be repaid subsequent to year-end
				\$	275.00	

DEBT SERVICE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

	ACTUAL
REVENUES	
1000 Revenue from Local Sources:	
1200 Revenue from Local Governmental Units Other than LEAs: 1210 Ad Valorem Taxes - Including Delinquent (Dependent) 1280 Revenue in Lieu of Taxes (Independent and Dependent)	\$ 552,763 9,170
1500 Earnings on Investments: 1510 Interest on Investments	4,403
Total Revenue from Local Sources	566,336
3000 Revenue from State Sources: 3800 State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes: 3820 Homestead Exemption (Tier 2) 3830 Merchant's Inventory Tax 3840 Manufacturers Depreciation Reimbursement	44,858 5,833 3,434
Total Revenue from State Sources	54,125
TOTAL REVENUE ALL SOURCES	620,461
EXPENDITURES	
500 Debt Service: 620 Interest 690 Other Objects (Includes Fees for Servicing Bonds)	14,464 6,818
Total Debt Service	21,282
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	21,282
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
5110 Premium on Bonds Sold	1,628
Interfund Transfers, From (To) Other Funds:	
424-710 Transfer to Capital Projects Fund	(606,811)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(605,183)
EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(6,004)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year	634,988
FUND BALANCE, End of Year	\$ 628,984

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

	ACTUAL
REVENUES	
1000 Revenue from Local Sources:	
1500 Earnings on Investments:	
1510 Interest on Investments	\$ 1,157
Total Revenue from Local Sources	1,157
TOTAL REVENUE ALL SOURCES	1,157
EXPENDITURES	
250 Finance and Operations Services:	
253 Facilities Acquisition & Construction:	
300 Purchased Services	37,085
500 Capital Outlay:	40.0=0
540 Equipment	48,378
254 Operations and Maintenance of Plant:	401.701
300 Purchased Services	401,701
Total Support Services	487,164
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	487,164
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Interfund Transfers, From (To) Other Funds:	
5240 Transfer from Debt Service Fund	606,811
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	606,811
EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	120,804
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year	2,461,063
FUND BALANCE, End of Year	\$ 2,581,867

SPECIAL REVENUE - FOOD SERVICE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

		ACTUAL
REVENUES		_
1000 Revenue from Local Sources:		
1500 Earnings on Investments: 1510 Interest on Investments	\$	4,037
1600 Food Service:	Ψ	1,037
1610 Lunch Sales to Pupils		286
1630 Special Sales to Pupils		51,935
1640 Lunch Sales to Adults		30,370
1650 Breakfast Sales to Adults		112 1,921
1660 Special Sales to Adults		1,921
1900 Other Revenue from Local Sources: 1950 Refund of Prior Year's Expenditures (Include Only if Expenditure Occurred Last Year		
and the Refund This Year)		666
Total Revenue from Local Sources		89,327
2000 Intergovernmental Revenue:		
2100 Payments from Other Governmental Units		1,432
Total Intergovernmental Revenue		1,432
4000 Revenue from Federal Sources:		
4800 USDA Reimbursement:		2.017.409
4810 School Lunch and After School Snacks Program, and Special Milk Program 4830 School Breakfast Program (Carryover Provision)		2,017,408 774,400
4860 Fresh Fruits & Vegetables Program (FFVP) (Carryover Provision)		95,288
4900 Other Federal Sources:		,
4991 USDA Commodities (Food Distribution Program) (Carryover Provision)		150,602
Total Revenue from Federal Sources		3,037,698
TOTAL REVENUE ALL SOURCES		3,128,457
EXPENDITURES		
256 Food Service:		
100 Salaries		1,030,029
200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services (Exclude Energy Costs)		198,100 165,288
400 Supplies and Materials (Include Energy Costs)		1,685,070
500 Capital Outlay		331,247
600 Other Objects		4,977
Total Food Service Expenses		3,414,711
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		3,414,711
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Interfund Transfers, From (To) Other Funds:		
432-791 Food Service Fund Indirect Costs		(360,433)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(360,433)
EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(646,687)
FUND NET ASSETS, Beginning of Year		1,929,417
FUND NET ASSETS, End of Year	<u> </u>	1,282,730
FUND NET ASSETS, ENGULTER	<u> </u>	1,202,730

PUPIL ACTIVITY FUND

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN DUE TO STUDENT ORGANIZATIONS

RECEIPTS	AC	CTUAL
1000 Receipts from Local Sources:		
1700 Pupil Activities: 1710 Admissions 1730 Pupil Organization Membership Dues and Fees 1740 Student Fees 1790 Other Pupil Activity Income	\$	152,078 6,282 2,168 321,469
1900 Other Revenue from Local Sources 1920 Contributions and Donations From Private Sources		26,788
Total Receipts from Local Sources		508,785
TOTAL RECEIPTS ALL SOURCES		508,785
DISBURSEMENTS		
270 Support Services Pupil Activity: 272 Enterprise Activities: 100 Salaries (Optional) 200 Employee Benefits (Optional) 660 Pupil Activity		40,868 11,083 466,297
Total Pupil Activity Expenditures		518,248
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS		518,248
EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF RECEIPTS OVER DISBURSEMENTS		(9,463)
DUE TO STUDENT ORGANIZATIONS, Beginning of Year		230,055
DUE TO STUDENT ORGANIZATIONS, End of Year	\$	220,592

LOCATION RECONCILIATION SCHEDULE

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Location ID	Location Description	Education Location Description Level		Total Expenditures
001	SPRING BRANCH PROPERTY	NON-SCHOOLS	CENTRAL	\$ 6,893
002	MARION HIGH SCHOOL	HIGH SCHOOL	SCHOOL	5,828,074
003	EASTERLING ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	ELEMENTARY	SCHOOL	4,462,937
004	MARION INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL	ELEMENTARY	SCHOOL	4,323,363
007	JOHNAKIN MIDDLE SCHOOL	MIDDLE SCHOOL	SCHOOL	4,290,155
008	MULLINS HIGH SCHOOL	HIGH SCHOOL	SCHOOL	4,562,836
009	PALMETTO MIDDLE SCHOOL	MIDDLE SCHOOL	SCHOOL	3,126,553
010	McCORMICK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	ELEMENTARY	SCHOOL	2,878,349
012	FOX FIELD	NON-SCHOOLS	CENTRAL	22,586
013	NORTH MULLINS PRIMARY SCHOOL	ELEMENTARY	SCHOOL	2,694,127
014	MULLINS EARLY CHILDHOOD CENTER	ELEMENTARY	SCHOOL	1,926,396
022	ACTIVITY BUS	NON-SCHOOLS	CENTRAL	26,097
023	BRITTONS NECK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	ELEMENTARY	SCHOOL	2,330,065
024	CREEK BRIDGE HIGH SCHOOL	HIGH SCHOOL	SCHOOL	3,874,001
030	ADULT EDUCATION	OTHER SCHOOL	SCHOOL	372,646
031	SUCCESS ACADEMY/PALMETTO ED CTR	ALTERNATIVE SCHL	SCHOOL	888,523
032	ATHLETIC COMPLEX - MARION	HIGH SCHOOL	CENTRAL	26,682
907	COMMUNITY CENTER - CENTENARY	NON-SCHOOLS	CENTRAL	26,184
908	SAFFOLD BUILDING	NON-SCHOOLS	CENTRAL	9,922
910	MARION COUNTY SCHS-DISTRICT OFC	NON-SCHOOLS	CENTRAL	6,648,660
913	MARION COUNTY SCHS-ANNEX OFC	NON-SCHOOLS	CENTRAL	988,942
922	SUPERINTENDENT'S HOUSE-CENTENARY	NON-SCHOOLS	CENTRAL	1,324
925	MAINTENANCE DEPARTMENT	NON-SCHOOLS	CENTRAL	512,171
926	STORAGE	NON-SCHOOLS	CENTRAL	623
927	OLD RED BRICK SCHOOL	NON-SCHOOLS	CENTRAL	3,412
928	OLD RAINS CENTENARY ELEMENTARY	NON-SCHOOLS	CENTRAL	32,747
929	RAINS DO-HOUSE	NON-SCHOOLS	CENTRAL	2,029
933	SOUTHSIDE	NON-SCHOOLS	CENTRAL	18,556
940	BUS DRIVER	NON-SCHOOLS	CENTRAL	22,095
995	ACADEMY FOR CAREERS/TECHNOLOGY	HIGH SCHOOL	SCHOOL	1,924,312
				\$ 51,831,262

The above expenditures are reconciled to the School District's financial statements as follows:

Fund	Amount	
General Fund	\$ 35,668,702	
Special Revenue Fund	9,090,639	
Special Revenue - EIA Fund	2,630,516	
Special Revenue - Food Service Fund	3,414,711	
Debt Service Fund	21,282	
Capital Projects Fund	487,164	
Pupil Activity Fund	518,248	
	\$ 51,831,262	

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COMPLIANCE SECTION

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

LEA Subfund Code	Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Grantor's Number	Federal penditures
	US DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
	Pass-through State Department of Education:			
600	National School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	\$ 774,400
600	National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	2,017,408
600	National School Lunch Program - Non-Cash Assistance	10.555	N/A	 150,602
		Total 10.553 & 10.555	Cluster	 2,942,410
600	Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	N/A	95,288
	TOTAL US DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			3,037,698
	US DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
	Pass-through State Department of Education:			
201	Title I Grants to LEA's	84.010	18/19 Title I	3,130,021
238/240	Title I Support	84.010	N/A	77,043
		Total 84.010		3,207,064
	Individuals with Disabilities Education Act:			
203	IDEA	84.027	18/19 IDEA	1,421,622
204	IDEA	84.027	18/19 IDEA	21,817
205 212	Handicapped Preschool Grants Extended School Year	84.173 84.173	18/19 Preschool 19 IDEA ESY	38,874 5,517
212	Extended School Teal			
		Total 84.027 & 84.173	Cluster	 1,487,830
207	Occupational Education - WBL Activities	84.048	N/A	116,991
210	Student Support and Academic Enrichment (SSAE)	84.424A	N/A	215,679
243	Adult Education	84.002	N/A	63,234
251 264/265	Rural and Low Income Schools Language Instruction - Title III	84.358 84.365	N/A 18/19 Title III	170,345 8,396
267	Improving Teacher Quality - Title II	84.367	18/19 Title II ITQ	290,446
	Total Pass-through State Department of Education:			 5,559,985
	Pass-through Insight Education Group, Inc:			
836	Empowering Educators to Excel (E3) - TSL	84.374A	U374A170085-17A	1,102,011
	Total Pass-through the SC Commission on Higher Education:			1,102,011
	Direct Program:			
820	PELL	84.063	N/A	131,600
	TOTAL US DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			\$ 6,793,596

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

LEA Subfund Code	Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Grantor's Number	E	Federal xpenditures
	US DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE	<u> </u>			
	Direct Program:				
296	JROTC - Army	12.000	N/A	\$	56,542
297	JROTC - Marine Corps	12.000	N/A		81,272
		Total 12.000			137,814
	TOTAL US DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE				137,814
	US DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY				
	Pass-through SC Emergency Management Division:				
100	FEMA Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	97.036	FEMA		42,090
	TOTAL US DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY				42,090
	TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE EXPENDED			\$	10,011,198

Note: There were no expenditures to subrecipients for the year ended June 30, 2019.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

A - General

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") presents the activity of all federal award programs of Marion County School District, South Carolina (the "School District") for the year ended June 30, 2019. All federal awards received directly from the federal agencies, as well as those passed through other government agencies, are included on the Schedule.

B – Basis of Accounting

The accompanying Schedule is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in the notes to the School District's financial statements.

C – Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal award expenditures are reported in the School District's financial statements as expenditures in the General Fund, the Special Revenue Fund and the Special Revenue – Food Service Fund.

D - Relationship to Federal Financial Reports

Amounts reported in the accompanying Schedule agree with the amounts reported in the related federal financial reports except for timing differences relating to expenditures made subsequent to the filing of the federal financial reports.

E - Indirect Cost Rate

The School District has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Marion County Board of Education Marion County School District Marion, South Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Marion County School District, South Carolina (the "School District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 22, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Greene Finney, LLP

Mauldin, South Carolina

November 22, 2019



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Marion County Board of Education Marion County School District Marion, South Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Marion County School District, South Carolina's (the "School District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

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Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Greene Finney, LLP

Mauldin, South Carolina

Greene Finney, LLP

November 22, 2019

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

There were no audit findings in the prior year.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Section III - Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

NONE

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Financial Statements				
Type of auditor's report issued: Ur	modified			
Internal control over financial repo	rting:			
Material weakness(es) identified Significant deficiency(s) identification considered to be material weak	ed that are not	Yes	X	No
Noncompliance material to financial		YesYes	X	None Reported
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major program	ns:			
Material weakness(es) identified Significant deficiency(s) identified		Yes	X	No
considered to be material weak		Yes	X	None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on c	ompliance for major programs: Unmod	lified		
Any audit findings disclosed that as in accordance with section 2 CFF		Yes	X	No
Identification of major programs:				
<u>CFDA Number(s)</u>	<u>Name of Fede</u>	ral Program or Cluster		
84.010 84.374A	Title I Program Empowering Educators to Excel	(E3) - TSL		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish b	etween type A and type B programs:		\$ 750,00	00_
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee	?	Yes	X	No
Section II - Financial Statement Find	ings			
NONE				

108