FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

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PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Marion County Board of Education

Cynthia H. Legette, Board Chair Levant Davis, Board Vice-Chair Cynthia V. Brown Patricia Atkinson Charles White Linda O. Neal Ogleretta D. White

Superintendent

Dr. Kandace Bethea

Director of Finance

Russell Causey

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Marion County Board of Education Marion County School District Marion, South Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Marion County School District, South Carolina (the "School District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Marion County School District, South Carolina, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note I.B. in the notes to the financial statements, for the year ended June 30, 2018 the School District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

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Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund, the pension plan schedules, and the other postemployment benefit plan schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the GASB who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 16, 2018 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Greene Finney, LLP

Greene Finney, LLP Mauldin, South Carolina November 16, 2018

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

This discussion and analysis of Marion County School District's (the "School District") financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the notes to the financial statements and the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for 2018 are as follows:

- On the government-wide basis, the assets and deferred outflows of resources of the School District were exceeded by its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$50.3 million. Unrestricted net position was a deficit of \$87.6 million. The deficit in net position is a result of pension accounting standards that were implemented in 2015 (net pension liability) and other postemployment benefit ("OPEB") plan accounting standards that were implemented in 2018 (net OPEB plan liability); the net pension liability at June 30, 2018 (including deferred outflows and inflows) was \$53.2 million and the net OPEB plan liability at June 30, 2018 (including deferred outflows and inflows) was \$41.9 million.
- The School District adopted Government Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* ("GASB #75") for the year ended June 30, 2018. GASB #75 requires the School District to recognize a net OPEB liability and any related deferred outflows/inflows of resources for any material amounts related to its participation in the South Carolina Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund and the South Carolina Long-Term Disability Insurance Trust Fund, cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plans ("OPEB Plans"). The adoption of GASB #75 has resulted in the restatement of the School District's net position as of July 1, 2017 for its government-wide financial statements to reflect the reporting of a net OPEB liability and deferred outflows of resources for its OPEB Plan. Net position of the School District's government-wide financial statements as of July 1, 2017 was decreased by \$41.0 million, reflecting the cumulative change in accounting principle related to the adoption of GASB #75. See Note IV.B. in the notes to the financial statements for more information regarding the School District's OPEB Plan.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the School District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$10.7 million. 43% of the total amount, or \$4.6 million, is available for spending at the government's discretion.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$4.6 million, which is 13% of total General Fund expenditures for fiscal year 2018.
- The School District's fund balance for the General Fund increased by \$0.5 million.
- During the 2018 fiscal year, the School District's governmental fund revenues were \$54.2 million compared to \$50.7 million in the prior year, or an increase of \$3.5 million.
- During the 2018 fiscal year, the School District's governmental fund expenditures were \$53.8 million compared to \$50.8 million in the prior year, or an increase of \$3.0 million.
- On the government-wide basis, the School District's total net position increased by \$0.1 million, after the restatement of the beginning balance for the net OPEB liability as discussed above.
- The School District's net capital assets increased by \$0.4 million during the current fiscal year due to current year additions of \$2.0 million exceeding depreciation expense of \$1.6 million.
- The School District did not have any outstanding long-term obligations at June 30, 2018 or at June 30, 2017. The School District had \$0.6 million in outstanding short-term debt, issued in May 2018 that matures in March 2019.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts — *Introductory Section, Financial Section* (which includes the financial statements, required supplementary information which includes this management's discussion and analysis section, the combining and individual fund financial schedules and the location reconciliation schedule) and the *Compliance Section*.

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the School District. The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide a broad overview of the School District's overall financial status, in a manner similar to a private-sector enterprise.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the School District's assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the School District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, for some items, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the School District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities).

The governmental activities of the School District include instruction, supporting services, community services and intergovernmental. The School District does not report any "business-type" activities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found as listed in the table of contents.

Fund Financial Statements. The remaining financial statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the School District, reporting the School District's operations in more *detail* than the government-wide statements.

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements. All of the funds of the School District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Since the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. The differences of results in the governmental fund financial statements to those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation schedule following each governmental fund financial statement.

The School District maintains six individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Special Revenue Fund, Special Revenue Fund-EIA, Special Revenue Fund-Food Service, Debt Service Fund, and Capital Projects Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. The governmental fund financial statements can be found as listed in the table of contents.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the pupil activities of the schools and accounts for these activities in an agency fund. The School District is also the trustee for certain scholarship funds and accounts for them in a private-purpose trust fund. The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found as listed in the table of contents.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

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OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found as listed in the table of contents. More detailed information regarding long-term debt and capital asset activity can also be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Supplementary Information. The combining and individual fund schedules and the location reconciliation schedule can be found as listed in the table of contents.

The School District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for this fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget. This schedule can be found as listed in the table of contents.

		Fund Financial Statements				
	Government-Wide <u>Statements</u>	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds			
Scope	Entire School District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the School District that are not proprietary or fiduciary	Instances in which the School District is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources, such as the Pupil Activity Fund and the Private-Purpose Trust Fund			
Required Financial Statements	Statement of Net Position; Statement of Activities	Balance Sheet; Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position			
Accounting Basis and Measurement Focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus			
Type of Asset/Liability Information	All assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows / inflows of resources, both financial and capital, and short- term and long-term	Only assets and deferred outflows of resources (if any) that are expected to be used and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources (if any) that come due during the year or soon, thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; the School District's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can			
Type of Inflow/Outflow Information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid			

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the School District, assets and deferred outflows of resources were exceeded by its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$50.3 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A summary of the School District's net position as of June 30, 2018 compared to June 30, 2017 is presented below:

	2018 *	2017
Assets Current and Other Assets Capital Assets (Net)	\$ 17,936,253 33,678,060	\$ 18,966,326 33,234,036
Total Assets	51,614,313	52,200,362
Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Pension Charges Deferred Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Charges	10,163,502 1,519,225	11,474,978
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	11,682,727	11,474,978
Liabilities Other Liabilities Net Pension Liability Net Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Liability	6,756,833 54,706,134 39,700,863	8,153,372 63,393,265 -
Total Liabilities	101,163,830	71,546,637
Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred Pension Credits Deferred Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Credits Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	8,696,690 3,753,464 12,450,154	1,566,030
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	34,091,850 3,196,650 (87,605,444)	33,234,036 3,307,106 (45,978,469)
Total Net Position	\$ (50,316,944)	\$ (9,437,327)

* The District implemented GASB #75 in FY2018. See Financial Highlights section on page 3 for more details.

Total assets decreased by \$0.6 million due to a decrease in current and other assets of \$1.0 million, partially offset by an increase in capital assets of \$0.4 million as current year additions exceeded current year depreciation expense. Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources increased by \$40.5 million over the prior year primarily due to the implementation of GASB #75, which caused the School District to recognize a net other postemployment benefit plan liability and deferred inflows of resources of \$1.6 million and a reduction of other liabilities of \$1.5 million.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Unrestricted net position, the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements, was a deficit of \$87.6 million at June 30, 2018, due to the School District's proportionate share of the State of South Carolina's net pension and net other postemployment benefit plan liabilities.

The following table shows the changes in net position for fiscal year 2018 compared to 2017:

Changes in Net Position

		2018 *	2017		
Revenues					
Program Revenues:					
Charges for Services	\$	271,081	\$	281,238	
Operating Grants and Contributions		36,306,838		34,966,486	
Capital Grants and Contributions		1,436,445		-	
General Revenues:					
Property Taxes		9,219,636		9,337,893	
Other		6,303,476		6,171,075	
Total Revenues		53,537,476		50,756,692	
Program Activities					
Instruction		27,820,474		28,918,246	
Support Services		25,362,778		24,352,346	
Community Services		1,789		18,812	
Intergovernmental		211,288		222,289	
Interest and Other Charges		41,555		48,296	
Total Expenses		53,437,884		53,559,989	
Change in Net Position		99,592		(2,803,297)	
Net Position, Beginning of Year, as Previously Reported		(9,437,327)		(6,634,030)	
Cumulative Change in Accounting Principle - GASB #75		(40,979,209)		-	
Net Position, Beginning of Year, as Restated		(50,416,536)		(6,634,030)	
Net Position, End of Year	\$	(50,316,944)	\$	(9,437,327)	

* The School District implemented GASB #75 in FY 2018. See Financial Highlights section on page 3 for more details.

Overall, the School District's financial condition increased in fiscal year 2018, as revenues exceeded program expenses by \$0.1 million, compared to a decrease of \$2.8 million in the prior year. Total revenues increased \$2.8 million from 2017 primarily due to higher operating grants and contributions of \$1.3 million and higher capital grants and contributions of \$1.4 million. Program expenses decreased \$0.1 million from 2017.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The analysis of governmental funds serves the purpose of looking at what resources came into the funds, how they were spent and what is available for future expenditures. Did the government generate enough revenue to pay for current obligations? What is available for spending at the end of the year?

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the School District's governmental funds reported a *combined* fund balance of \$10.7 million as compared to \$10.3 million for the prior year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the School District. At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance for the General Fund was \$5.2 million, increasing by \$0.5 million during the current fiscal year. The unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$4.6 million, increasing \$0.1 million during the current fiscal year.

The School District's special revenue funds (Special Revenue, EIA and Food Service) are used to account for revenues derived from the state of South Carolina and the federal government. The Special Revenue Fund-EIA does not have a fund balance as revenues should be expended, deferred, or returned to the grantor. The fund balance for the Special Revenue Fund-Food Service decreased by \$0.2 million due primarily to increased capital outlay expenditures in 2018 to purchase needed food service equipment.

The School District's Debt Service fund balance at the end of the current fiscal year was \$0.6 million, remaining flat in 2018. The School District's debt millage rate is 8 mills, which did not change from the prior year.

The School District's capital projects fund increased by \$0.1 million during the 2018 fiscal year to \$2.5 million at June 30, 2018.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The School District's General Fund budget is prepared according to South Carolina law and is consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The Board of Trustees adopted a balanced budget that reflected total revenue sources and annual appropriations of \$37.2 million.

At June 30, 2018, the General Fund had a positive total budget vs. actual variance of \$0.5 million. This positive variance is due to actual expenditures being less than budgeted expenditures by \$1.8 million, while actual revenues were less than budgeted revenues by \$1.2 million, primarily due to State EFA revenues coming in under budget by \$1.4 million due to an decrease in the District's student count.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of FY2018, the School District had \$33.7 million in capital assets, net of depreciation.

The net increase in the School District's capital assets was \$0.4 million. The increase was due to current year additions of \$2.0 million exceeding depreciation expense of \$1.6 million.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Continued)

The additions were for renovations at the Adult Education Center (\$0.7 million), security equipment for the schools (\$0.9 million) and new equipment at various locations.

The following table shows fiscal year end 2018 capital asset balances compared to 2017:

Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities				
	2018		2017		
Capital Assets					
Land	\$	2,168,458	\$	2,168,458	
Construction in Progress		-		15,418	
Buildings and Improvements		29,889,381		30,615,897	
Machinery and Equipment		1,620,221		434,263	
Capital Assets, Net	\$	33,678,060	\$	33,234,036	

Additional information on the School District's capital assets can be found in Note III.F in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Debt Administration

At the end of the current fiscal year, the School District had no outstanding long-term indebtedness. In May 2017, the District issued a short-term General Obligation Bond in the amount of \$550,000; the District repaid this in March 2018 upon maturity, including interest of \$13,000. In May 2018, the School District issued a short-term General Obligation Bond in the amount of \$609,000. The proceeds will be used for various capital improvements for the School District's facilities. This indebtedness is scheduled to be repaid in full at its maturity in March 2019, with interest at 3%.

The following table shows fiscal year end 2018 total outstanding debt compared to 2017:

	 Governmental Activities			
	 2018		2017	
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 609,000	\$	550,000	
Total	\$ 609,000	\$	550,000	

The state limits the amount of general obligation debt that school districts can issue to 8 percent of the assessed value of all taxable property within the School District's corporate limits. The School District is authorized by state statute to exceed the legal debt margin of 8%, if citizens of the School District approve such additional debt through a district-wide referendum. All of the outstanding debt of \$0.6 million is subject to this limit as of June 30, 2018, leaving \$5.4 million available.

Additional detailed information about the School District's indebtedness is presented in Notes III. G. and H. in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

ECONOMIC FACTORS

Marion County School District is the largest single employer in the county with approximately 860 employees. The government sector, of which the School District is a part, is the largest employment sector within the County.

Marion County continues to experience a stale economy which will affect tax revenues in the future. Although the tax base continues to rise slightly, the actual collections are not rising at the rate needed to compensate for the rise in expenses imposed by salary increases, health insurance costs and retirement rates which constitute the majority of School District expenses.

FY 2019 GENERAL FUND BUDGET

The Board of Trustees adopted a balanced General Fund budget for FY2019 that reflected total revenues and total appropriations of \$38.2 million. The FY2019 General Fund original budget represents a 3% increase from the FY2018 General Fund budget of \$37.2 million.

The FY2019 General Fund budget includes an EFA base student cost of \$2,485 per student. The EFA base student rate is then computed on the state's weight per EFA category and 135th day Average Daily Membership of the prior year in each category to arrive at the actual allocation. The School District has experienced a reduction in student membership for the past few years, so even with a higher base student cost allocation, actual EFA dollars have been decreasing.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide those interested with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Department, at Marion County School District, 719 N. Main Street, Marion, SC 29571. In addition, the Annual Financial Report may be found on the School District's website at http://www.marion.kl2.sc.us.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2018

	GOVI	IMARY ERNMENT
		ernmental ctivities
ASSETS	A	
Cash and Investments	\$	11,086,575
Cash and Investments, Restricted		1,284,093
Cash and Investments Held by County Treasurer		896,076
Property Taxes Receivable, Net		511,195
Accounts Receivable, Net		316,318
Due from Other Governments		3,278,914
Inventories and Prepaid Items		563,082
Capital Assets: Non-Depreciable		2,168,458
Depreciable, Net		31,509,602
TOTAL ASSETS		51,614,313
		51,011,010
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred Pension Charges		10,163,502
Deferred Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Charges		1,519,225
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		11,682,727
Accounts Payable		851,560
Accrued Salaries, Fringe & Benefits		4,194,553
Other Accruals		116,730
Due to Other Governments		20,402
Unearned Revenue		964,588
Short-Term General Obligation Bond Payable		609,000
Non-Current Liabilities:		
Net Pension Liability		54,706,134
Net Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Liability		39,700,863
TOTAL LIABILITIES		101,163,830
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred Pension Credits		8,696,690
Deferred Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Credits		3,753,464
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		12,450,154
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		34,091,850
Restricted For:		
Debt Service		1,267,233
Food Service		1,929,417
Unrestricted		(87,605,444)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	(50,316,944)
The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		PRO	OGRAM REVEN	UES	RE C	NET EXPENSE) VENUE AND HANGE IN T POSITION
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	 Expenses	Operating Capital Charges for Grants and Grants and Services Contributions Contributions				Primary Government overnmental Activities
Governmental Activities:						
Instruction	\$ 27,820,474	185,985	20,160,610	380,334	\$	(7,093,545)
Support Services	25,362,778	85,096	16,146,228	1,056,111		(8,075,343)
Community Services	1,789	-	-	-		(1,789)
Intergovernmental	211,288	-	-	-		(211,288)
Interest and Other Charges	41,555	-	-	-		(41,555)
Total Governmental Activities	 53,437,884	271,081	36,306,838	1,436,445		(15,423,520)
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 53,437,884	271,081	36,306,838	1,436,445		(15,423,520)

GENERAL REVENUES:

General Revenue:	
Property Taxes Levied for General Purposes	8,651,012
Property Taxes Levied for Debt Service	568,624
State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	5,855,127
Investment Earnings	164,470
Miscellaneous	283,879
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES	15,523,112
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	99,592
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year, As Previously Reported	(9,437,327)
Cumulative Change in Accounting Principle - GASB #75	(40,979,209)
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year, as Restated	(50,416,536)
NET POSITION - Ending of Year	\$ (50,316,944)

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2018

	(GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE
ASSETS			
Cash and Investments	\$	10,470,710	-
Cash and Investments, Restricted		-	58
Cash and Investments Held by County Treasurer		-	-
Receivables, Net:			
Taxes		487,950	-
Accounts		189,680	126,63
Due From:			
County Treasurer		146,855	-
State Agencies		350,638	2,115,76
Federal Agencies		-	282,11
Other Funds		1,693,311	-
Other Governments		4,902	171,97
Prepaid Items		381,337	-
Inventories		148,750	-
FOTAL ASSETS	\$	13,874,133	2,697,07
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES:			
Accounts Payable	\$	740,025	103,48
Accrued Salaries, Fringe & Benefits	ψ	4,194,553	105,40
Other Accruals		ч,17ч,555	116,73
Due To:		-	110,73
			19.63
State Agencies		-	-)
Other Funds		3,342,686	1,693,31
Unearned Revenue		-	230,07
Short-Term Debt - Bond Payable		-	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		8,277,264	2,163,23
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		422,964	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		8,700,228	2,163,23
		8,700,228	2,105,25
FUND BALANCES:			
Fund Balances			
Nonspendable:		201 225	
Prepaid Items		381,337	-
Inventories		148,750	-
Restricted for:			
Debt Service		-	-
Capital Projects		-	-
Food Service		-	-
Assigned for:			
Special Revenue Programs		-	533,83
Capital Projects		-	-
Unassigned		4,643,818	-
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		5,173,905	533,83
FOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			

SPECIAL REVENUE - EIA	SPECIAL REVENUE - FOOD SERVICE	DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
-	-	-	615,865	\$ 11,086,57
-	-	260,722 896,076	1,022,790	1,284,09 896,07
-	-	23,245	-	511,19
-	-	-	-	316,315
-	-	-	-	146,85
132,450	73,768	-	-	2,672,62
- 597,957	- 1,835,131	- 87,190	- 822,408	282,11 5,035,99
-	444	87,190		177,32
-	-	-	-	381,33
-	32,995	-	-	181,74
730,407	1,942,338	1,267,233	2,461,063	\$ 22,972,25
4,658	3,389	-	-	\$ 851,56
-	-	-	-	4,194,55
-	-	-	-	116,73
767	-	-	-	20,40
-	-	-	-	5,035,99
724,982	9,532	- 609,000	-	964,58 609,00
730,407	12,921	609,000		11,792,8
	<u> </u>	23,245	<u> </u>	446,2
730,407	12,921	632,245	-	12,239,0
730,407	12,921	23,245 632,245		
-	-	-	-	381,
-	32,995	-	-	181,7
-	-	634,988	-	634,9
-	-	-	1,022,790	1,022,7
-	1,896,422	-	-	1,896,4
-	-	-	-	533,8
-	-	-	1,438,273	1,438,2
-	-	-	-	4,643,8
-	1,929,417	634,988	2,461,063	10,733,2

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2018

TOTAL FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 10,733,211
Amounts reported for the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Property taxes and other revenues that will be collected in the future, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current year's expenditures are therefore unavailable in the funds.	446,209
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of these capital assets was \$78,553,748 and the accumulated depreciation was \$44,875,688.	33,678,060
The School District's proportionate shares of the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to its participation in the State pension plans are not recorded in the governmental funds but are recorded in the Statement of Net Position.	(53,239,322)
The School District's proportionate shares of the net other postemployment benefit plan liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to its participation in the State pension plans are not recorded in the governmental funds but are recorded in the Statement of Net Position.	(41,935,102)
TOTAL NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ (50,316,944)

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STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	GENERAL		SPECIAL REVENUE	
REVENUES				
Local Sources:				
Taxes	\$	8,678,789	-	
Investment Earnings		157,879	-	
Other Local Sources		438,996	1,154,745	
State Sources		25,330,932	2,903,375	
Federal Sources		12,210	6,555,569	
Intergovernmental Revenue		-	103,615	
TOTAL REVENUE ALL SOURCES		34,618,806	10,717,304	
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Instruction		19,232,179	5,000,757	
Support Services		16,185,252	4,599,834	
Community Services		-	1,789	
Intergovernmental		10,722	514,040	
Capital Outlay		21,323	545,121	
Debt Service:				
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-	27,458	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		35,449,476	10,688,999	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(830,670)	28,305	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Premium		-	-	
Transfers In		1,364,493	-	
Transfers Out		-	(114,218)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		1,364,493	(114,218)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		533,823	(85,913)	
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year		4,640,082	619,751	
FUND BALANCES, End of Year	\$	5,173,905	533,838	

SPECIAL REVENUE - EIA	SPECIAL REVENUE - FOOD SERVICE	DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
-	-	559,330	-	\$ 9,238,119
-	3,750	1,304	1,537	164,470
- 4,885,174	85,150 250	- 63,046	-	1,678,891 33,182,777
4,885,174	3,216,724	05,040	-	9,784,503
-	18,375	-	_	121,990
4,885,174	3,324,249	623,680	1,537	54,170,750
2,304,553	-	-	-	26,537,489
517,559	3,125,055	-	175,534	24,603,234
-	-	-	-	1,789 524,762
1,051,945	132,735	-	319,944	2,071,068
-	-	19,761	-	47,219
3,874,057	3,257,790	19,761	495,478	53,785,561
1,011,117	66,459	603,919	(493,941)	385,189
-	-	5,664	-	5,664
-	-	-	607,932	1,972,425
(1,011,117)	(239,158)	(607,932)	-	(1,972,425)
(1,011,117)	(239,158)	(602,268)	607,932	5,664
-	(172,699)	1,651	113,991	390,853
	2,102,116	633,337	2,347,072	10,342,358
<u> </u>	1,929,417	634,988	2,461,063	\$ 10,733,211

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

TOTAL NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 390,853
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(24,387)
Changes in the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources for the current year are not reported in the governmental funds but are reported in the Statement of Activities.	244,995
Changes in the School District's proportionate share of the net other postemployment benefit plan liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources for the current year are not reported in the governmental funds but are reported in the Statement of Activities.	(955,893)
Governmental funds report capital asset additions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets that are considered capital asset additions is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital asset additions (\$2,042,235) exceeded depreciation expense (\$1,598,211) in the current year.	444,024
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 99,592

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2018

	PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUND		AGENCY FUND	
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments Receivables Due from Other Funds	\$	112,950 - 48	\$	230,344
TOTAL ASSETS		112,998		230,344
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable Due to Student Organizations		-		289 230,055
TOTAL LIABILITIES		-	\$	230,344
NET POSITION				
Held in Trust for Scholarships Nonexpendable Expendable		56,068 56,930		
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	112,998		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUND	
ADDITIONS		
Interest Earnings	\$	286
Contributions and Donations		1,626
TOTAL ADDITIONS		1,912
DEDUCTIONS		
Scholarships Awarded		3,400
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		3,400
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(1,488)
Net Position, Beginning of Year		114,486
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	112,998

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Marion County School District, South Carolina (the "School District") was established by legislation (R168, H4632) to consolidate Marion School Districts One, Two and Seven into one single school district on January 18, 2012, and introduced in the South Carolina State Senate on March 1, 2012. The Governor of South Carolina signed the bill into law on April 23, 2012. The consolidation of the three previously separate districts into Marion County School District became effective July 1, 2012. The School District is controlled by the Marion County Board of Education (the "Board"), which has oversight responsibility over the public school educational activities in the School District. The School District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the related requirements of these funding source entities. The School District is governed by a seven-member Board.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The School District is controlled by the Marion County Board of Education (the "Board"), which has oversight responsibility over the public school education activities in the School District. The School District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in the GASB Sec. 2100.108 and thus is recognized as a primary government.

As required by GAAP, the financial statements must present the School District's financial information with any of its component units. The primary criterion for determining inclusion or exclusion of a legally separate entity (component unit) is financial accountability, which is presumed to exist if the School District both appoints a voting majority of the entity's governing body, and either 1) the School District is able to impose its will on the entity or, 2) there is a potential for the entity to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the School District. If either or both of the foregoing conditions are not met, the entity could still be considered a component unit if it is fiscally dependent on the School District and there is a potential that the entity could either provide specific financial burdens on the School District.

In order to be considered fiscally independent, an entity must have the authority to do all of the following: (a) determine its budget without the School District having the authority to approve or modify that budget; (b) levy taxes or set rates or charges without approval by the School District; and (c) issue bonded debt without approval by the School District. An entity has a financial benefit or burden relationship with the School District if, for example, any one of the following conditions exists: (a) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the entity's resources, (b) the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits or, or provide financial support to, the entity, or (c) the School District is obligated in some manner for the debt of the entity. Finally, an entity could be a component unit even if it met all the conditions described above if excluding it would cause the School District's financial statements to be misleading.

Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the government's operations and data from these units are combined with data of the primary government in the fund financial statements. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the School District. Based on the above criteria, the School District does not have any blended or discretely presented component units.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the School District (the "Primary Government") and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, would be reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support. The School District does not report any business-type activities.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

The **government-wide financial statements** are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using a different measurement focus from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared (see further detail below). Governmental fund financial statements therefore, include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government generally considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period (thirty days for property taxes). Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, federal and state grant programs and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the School District. The focus of Governmental Fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Fiduciary Funds are reported by fund type.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the School District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The accounts of the government are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. There are a minimum number of funds maintained to keep the accounts consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The following major funds and fund types are used by the School District.

Governmental Fund Types are those through which most governmental functions of the School District are financed. The School District's expendable financial resources and related assets and liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. Governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. The following are the School District's major governmental fund types:

The *General Fund, a major fund, and a budgeted fund* is the general operating fund of the School District and accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the School District except those required to be accounted for in other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that (a) are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to other funds or (b) that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to other funds are accounted for in the General Fund. General operating expenditures and the capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources (that are expected to continue to comprise a substantial portion of the inflows of the fund) that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The School District has the following major Special Revenue Funds:

- i) **The Special Revenue Fund, a major fund** and an unbudgeted fund, is used to account for financial resources provided by federal, state and local projects and grants that are restricted, committed or assigned for special education programs.
- ii) The Education Improvement Act ("EIA") Fund, a major fund and an unbudgeted fund, is used to account for the revenues from the South Carolina Education Improvement Act of 1984 (which is legally required by the state to be accounted for as a specific revenue source) which are restricted for specific programs authorized or mandated by the EIA.
- iii) **The Food Service Fund, a major fund** and an unbudgeted fund, is used to account for the United States Department of Agriculture's ("USDA") approved school breakfast and lunch programs.

The **Debt Service Fund, a major fund** and an unbudgeted fund, is used to account for and report the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, all long-term debt principal, interest and related costs for the School District.

The *Capital Projects Fund, a major fund* and an unbudgeted fund, is used to account for financial resources to be used for site acquisitions, construction, equipment, and renovation of all major capital facilities for the School District.

Fiduciary Fund types use the accrual basis of accounting; they are used to account for expendable assets held by the School District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds and include agency funds. Fiduciary Fund Types include the following funds:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The *Agency Fund* accounts for the receipt and disbursement of monies to and from student activity organizations. These funds have no equity (assets are equal to liabilities) and do not include revenues and expenditures for general operation of the School District. This accounting reflects the agency relationship of the School District with the student activity organizations. Agency funds do not have a measurement focus.

The *Private-Purpose Trust Fund* is used to report donations received which much be expended according to the provisions of the donors. Donations are generally not expendable, while the related earnings are to be expended for scholarships to individuals. This fund is accounted for in essentially the same manner as proprietary funds.

Change in Accounting Principle

The School District adopted GASB Statement No. 75 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions" ("GASB #75") for the year ended June 30, 2018. The primary objective of GASB #75 is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for other postemployment benefits ("OPEB"). It also improves information provided by state and local government employers about financial support for OPEB that are provided by other entities. In addition, state and local governments who participate in a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan will now be required to recognize its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability of that plan. It is GASB's intention that GASB #75 will provide citizens and other users of the financial statements with a clearer picture of the size and nature of the District's financial obligations to current and former employees for past services rendered.

In particular, GASB #75 requires the District to recognize a net OPEB liability, any related deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and a more comprehensive measure of OPEB expense for any material amounts related to its participation in the South Carolina Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund and the South Carolina Long-Term Disability Insurance Trust Fund, cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plans ("OPEB Plans"), on financial statements prepared on the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting (i.e., the Statement of Net Position) and present more extensive note disclosures.

The adoption has resulted in the restatement of the District's net position as of July 1, 2017 for its governmentwide financial statements to reflect the reporting of a net OPEB liability and deferred outflows of resources for its OPEB Plans in accordance with the provisions of GASB #75. Net position of the District's government-wide financial statements as of July 1, 2017 was decreased by approximately \$40,979,000 reflecting the cumulative change in accounting principle related to the adoption of GASB #75. See Note IV.B for more information regarding the District's OPEB Plans.

C. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Equity

1. Cash and Investments

The School District considers all highly liquid investments as cash and investments for financial reporting purposes. The School District's investment policy is designed to operate within existing statutes (which are identical for all funds, fund types and component units within the State of South Carolina) that authorize the School District to invest in the following:

(a) Obligations of the United States and its agencies, the principal and interest of which is fully guaranteed by the United States.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Equity (Continued)

1. Cash and Investments (Continued)

- (b) Obligations issued by the Federal Financing Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, the Bank of Cooperatives, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Federal Land Banks, the Federal Home Loan Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, the Federal National Mortgage Association, the Government National Mortgage Association, the Federal Housing Administration, and the Farmers Home Administration, if, at the time of investment, the obligor has a long-term, unenhanced, unsecured debt rating in one of the top two ratings categories, without regard to a refinement or gradation of rating category by numerical modifier or otherwise, issued by at least two nationally recognized credit rating organizations.
- (c) (i) General obligations of the State of South Carolina or any of its political units; or (ii) revenue obligations of the State of South Carolina or its political units, if at the time of investment, the obligor has a long-term, unenhanced, unsecured debt rating in one of the top two ratings categories, without regard to a refinement or gradation of rating category by numerical modifier or otherwise, issued by at least two nationally recognized credit rating organizations.
- (d) Savings and Loan Associations to the extent that the same are insured by an agency of the federal government.
- (e) Certificates of deposit where the certificates are collaterally secured by securities of the type described in (a) and (b) above held by a third party as escrow agent or custodian, of a market value not less than the amount of the certificates of deposit so secured, including interest; provided, however, such collateral shall not be required to the extent the same are insured by an agency of the federal government.
- (f) Repurchase agreements when collateralized by securities as set forth in this section.
- (g) No load open-end or closed-end management type investment companies or investment trusts registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, where the investment is made by a bank or trust company or savings and loan association or other financial institution when acting as trustee or agent for a bond or other debt issue of that local government unit, political subdivision, or county treasurer if the particular portfolio of the investment company or investment trust in which the investment is made (i) is limited to obligations described in items (a), (b), (c), and (f) of this subsection, and (ii) has among its objectives the attempt to maintain a constant net asset value of one dollar a share and to that end, value its assets by the amortized cost method.

The School District's cash investment objectives are preservation of capital, liquidity and yield. The School District reports its cash and investments at fair value which is normally determined by quoted market prices. The School District currently or in the past year has used the following investments:

- Cash and investments held by the County Treasurer represents property taxes collected by the School District's fiscal agent that have not been remitted to the School District. The County Treasurer presently holds these funds in an interest-bearing checking account.
- Certificates of Deposit ("CD") are bond-type investments issued by a bank when a person or company deposits a certain amount of money for a determined amount of time. The maturity can be for more than one year, and interest is paid to the holder of the CD at an agreed upon rate. Money removed before maturity is subject to a penalty.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Equity (Continued)

1. Cash and Investments (Continued)

South Carolina Local Government Investment Pool ("LGIP" or "Pool") investments are invested with the South Carolina State Treasurer's Office, which established the South Carolina Pool pursuant to Section 6-6-10 of the South Carolina Code. The Pool is an investment trust fund, in which public monies in excess of current needs, which are under the custody of any city treasurer or any governing body of a political subdivision of the State, may be deposited. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools", investments are carried at fair value determined annually based upon (a) quoted market prices for identical or similar investments or (b) observable inputs other than quoted market prices. The total fair value of the Pool is apportioned to the entities with funds invested on an equal basis for each share owned, which are acquired at a cost of \$1.00. Funds may be deposited by Pool participants at any time and may be withdrawn upon 24 hours' notice. Financial statements for the Pool may be obtained by writing the Office of State Treasurer, Local Government Investment Pool, P.O. Box 11778, Columbia, SC 29211-1960.

2. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of reimbursement arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds."

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the statement of net position.

3. Inventories and Other Assets

Inventories

Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method (expensed when used). The School District also includes an amount for commodities received from the USDA, recorded at fair market value at the time of receipt, which have not been consumed as of year-end.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. An asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value (as estimated by the School District) at the date of donation. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Equity (Continued)

4. Capital Assets (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is not capitalized for governmental activities as required by GAAP. The School District does not maintain ownership of any public domain ("infrastructure") general capital assets.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Construction projects begin being depreciated once they are completed and placed in service, at which time the complete costs of the project are transferred to the appropriate capital asset category. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Capital Asset Category	Useful Life Range
Buildings and Improvements	10-50 years
Machinery and Equipment	3–10 years

5. Compensated Absences

The School District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16 *"Accounting for Compensated Absences."* Employees may accumulate sick leave up to a maximum of ninety days. However, if an employee leaves the School District other than by retirement, they are not paid for any unused days. Payments of unused sick leave for retirees have been inconsequential. All 12-month employees accrue vacation of ten days per year. However, unused leave is forfeited. Thus, no accrual is recorded for compensated absences.

6. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, contractually required retirement contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due and payable.

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the Statement of Net Position. If significant, bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Amortization of premiums is included in interest expense. Bond premiums are included with bonds payable and other long-term obligations. Issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Equity (Continued)

6. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

7. Deferred Outflows / Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position (government-wide) and the balance sheet (governmental funds) will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School District currently has two types of deferred outflows of resources: (1) The School District reports *deferred pension charges* in its Statement of Net Position in connection with its participation in the South Carolina Retirement System and the South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System. (2) The School District reports *deferred OPEB charges* in its Statement(s) of Net Position in connection with its participation in the South Carolina Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund. The *deferred pension and OPEB charges* are either (a) recognized in the subsequent period as a reduction of the net pension/OPEB liability (which includes contributions made after the measurement date) or (b) amortized in a systematic and rational method as pension/OPEB expense in future periods in accordance with GAAP.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position (government-wide) and the balance sheet (governmental funds) will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School District currently has three types of deferred inflows of resources: (1) The School District reports *unavailable revenue – property taxes* only in the governmental funds Balance Sheet; it is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (property tax revenues) in the period the amounts become available. (2) The School District also reports *deferred pension credits* in its Statement of Net Position in connection with its participation in the South Carolina Retirement System and South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System. (3) The School District reports *deferred OPEB credits* in its Statement of Net Position in connection with its participation in the South Carolina Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund. The *deferred pension and OPEB credits* are amortized in a systematic and rational method and recognized as a reduction of pension/OPEB expense in future periods in accordance with GAAP.

8. Fund Balance

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" ("GASB #54), the School District classifies its governmental fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable – includes amounts that inherently cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form (i.e. prepaids, inventories, etc.) or because of legal or contractual requirements (i.e. principal on an endowment, etc.).

Restricted – includes amounts that are constrained by specific purposes which are externally imposed by (a) other governments through laws and regulations, (b) grantors or contributions through agreements, (c) creditors through debt covenants or other contracts, or (d) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Equity (Continued)

8. Fund Balance (Continued)

Committed – includes amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action made by the highest level of decision making authority (The Board) before the end of the reporting period. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed amounts for the School District consist of amounts approved by a majority vote of the Board Members (a) in the annual budget or (b) in subsequent requests made throughout the year.

Assigned – includes amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed and that such assignments are made before the report issuance date. The Board has formally granted the Superintendent the right to make assignments of fund balance for the School District.

Unassigned – includes amounts that do not qualify to be accounted for and reported in any of the other fund balance categories. This classification represents the amount of fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. The General Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts of restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

The School District generally uses restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available unless there are legal documents, contracts, or agreements that prohibit doing such. Additionally, the School District generally would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

9. Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position. Net position is classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Outstanding debt which has not been spent is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

10. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. In addition, they affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates and assumptions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Equity (Continued)

11. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits

In government-wide financial statements, pensions and other postemployment benefits ("OPEB") are required to be recognized and disclosed using the accrual basis of accounting (see Note IV.A and IV.B and the required supplementary information immediately following the notes to the financial statements for more information), regardless of the amounts recognized as pension and OPEB expenditures on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The School District recognizes net pension and net OPEB liabilities (assets) for each plan for which it participates, which represents the excess of the total pension and OPEB liabilities over the fiduciary net position of the qualified plan, or the School District's proportionate share thereof in the case of a cost-sharing multipleemployer plan, measured as of the School District's fiscal year-end. Changes in the net pension and OPEB liabilities during the period are recorded as pension and OPEB expenses, or as deferred outflows or inflows of resources depending on the nature of the change, in the period incurred. Those changes in net pension and OPEB liabilities that are recorded as deferred outflows or inflows of resources that arise from changes in actuarial assumptions or other inputs and differences between expected or actual experience are amortized over the weighted average remaining service life of all participants in the respective qualified plan and recorded as a component of pension and OPEB expense beginning with the period in which they are incurred. Any projected earnings on qualified pension and OPEB plan investments are recognized as a component of pension and OPEB expense. Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are reported as deferred outflows or inflows of resources and amortized as a component of pension and OPEB expense on a closed basis over a multi-year period beginning with the period in which the difference occurred.

12. Fair Value

The fair value measurement and disclosure framework provides for a three-tier fair value hierarchy that gives highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

- Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the School District can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology, other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability either directly or indirectly and include:
 - Quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets.
 - Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets.
 - Inputs other than quoted market prices that are observable for the asset or liability.
 - Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3 – Inputs to the valuation methodology that are unobservable for an asset or liability and include:

• Fair value is often based on developed models in which there are few, if any, observable inputs.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used should maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Equity (Continued)

12. Fair Value (Continued)

The valuation methodologies described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of future net realizable values or reflective of future fair values. The School District believes that the valuation methods used are appropriate and consistent with GAAP. The use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date. There have been no significant changes from the prior year in the methodologies used to measure fair value.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

Budgetary Practices – The General Fund budget is presented as required supplementary information. The budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is consistent with GAAP.

The budget is prepared by function and object as dictated by the State of South Carolina adopted Program Oriented Budgeting and Accounting System and for management control purposes. The School District's policies do not allow funds to be transferred between functions without Board approval. The legal level of control is at the function level. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. During the year, the Board did not revise the budget.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the budgetary comparison schedule:

- (1) In the spring the School District begins its budget process for the next succeeding fiscal year. The School District's leadership team reviews all requests and allocation requirements and related revenue.
- (2) The Finance Director then presents a proposed budget to the Board of Trustees which reviews it in a series of workshops and makes any additions or deletions it deems necessary.
- (3) Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACTIVITIES

A. Deposits and Investments

Deposits

<u>Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits:</u> Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits might not be recovered. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but follows the investment policy statutes of the State of South Carolina. As of June 30, 2018, none of the School District's total bank balances of approximately \$6,658,000 (with a carrying value of approximately \$5,334,000) was exposed to custodial credit.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

A. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments

As of June 30, 2018, the School District had the following investments and maturities:

Investment Type	Fair Value Level (1)	Credit Rating *	 Fair Value	 tures in Less an One Year
SC Local Government Investment Pool	N/A	Unrated	\$ 7,149,424	\$ 7,149,424
Cash and Investments Held by County Treasurer	N/A	N/A	896,076	N/A
Total			\$ 8,045,500	\$ 7,149,424

(1) See Note I.C.12 for details of the School District's fair value hierarchy.

* Credit Ratings are from Standard & Poors, Moody's Services, and Fitch Ratings, respectively.

Interest Rate Risk: The School District does not have a formal policy limiting investment maturities that would help manage its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk for Investments:</u> Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District does not have an investment policy for custodial credit risk but follows the investment policy statutes of the State of South Carolina. As of June 30, 2018, none of the School District's investments were exposed to custodial credit risk.

<u>Credit Risk for Investments</u>: Credit risk for investments is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The School District does not have an investment policy for credit risk but follows the investment policy statutes of the State of South Carolina.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk for Investments</u>: The School District places no limit on the amount the School District may invest in any one issuer. Investments issued by or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools and other pooled investments are exempt from concentration of credit risk disclosures.

B. Property Taxes and Other Receivables

Real and personal property taxes (excluding vehicles) are levied on October 1 for the assessed valuations of property located in Marion County as of the preceding January 1, and are due and payable at that time. All unpaid taxes levied October 1 become delinquent January 15 of the following year, and property taxes attach as an enforceable lien if not paid by March 16 of the following year.

Penalties are added to taxes depending on the date paid as follows:

January 16 through February 1	3% of Tax
February 2 through March 16	10% of Tax
March 17 and Thereafter	15 % of Tax Plus Collection Costs

Motor vehicle taxes are levied on the first day of the month in which the motor vehicle license expires and is due by the end of the month. Property taxes are billed and collected by the County. Property tax revenue is recognized when collected by the County Treasurer's Office. Real property taxes collected by the County within 30 days after fiscal year end are also recognized as revenue for the year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

B. Property Taxes and Other Receivables (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the operating and debt service millage rates were 168 mills (no change from prior year) and 8 mills (no change from prior year), respectively, based on an assessed value of approximately \$75.1 million for the School District.

On the government-wide and fund financial statements, taxes receivable are approximately \$511,000 (net of an allowance for uncollectible property taxes of approximately \$654,000) at June 30, 2018. Allowances for uncollectible balances were not necessary for the other receivable accounts.

Delinquent property taxes of approximately \$65,000 have been recognized as revenue at June 30, 2018, because they were collected within thirty days after year end and are considered measurable and available.

C. Deferred Inflows of Resources for Governmental Funds and Unearned Revenues

Governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources and unearned revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Also, both the government-wide financial statements and governmental funds do not recognize revenue in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. At June 30, 2018, the various components of deferred inflows of resources for governmental funds and unearned revenues for both the government-wide financial statements and governmental funds are unearned revenues for both the government-wide financial statements and governmental funds are unearned revenues for both the government-wide financial statements and governmental funds were as follows:

Deferred Inflows:	
Delinquent Property Taxes Receivable (General Fund)	\$ 422,964
Delinquent Property Taxes Receivable (Debt Service Fund)	23,245
Total Deferred Inflows for Governmental Funds	\$ 446,209
Unearned Revenues:	
Revenue Collected, but Unearned - Special Revenue Fund	\$ 230,074
Revenue Collected, but Unearned - EIA Fund	724,982
Revenue Collected, but Unearned - Food Service Fund	9,532
Total Unearned Revenues for both Government-wide Financial	
Statements and Governmental Funds	\$ 964,588

D. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2018 (all of which are expected to be repaid within one year), are summarized as follows:

Fund	R	Receivables	Payables		
Governmental Funds:					
General Fund	\$	1,693,311	\$	3,342,686	
Special Revenue Fund		-		1,693,311	
Special Revenue - EIA Fund		597,957		-	
Special Revenue - Food Service Fund		1,835,131		-	
Debt Service Fund		87,190		-	
Capital Projects Fund		822,408		-	
Total	\$	5,035,997	\$	5,035,997	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

D. Interfund Receivables and Payables (Continued)

All cash activities are recorded in the General Fund, and as a result, receivable and payables exist at year end that are either due to or due from the General Fund in the other funds. The payable from the Special Revenue Fund to the General Fund is for payments not received from the State Department of Education until after the fiscal year-end.

E. Transfers In and (Out)

Transfers from (to) other funds for the year ended June 30, 2018 consisted of the following:

	Transfers In		Transfers Out	
Governmental Funds:				
General Fund	\$	1,364,493	\$	-
Special Revenue Fund		-		114,218
Special Revenue - EIA Fund		-		1,011,117
Special Revenue - Food Service		-		239,158
Debt Service Fund		-		607,932
Capital Projects Fund		607,932		-
Totals	\$	1,972,425	\$	1,972,425

Funds were transferred from the Special Revenue Funds to the General Fund were to cover indirect costs and statemandated EIA teacher salary supplements and related benefits. Funds were transferred from the Debt Service Fund to the Capital Projects Fund from short-term debt proceeds that will be used to fund future capital outlay needs.

F. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the School District for the year ended June 30, 2018, was as follows:

	Beginning				Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Balance
Governmental Activities:					
Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable:					
Land	\$ 2,168,458	-	-	-	\$ 2,168,458
Construction in Progress	15,418	677,872	-	(693,290)	-
Total Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable	2,183,876	677,872	-	(693,290)	2,168,458
Capital Assets, Depreciable:					
Buildings and Improvements *	65,494,709	-	-	693,290	66,187,999
Machinery and Equipment *	8,832,928	1,364,363	-	-	10,197,291
Total Capital Assets, Depreciable	74,327,637	1,364,363	-	693,290	76,385,290
Less: Accumulated Depreciation for:					
Buildings and Improvements *	34,878,812	1,419,806	-	-	36,298,618
Machinery and Equipment *	8,398,665	178,405	-	-	8,577,070
Total Accumulated Depreciation	43,277,477	1,598,211	-	-	44,875,688
Total Capital Assets, Depreciable, Net	31,050,160	(233,848)			31,509,602
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 33,234,036	444,024		-	\$ 33,678,060

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

F. Capital Assets (Continued)

* The School District adjusted the beginning balances for the cost and accumulated depreciation of its two capital asset categories, increasing buildings and improvements' cost and accumulated depreciation by approximately \$4,321,000 and \$3,313,000, respectively, and decreasing machinery and equipment's cost and accumulated depreciation by the same amounts, with no net change in total cost and accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
Instruction	\$ 829,329
Support Services	768,882
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 1,598,211

G. Long-Term Obligations

The School District did not have any long-term obligations as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018.

H. Short-Term Obligations

In May 2017, the School District issued its Series 2017A General Obligation Bond ("2017A SCAGO") in the amount of \$550,000 at a rate of 3.0% to provide funds for future capital outlay. The School District repaid the 2017A SCAGO in March 2018 at its maturity, including interest of approximately \$13,000. In May 2018, the School District issued its Series 2018A General Obligation Bond ("2018A SCAGO") in the amount of \$609,000 at a rate of 3.0% to provide funds for future capital outlay. The School District expects to repay the 2018A SCAGO in March of 2019 at its maturity, including interest at 3%, or approximately \$14,000. As the 2018A SCAGO debt is short term, it is reflected on the School District's Balance Sheet as a liability as of June 30, 2018.

Short-term obligations for the School District for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

Short-Term Obligation	eginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance
2017A SCAGO 2018A SCAGO	\$ 550,000	- 609,000	550,000	\$ - 609,000
Total	\$ 550,000	-	550,000	\$ -

The School District has authority to issue general obligation bonds each calendar year, subject to a constitutional debt limit equal to 8% of the assessed value of all taxable property in the School District. The debt limitation does not apply to certain certificates of participation, debt approved through a district-wide referendum, and original or refunding debt for obligations issued on or before November 30, 1982. The School District's constitutional debt limit at June 30, 2018 was approximately \$6,008,000, of which \$5,399,000 was available.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

IV. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Retirement Plans

The School District participates in the State of South Carolina's retirement plans, which are administered by the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority ("PEBA"), which was created on July 1, 2012 and administers the various retirement systems and retirement programs managed by its Retirement Division. PEBA has an 11-member Board of Directors ("PEBA Board"), appointed by the Governor and General Assembly leadership, which serves as co-trustee and co-fiduciary of the systems and the trust funds. By law, the State Fiscal Accountability Authority ("SFAA"), which consists of five elected officials, also reviews certain PEBA Board decisions regarding the funding of the South Carolina Retirement Systems ("Systems") and serves as a co-trustee of the Systems in conducting that review. Effective July 1, 2017, the Retirement System Funding and Administration Act of 2017 assigned the PEBA Board as the Custodian of the Retirement Trust Funds and assigned SC PEBA and the Retirement Systems Investment Commission ("RSIC") as co-trustees of the Retirement Trust Funds.

The PEBA issues a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") containing financial statements and required supplementary information for the System' Pension Trust Funds. The CAFR is publicly available through the Retirement Benefits' link on the PEBA's website at <u>www.peba.sc.gov</u>, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia, SC 29223. The PEBA is considered a division of the primary government of the state of South Carolina and therefore, retirement trust fund financial information is also included in the comprehensive annual financial report of the state.

Plan Description

The South Carolina Retirement System ("SCRS"), a cost–sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, was established effective July 1, 1945, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-1-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits for employees of the state, its public school districts, and political subdivisions.

The State Optional Retirement Program ("State ORP") is a defined contribution plan that is offered as an alternative to the SCRS to certain newly hired state, public school, and higher education employees. State ORP participants direct the investment of their funds into a plan administered by one of four investment providers.

Plan Membership

Membership requirements are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. A brief summary of the requirements under each system is presented below.

- SCRS Generally, all employees of covered employers are required to participate in and contribute to the system as a condition of employment. This plan covers general employees and teachers and individuals newly elected to the South Carolina General Assembly beginning with the November 2012 general election. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a Class Two member. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a Class Three member.
- State ORP As an alternative to membership in the SCRS, newly hired state, public school, and higher education employees and individuals newly elected to the S.C. General Assembly beginning with the November 2012 general election have the option to participate in the State ORP, which is a defined contribution plan. State ORP participants direct the investment of their funds into a plan administered by one of four investment providers. PEBA assumes no liability for State ORP benefits. Rather, the benefits are the liability of the investment providers. For this reason, State ORP programs are not part of the retirement systems' trust funds for financial statement purposes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

A. Retirement Plans (Continued)

Plan Membership (Continued)

Contributions to the State ORP are at the same rates as the SCRS. A direct remittance is required from the employers to the member's account with investment providers for the employee contribution and a portion of the employer contribution (5 percent). A direct remittance is also required to the SCRS for the remaining portion of the employer contribution and an incidental death benefit contribution, if applicable, which is retained by the SCRS.

Plan Benefits

Benefit terms are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. PEBA does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms without a legislative change in the code of laws. Key elements of the benefit calculation include the benefit multiplier, years of service, and average final compensation/current annual salary. A brief summary of benefit terms for each system is presented below.

• SCRS – A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 65 or with 28 years credited service regardless of age. A member may elect early retirement with reduced pension benefits payable at age 55 with 25 years of service credit. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension upon satisfying the Rule of 90 requirement that the total of the member's age and the member's creditable service equals at least 90 years. Both Class Two and Class Three members are eligible to receive a reduced deferred annuity at age 60 if they satisfy the five- or eight-year earned service requirement, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program.

The annual retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of one percent or five hundred dollars every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase. Members who retire under the early retirement provisions at age 55 with 25 years of service are not eligible for the benefit adjustment until the second July 1 after reaching age 60 or the second July 1 after the date they would have had 28 years of service credit had they not retired.

Plan Contributions

Contributions are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. The PEBA Board may increase the percentage rate in the SCRS and PORS ("Plans") employer and employee contribution rates on the basis of the actuarial valuations, but any such increase may not result in a differential between the employee and total employer contribution rate that exceeds 2.9 percent of earnable compensation for the SCRS and 5 percent for the PORS. An increase in the contribution rates adopted by the PEBA Board may not provide for an increase of more than one-half of one percent in any one year. If the scheduled employee and employer contributions provided in statute or the rates last adopted by the PEBA Board are insufficient to maintain a thirty-year amortization schedule of the unfunded liabilities of the plans, the PEBA Board shall increase the contribution rates in equal percentage amounts for the employee as necessary to maintain the thirty-year amortization period; this increase is not limited to one-half of one percent per year.

If the most recent annual actuarial valuation of the Systems for funding purposes shows a ratio of the actuarial value of system assets to the actuarial accrued liability of the system (the funded ratio) that is equal to or greater than ninety percent, then the PEBA Board, effective on the following July first, may decrease the then current contribution rates upon making a finding that the decrease will not result in a funded ratio of less than ninety percent.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

A. Retirement Plans (Continued)

Plan Contributions (Continued)

Any decrease in contribution rates must maintain the 2.9 and 5 percent differentials between the SCRS employer and employee contribution rates respectively. If contribution rates are decreased pursuant to this provision, and the most recent annual actuarial valuation of the system shows a funded ratio of less than ninety percent, then effective on the following July first, and annually thereafter as necessary, the PEBA Board shall increase the then current contribution rates until a subsequent annual actuarial valuation of the system shows a funded ratio that is equal to or greater than 90 percent.

The Retirement System Funding and Administration Act of 2017 increases employer contribution rates to 13.56 percent for the SCRS, effective July 1, 2017. It also removes the 2.9 percent and 5 percent differential and increases and establishes a ceiling on employee contribution rates at 9 percent for the SCRS, respectively. The employer contribution rates will continue to increase annually by 1 percent through July 1, 2022. The legislation's ultimate scheduled employer rate is 18.56 percent for the SCRS. The amortization period is scheduled to be reduced one year for each of the next 10 years to a twenty-year amortization schedule. The recent pension reform legislation also changes the long-term funded ratio requirement from ninety to eighty-five.

As noted earlier, both employees and the School District are required to contribute to the Plans at rates established and as amended by the PEBA. The School District's contributions are actuarially determined but are communicated to and paid by the School District as a percentage of the employees' annual eligible compensation. Required employee and employee contribution rates for the past three years are as follows:

	SCRS and State ORP Rates			
	2016	2017	2018	
Employer Contribution Rate:^				
Retirement*	10.91%	11.41%	13.41%	
Incidental Death Benefit	0.15%	0.15%	0.15%	
Accidental Death Contributions	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
	11.06%	11.56%	13.56%	
Employee Contribution Rate	8.16%	8.66%	9.00%	

^ Calculated on earnable compensation as defined in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws.

* Of the rate for the State ORP Plan, 5% of earnable compensation must be remitted by the employer directly to the ORP vendor to be allocated to the member's account with the remainder of the employer contribution remitted to the SCRS.

The required contributions and percentages of amounts contributed by the School District to the Plans for the past three years were as follows:

Year Ended	SCRS Contributions				State ORP (Contributions	
June 30,	Required		% Contributed	ntributed Required		% Contributed	
2018	\$	3,517,924	100%	\$	37,542	100%	
2017 2016	\$	3,047,301 2,941,570	100% 100%	\$	30,085 28,947	100% 100%	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

A. Retirement Plans (Continued)

Plan Contributions (Continued)

Eligible payrolls of the School District covered under the Plans for the past three years were as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	S	CRS Payroll	State ORP Payroll	Total Payroll
2018	\$	25,943,391	438,573	\$ 26,381,964
2017		26,358,656	458,623	26,817,279
2016	\$	26,372,936	473,245	\$ 26,846,181

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Actuarial valuations of the ongoing plan involve estimates of the reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and future salary increases. Amounts determined regarding the net pension liability are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. South Carolina state statute requires that an actuarial experience study be completed at least once in each five-year period. An experience report on the Systems was most recently issued as of July 1, 2015.

The June 30, 2017 total pension liability, net pension liability, and sensitivity information shown in this report were determined by the consulting actuary, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith and Company ("GRS"), and are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2016. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the Plans' fiscal year end, June 30, 2017, using generally accepted actuarial principles. The Retirement System Funding and Administration Act of 2017 was signed into law April 25, 2017 and included a provision to reduce the assumed rate of return from 7.50% to 7.25% effective July 1, 2017. As a result of this legislation, GRS made an adjustment to the calculation of the roll-forward total pension liability for this assumption change as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

The following table provides a summary of the actuarial assumptions and methods used in the July 1, 2016, valuations for the SCRS.

Actuarial Cost Method	Er
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Investment Rate of Return*	7.
Projected Salary Increases*	3.
Benefit Adjustments	Le

Entry Age Normal

7.25%3.0% to 12.5% (varies by service)Lesser of 1% or \$500 annually

SCRS

* Includes inflation at 2.25%.

The post-retiree mortality assumption is dependent upon the member's job category and gender. The base mortality assumptions, the 2016 Public Retirees of South Carolina Mortality table ("2016 PRSC"), were developed using the Systems' mortality experience. These base rates are adjusted for future improvement in mortality using published Scale AA projected from the year 2016.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

A. Retirement Plans (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods (Continued)

Former Job Class	Males	Females
Educators	2016 PRSC Males multiplied by 92%	2016 PRSC Females multiplied by 98%
General Employees and Members of the General Assembly	2016 PRSC Males multiplied by 100%	2016 PRSC Females multiplied by 111%
Public Safety and Firefighters	2016 PRSC Males multiplied by 125%	2016 PRSC Females multiplied by 111%

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is based upon 30 year capital market assumptions. The long-term expected rate of returns represent assumptions developed using an arithmetic building block approach primarily based on consensus expectations and market based inputs. Expected returns are net of investment fees.

The expected returns, along with the expected inflation rate, form the basis for the target asset allocation adopted at the beginning of the 2017 fiscal year. The long-term expected rate of return is produced by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and adding expected inflation and is summarized in the following table. For actuarial purposes, the 7.25 percent assumed annual investment rate of return used in the calculation of the total pension liability includes a 5.00 percent real rate of return and a 2.25 percent inflation component.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

A. Retirement Plans (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (Continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	45.0%		
Global Public Equity	31.0%	6.72%	2.07%
Private Equity	9.0%	9.60%	0.86%
Equity Options Strategies	5.0%	5.91%	0.30%
Real Assets	8.0%		
Real Estate (Private)	5.0%	4.32%	0.22%
Real Estate (REITs)	2.0%	6.33%	0.13%
Commodities	1.0%	6.26%	0.06%
Opportunistic	17.0%		
GTAA/Risk Parity	10.0%	4.16%	0.42%
Hedge Funds (non-PA)	4.0%	3.82%	0.15%
Other Opportunistic Strategies	3.0%	4.16%	0.12%
Diversified Credit	18.0%		
Mixed Credit	6.0%	3.92%	0.24%
Emerging Markets Debt	5.0%	5.01%	0.25%
Private Debt	7.0%	4.37%	0.31%
Conservative Fixed Income	12.0%		
Core Fixed Income	10.0%	1.60%	0.16%
Cash and Short Duration (Net)	2.0%	0.92%	0.02%
Total Expected Real Return	100.0%		5.31%
Inflation for Actuarial Purposes		=	2.25%
Total Expected Nominal Return			7.56%

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability ("NPL") is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB No. 67 less that System's fiduciary net position. NPL totals, as of the June 30, 2017 measurement date, for the SCRS, are presented in the following table:

System	Tot	al Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
SCRS	\$	48,244,437,494	25,732,829,268	\$	22,511,608,226	53.3%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

A. Retirement Plans (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The total pension liability is calculated by the Systems' actuary, and each Plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the Systems' financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB No. 67 in the Systems' notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information. Liability calculations performed by the Systems' actuary for the purpose of satisfying the requirements of GASB Nos. 67 and 68 are not applicable for other purposes, such as determining the Plans' funding requirements.

At June 30, 2018, the School District reported liabilities of approximately \$54,706,000 for its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities for the SCRS. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liabilities for the Plans used to calculate the net pension liabilities were determined based on the most recent actuarial valuation report of July 1, 2016 that was projected forward to the measurement date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liabilities were based on a projection of the School District's long-term share of contributions to the Plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating South Carolina state and local governmental employers, actuarially determined. At the June 30, 2017 measurement date, the School District's SCRS proportion was 0.243013 percent, which was a decrease of 0.053774 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the School District recognized pension expense of approximately \$3,086,000 SCRS. At June 30, 2018, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources (deferred pension charges) and deferred inflows of resources (deferred pension credits) related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Dutflows of Resources	2	erred Inflows Resources
SCRS			
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 243,880	\$	30,322
Change in Assumptions	3,202,457		-
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	1,527,139		-
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between the Employer's			
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	1,634,560		8,666,368
Employer Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	3,555,466		-
Total SCRS	\$ 10,163,502	\$	8,696,690

Approximately \$3,555,000 that was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the School District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date to the SCRS will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liabilities in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources (deferred pension charges) and deferred inflows of resources (deferred pension credits) related to the SCRS will increase (decrease) pension expense as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

A. Retirement Plans (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

SCRS
\$ (981,455) 415,105 (912,903) (609,401)
\$ (2,088,654)
\$

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers in the SCRS will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on provisions in the South Carolina Code of Laws. Based on those assumptions, each System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability

Sensitivity Analysis

The following table presents the sensitivity of the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plans to changes in the discount rate, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what it would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (6.25 percent) or 1% point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

System	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	 1% Increase (8.25%)
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the SCRS	\$ 70,508,693	54,706,134	\$ 45,117,695

Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information regarding the fiduciary net position of the Plans administered by the PEBA is available in the separately issued CAFR containing financial statements and required supplementary information. The CAFR is publicly available through the Retirement Benefits' link on the PEBA's website at www.peba.sc.gov, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia, SC 29223.

Payable to Plan

The School District reported a payable of approximately \$960,000 to the PEBA as of June 30, 2018, representing required employer and employee contributions for the months of May and June 2018 for the SCRS. This amount is included in Accrued Salaries, Fringe & Benefits on the financial statements and was paid by August 2018.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

B. Other Postemployment Benefit Plans

The PEBA is the state agency responsible for the administration and management of the state's employee insurance programs, other postemployment benefits trusts, and retirement systems. The laws of the State and the policies and procedures specified by the State for State agencies are applicable to all activities of the PEBA. By law, the SFAA also reviews certain PEBA Board decisions in administering the State Health Plan and other postemployment benefits ("OPEB"). See Note IV.A for more details on the PEBA and the SFAA.

The PEBA, Insurance Benefits issues audited financial statements and required supplementary information for the OPEB trust funds. This information is publicly available through the Insurance Benefits' link on the PEBA's website at www.peba.sc.gov or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to the PEBA – Insurance Benefits, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia, SC 29223. The PEBA is considered a division of the primary government of the state of South Carolina and therefore, OPEB trust fund financial information is also included in the comprehensive annual financial report of the state.

Plan Descriptions

The Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Funds ("OPEB Trusts" or "OPEB Plans"), collectively refers to the South Carolina Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund ("SCRHITF") and the South Carolina Long-Term Disability Insurance Trust Fund ("SCLTDITF"), were established by the State of South Carolina as Act 195, which became effective on May 2008. The SCRHITF was created to fund and account for the employer costs of the State's retiree health and dental plans. The SCLTDITF was created to fund and account for the employer costs of the State's Basic Long-Term Disability Income Benefit Plan.

In accordance with Act 195, the OPEB Trusts are administered by the PEBA, Insurance Benefits and the State Treasurer is the custodian of the funds held in trust. The PEBA Board has been designated as the Trustee.

The OPEB Trusts are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans. Article 5 of the State Code of Laws defines the two plans and authorizes the Trustee to at any time adjust the plans, including its benefits and contributions, as necessary to insure the fiscal stability of the plans. In accordance with the South Carolina Code of Laws and the annual Appropriations Act, the State provides postemployment health and dental and long-term disability benefits to retired State and school district employees and their covered dependents.

Plan Benefits

The SCRHITF is a healthcare plan that covers retired employees of the State of South Carolina, including all agencies, and public school districts. The SCRHITF provides health and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees. Generally, retirees are eligible for the health and dental benefits if they have established at least ten years of retirement service credit. For new hires beginning employment May 2, 2008 and after, retirees are eligible for benefits if they have established 25 years of service for 100% employer funding and 15-24 years of service for 50% employer funding.

The SCLTDITF is a long-term disability plan that covers employees of the State of South Carolina, including all agencies and public school districts and all participating local governmental entities. The SCLTDITF provides disability payments to eligible employees that have been approved for disability. Since the employer contribution/premium paid and the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the SCLTDITF are not material to the District, no SCLTDITF OPEB amounts have been recorded in these financial statements and only limited note disclosures have been provided related to these benefits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

B. Other Postemployment Benefit Plans (Continued)

Plan Contributions and Funding Policies

Section 1-11-710 of the South Carolina Code of Laws of 1976, as amended, requires these postemployment and long-term disability benefits to be funded through annual appropriations by the General Assembly for active employees to the PEBA, Insurance Benefits and participating retirees to the PEBA, except for the portion funded through the pension surcharge and provided from the other applicable sources of the PEBA, Insurance Benefits. For active employees who are not funded by State General Fund appropriations, participating employers are mandated by State statute to contribute at a rate assessed each year by the Department of Administration Executive Budget Office. The South Carolina Retirement System collects the monthly surcharge for all participating employers and remits it directly to the SCRHITF. Other sources of funding for the SCRHITF include mandatory transfers of accumulated PEBA, Insurance Benefits' reserves and income generated from investments. Employer structure. The implicit subsidy represents a portion of the health care expenditures paid on behalf of the employer's active employees. For purposes of GASB Statement No. 75, this expenditure on behalf of the active employee is reclassified as a retiree health care expenditure so that the employer's contributions towards the plan reflect the underlying age-adjusted, retiree benefit costs.

The covered payroll surcharge rates for the past three years were as follows:

2017 20	18
5.33% 5.5	50%
	5.33% 5.5

^ Calculated on earnable compensation as defined in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws.

The required payroll surcharge, percentages of amounts contributed, and eligible payroll by the School District covered by the SCRHITF for the past three years were as follows:

Year Ended	 Contrib	_			
June 30,	 Required	% Contributed	Eli	gible Payroll	
2018	\$ 1,451,008	100%	\$	26,381,964	
2017	1,429,661	100%		26,817,279	
2016	\$ 1,430,901	100%	\$	26,846,181	

The State (via state appropriations) and the PEBA - Insurance Benefits (via state statute to transfer amounts above 140% of incurred but not reported claims) contributed to the SCRHITF on behalf of the School District approximately \$232,000 for the year ended June 30, 2017 (measurement period) The contributions from these nonemployer contributing entities were approximately \$313,000 for the year ended June 30, 2018 and are recognized as state revenues and intergovernmental expenditures in the School District's governmental fund financial statements.

In accordance with part (b) of paragraph 69 of GASB Statement No. 75, participating employers should recognize revenue in an amount equal to the employer's proportionate share of the change in the collective net OPEB liability arising from contributions to the OPEB plan during the measurement period from non-employer contributing entities for purposes other than the separate financing of specific liabilities to the OPEB plan. Therefore, employers should classify this revenue in the same manner as it classifies grants from other entities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

B. Other Postemployment Benefit Plans (Continued)

Plan Contributions and Funding Policies (continued)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OPEB Trusts, and additions to and deductions from the OPEB Trusts fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the OPEB Trusts. For this purpose, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Therefore, benefit and administrative expenses are recognized when due and payable. Investments are reported at fair value.

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedules of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, present multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial values of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plans (as understood by the employer and plan participants) and include the types of benefits provided at the time the valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The total OPEB liability, net OPEB liability, and sensitivity information were determined by the consulting actuary and are based on the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation. The total OPEB liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the OPEB plan's fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 using generally accepted actuarial principles.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

B. Other Postemployment Benefit Plans (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods (Continued)

The following table provides a summary of the actuarial assumptions and methods used in the latest valuation for the SCRHITF:

Valuation Date: Actuarial Cost Method:	June 30, 2016 Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Inflation:	2.25%
Investment Rate of Return:	4.00%, net of plan investment expense: including inflation
Single Discount Rate:	3.56% as of June 30, 2017
Demographic Assumptions:	Based on the experience study performed for the South Carolina Retirement System for the five-year period ending June 30, 2015
Mortality:	For healthy retirees, the 2016 Public Retirees of South Carolina Mortality Table for Males and the 2016 Public Retirees of South Carolina Mortality Table for Females are used with fully generational mortality projections based on Scale AA from the year 2016. Multipliers are applied to the based tables based on gender and employment type.
Health Care Trend Rate:	Initial trend starting at 7.00% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.15% over a period of 15 years
Aging Factors	Based on plan specific experience
Retiree Participation:	79% for retirees who are eligible for funded premiums
Notes:	There were no benefit changes during the year; the discount rate changed from 2.92% as of June 30, 2016 to 3.56% as of June 30, 2017

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of returns represent assumptions developed using an arithmetic building block approach primarily based on consensus expectations and market based inputs. The expected returns, along with the expected inflation rate, form the basis for the target asset allocation adopted at the beginning of the 2017 fiscal year. The long-term expected rate of return is produced by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. For actuarial purposes, the 4.00 percent assumed annual investment rate of return includes a 1.75 percent real rate of return and a 2.25 percent inflation component. This information is summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return
Conservative Fixed Income	100.0%		
US Domestic Fixed Income	80.0%	2.09%	1.67%
Cash	20.0%	0.84%	0.17%
Total Expected Real Return	100.0%		1.84%
Inflation for Actuarial Purposes		_	2.25%
Total Expected Nominal Return			4.09%
Investment Return Assumption			4.00%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

B. Other Postemployment Benefit Plans (Continued)

Single Discount Rate

The Single Discount Rate of 3.56% was used to measure the total OPEB liability for the SCRHITF. The accounting policy for this plan is to set the Single Discount Rate equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. Due to the SCRHITF's investment and funding policies, the difference between a blended discount rate and the municipal bond rate would be less than several basis points (several hundredths of one percent).

OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability ("NOL") is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB No. 74 less its fiduciary net position. NOL totals, as of the June 30, 2017 measurement date for the SCRHITF, are presented in the following table:

	T		OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net		bloyers' Net OPEB	OPEB Plan Fiducia Position as a Perco of the Total OP	entage
System	1 01	al OPEB Liability	Position	1	Liability (Asset)	Liability	
SCRHITF	\$	14,659,610,970	1,114,774,760	\$	13,544,836,210		7.6%

The total OPEB liability is calculated by PEBA's actuary, and the fiduciary net position is reported in the PEBA's financial statements. The net OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB No. 74 in the PEBA's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information. Liability calculations performed by the Systems' actuary for the purpose of satisfying the requirements of GASB Nos. 74 and 75 are not applicable for other purposes, such as determining the OPEB Plans' funding requirements.

At June 30, 2018, the School District reported a liability of approximately \$39,701,000 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability for the SCRHITF. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability for the SCRHITF used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined based on the most recent actuarial valuation report of June 30, 2016 that was projected forward to the measurement date. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the School District's long-term share of contributions to the SCRHITF relative to the projected contributions of all participating South Carolina state and local governmental employers, actuarially determined. At the June 30, 2017 measurement date, the School District's proportion was 0.293107 percent; there was no change from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

B. Other Postemployment Benefits Plans (Continued)

OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the School District recognized OPEB expense of approximately \$2,416,000 for the SCRHITF. At June 30, 2018, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources (deferred OPEB charges) and deferred inflows of resources (deferred OPEB credits) related to OPEBs from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	-	\$	17,231	
Change in Assumptions		-		3,735,667	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments		68,217		-	
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between the Employer's					
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		-		566	
Employer Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		1,451,008		-	
Total	\$	1,519,225	\$	3,753,464	

Approximately \$1,451,000 that was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the School District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date to the SCRHITF, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources (deferred OPEB charges) and deferred inflows of resources (deferred OPEB credits) related to the SCRHITF will increase (decrease) OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	ease (Decrease) PEB Expense
2019	\$ (583,885)
2020	(583,885)
2021	(583,885)
2022	(583,885)
2023	(600,939)
Thereafter	(748,768)
Total	\$ (3,685,247)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the sensitivity of the School District's net OPEB liability for the SCRHITF to changes in the discount rate, calculated using the discount rate of 3.56%, as well as what it would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (2.56%) or 1% point higher (4.56%) than the current rate:

	 1% Decrease (2.56%)	Current Discount Rate (3.56%)		1% Increase (4.56%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 46,756,395	39,700,863	\$	34,012,377

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

B. Other Postemployment Benefit Plans (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following table presents the sensitivity of the School District's net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rate, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate of 7.00% decreasing to 4.15%, as well as what it would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1% point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.15%) or 1% point higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.15%) than the current rate:

			Current Healthcare		
	19	% Decrease	Cost Trend Rate		1% Increase
	(6.00	% decreasing to 3.15%)	(7.00% decreasing to 4.15%)	(8.00	% decreasing to 5.15%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$	32,556,353	39,700,863	\$	48,951,287

OPEB Plans' Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information regarding the fiduciary net position of the OPEB Plans administered by the PEBA is available in the separately issued financial statements and required supplementary information for the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority, Insurance Benefits and Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Funds. This information is publicly available through the Insurance Benefits' link on the PEBA's website at <u>www.peba.sc.gov</u> or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to the PEBA – Insurance Benefits, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia, SC 29223.

Payable to SCRHITF

The School District reported a payable of approximately \$390,000 to the PEBA as of June 30, 2018, representing required employer contributions for the months of May and June 2018 for the SCRHITF. This amount is included in Accrued Salaries, Fringe & Benefits on the financial statements and was paid by August 2018.

C. Risk Management

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. Because of the high cost of insurance purchased from commercial insurers, the School District has chosen to participate with other school districts in South Carolina in the South Carolina School Boards Insurance Trust/Workers' Compensation Pool ("SCSBIT/WCP"), as well as in its Property and Casualty Pool ("SCSBIT/PCP"). These public entity risk pools operate as a common risk management and insurance program for member school districts.

The School District pays annual premiums to the public entity risk pools for its workers' compensation and property liability insurance coverage based upon the total payroll of the School District for each plan year. The agreement for formation of the public entity risk pools provides that SCSBIT/WCP and SCSBIT/PCP will be self-sustaining through member premiums and any deficiencies can be charged back to the member school districts in the event that a fund deficit arises. As of the latest available audited financial statements at June 30, 2017, the SCSBIT/WCP had net position of approximately \$36,592,000 and the SCSBIT/PCP had net position of approximately \$25,376,000. There were no reductions in insurance coverage as compared to the previous year. There were no insurance settlements that exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

D. Commitments and Contingencies

The School District participates in a number of state and federally assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The amount of program expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the School District expects such amounts, if any, would not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the School District.

Various claims and lawsuits are pending against the School District. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the School District's management and legal counsel that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the School District.

E. Tax Abatements

School District's Tax Abatements

The School District does not have any of its own tax abatement agreements.

Marion County's Abatements

The School District's property tax revenues were reduced by approximately \$350,000 under agreements entered into by Marion County, South Carolina.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGETS AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	BUDGETED A		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
REVENUES	ORIGINAL	FINAL	BASIS)	(NEGATIVE)	
Local Sources:					
Taxes	\$ 8,710,000	8,710,000	8,678,789	\$ (31,211)	
Investment Earnings	30,000	30,000	157,879	127,879	
Other Local Sources	195,500	195,500	438,996	243,496	
State Sources Federal Sources	26,900,583	26,900,583	25,330,932 12,210	(1,569,651) 12,210	
		-		-	
TOTAL REVENUE ALL SOURCES	35,836,083	35,836,083	34,618,806	(1,217,277)	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Instruction	20,352,232	20,352,232	19,232,179	1,120,053	
Support Services	16,822,238	16,822,238	16,185,252	636,986	
Intergovernmental	12,000	12,000	10,722	1,278	
Capital Outlay	21,324	21,324	21,323	1	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	37,207,794	37,207,794	35,449,476	1,758,318	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF					
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(1,371,711)	(1,371,711)	(830,670)	541,041	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In	1,371,711	1,371,711	1,364,493	(7,218)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	1,371,711	1,371,711	1,364,493	(7,218)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	533,823	533,823	
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year	4,640,082	4,640,082	4,640,082		
FUND BALANCE, End of Year	\$ 4,640,082	4,640,082	5,173,905	\$ 533,823	

Note to the Required Supplementary Information:

The budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

			Yea	Year Ended June 30,			
		2018	2017	2016	2015		2014
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.243013%	0.296787%	0.279607%	0.295446%		0.295446%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	54,706,134	63,393,265	53,028,816	50,866,006	S	52,992,473
School District's Covered Payroll	S	26,817,279	26,846,181	26,364,427	26,922,564	S	26,684,469
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		204.00%	236.14%	201.14%	188.93%		198.59%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		53.34%	52.91%	56.99%	59.92%		56.39%

Notes to Schedule:

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30th of the preceding year. The School District implemented GASB #68/71 during the year ended June 30, 2015. Information before 2014 is not available. The discount rate was lowered from 7.50% to 7.25% for the year ended June 30, 2018.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

		Ye	Year Ended June 30,			
	2018	2017	2016	2015		2014
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 3,555,466	3,077,386	2,970,517	2,857,662	S	2,844,094
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	3,555,466	3,077,386	2,970,517	2,857,662		2,844,094
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)			•	1		'
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 26,381,964	26,817,279	26,846,181	26,364,427	S	26,922,564
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	13.48%	11.48%	11.06%	10.84%		10.56%

Notes to Schedule:

The School District implemented GASB #68/71 during the year ended June 30, 2015. Information before 2014 is not available. The contractually required contribution rate was increased from 11.56% to 13.56% of eligible payroll for the year ended June 30, 2018.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - OPEB PLAN SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREE HEALTH INSURANCE TRUST FUND

LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

	 Year End	ed Jui	ne 30,
	 2018		2017
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.293107%		0.293107%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 39,700,863	\$	42,408,570
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 26,817,279	\$	26,846,181
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	148.0%		158.0%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	7.6%		6.6%

Notes to Schedule:

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30th of the preceding year (measurement date). The School District adopted GASB #75 during the year ended June 30, 2018. Information before 2017 is not available. The discount rate changed from 2.92% as of June 30, 2016 measurement date to 3.56% for the June 30, 2017 measurement date.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - OPEB PLAN SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREE HEALTH INSURANCE TRUST FUND

LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

		Year Ended June 30,				
	2018			2017		
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	1,451,008	\$	1,429,361		
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		1,451,008	_	1,429,361		
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$	-		
School District's Covered Payroll	\$	26,381,964	\$	26,817,279		
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		5.50%		5.33%		

Notes to Schedule:

The School District adopted GASB #75 during the year ended June 30, 2018. Information before 2017 is not available.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - FINAL BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	V	ARIANCE
REVENUES				
 1000 Revenue from Local Sources: 1200 Revenue from Local Governmental Units Other than LEAs: 1210 Ad Valorem Taxes-Including Delinquent (Independent) 1280 Revenue in Lieu of Taxes (Independent and Dependent) 	\$ 8,530,000 180,000	8,503,587 175,202	\$	(26,413) (4,798)
1300 Tuition:	140.500	102 142		
1310 From Patrons for Regular Day School	140,500	182,143		41,643
1500 Earnings on Investments: 1510 Interest on Investments	30,000	157,879		127,879
 1900 Other Revenue from Local Sources: 1910 Rentals 1950 Refund of Prior Year's Expenditures 1990 Miscellaneous Local Revenue: 	50,000	38,494 20,976		(11,506) 20,976
1990 Miscenarcous Eocar Revenue. 1993 Receipt of Insurance Proceeds 1999 Revenue from Other Local Sources	5,000	178,921 18,462		178,921 13,462
Total Revenue from Local Sources	 8,935,500	9,275,664		340,164
3000 Revenue from State Sources: 3100 Restricted State Funding: 3130 Special Programs:				
 3131 Handicapped Transportation 3160 School Bus Driver's Salary (Includes Hazardous Condition Transportation) 3162 Transportation Workers' Compensation 3180 Fringe Benefits Employer Contributions (No Carryover Provision) 3181 Retiree Insurance (No Carryover Provision) 3199 Other Restricted State Grants 	596,351 32,301 5,882,402 1,163,232	652 595,120 32,686 5,249,686 1,023,948 3,301		652 (1,231) 385 (632,716) (139,284) 3,301
3300 Education Finance Act: 3310 Full-Time Programs:				
 3311 Kindergarten 3312 Primary 3313 Elementary 3314 High School 3315 Trainable Mentally Handicapped 3316 Speech Handicapped (Part-Time) 3317 Homebound 	653,225 1,993,323 2,963,215 1,598,954 93,223 813,644 2,727	584,642 1,810,830 2,854,528 1,863,808 63,927 648,826 5,831		(68,583) (182,493) (108,687) 264,854 (29,296) (164,818) 3,104
 3320 Part-Time Programs: 3321 Emotionally Handicapped 3322 Educable Mentally Handicapped 3323 Learning Disabilities 3324 Hearing Handicapped 3325 Visually Handicapped 	31,041 97,735 1,178,276 20,554 46,481	28,046 93,381 1,126,123 15,292 50,975		(2,995) (4,354) (52,153) (5,262) 4,494
3326 Orthopedically Handicapped 3327 Vocational	\$ 5,113 813,042	35,980 406,521	\$	30,867 (406,521)

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - FINAL BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
3330 Other EFA Programs:			
3331 Autism	\$ 216,285	252,572	\$ 36,287
3332 High Achieving	56,227	65,414	9,187
3334 Limited English Proficiency	40,305	38,876	(1,429)
3351 Academic Assistance	524,148	578,552	54,404
3352 Pupils in Poverty	1,752,174	1,658,957	(93,217)
3353 Dual Credit	10,969	17,375	6,406
3375 Education Foundation Supplement	-	67,272	67,272
3392 NBC Excess EFA Formula	-	47,250	47,250
3800 State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes:			
3810 Reimbursement for Local Residential Property Tax Relief (Tier 1)	1,886,350	1,866,170	(20,180)
3820 Homestead Exemption (Tier 2)	750,000	748,244	(1,756)
3825 Reimbursement for Property Tax Relief (Tier 3)	2,825,378	2,797,668	(27,710)
3827 \$2.5 Million Bonus	153,315	-	(153,315)
3830 Merchant's Inventory Tax	150,000	123,990	(26,010)
3840 Manufacturers Depreciation Reimbursement	62,000	64,378	2,378
3890 Other State Property Tax Revenues (Includes MC Vehicle Tax)	137,521	197,536	60,015
3900 Other State Revenue:			
3993 PEBA On-Behalf	295,413	295,413	-
3999 Revenue from Other State Sources	55,659	17,162	(38,497)
Total Revenue from State Sources	26,900,583	25,330,932	(1,569,651)
4900 Other Federal Sources: 4999 Revenue from Other Federal Sources	-	12,210	12,210
Total Revenue from Federal Sources		12,210	12,210
TOTAL REVENUE ALL SOURCES	35,836,083	34,618,806	(1,217,277)
EXPENDITURES			
100 Instruction:			
110 General Instruction:			
111 Kindergarten Programs:			
100 Salaries	950,178	803,352	146,826
200 Employee Benefits	425,939	371,565	54,374
300 Purchased Services	51,638	56,289	(4,651)
400 Supplies and Materials	20,232	17,024	3,208
600 Other Objects	450	450	-
112 Primary Programs:			
100 Salaries	2,008,914	1,926,337	82,577
200 Employee Benefits	827,818	790,135	37,683
300 Purchased Services	76,367	79,897	(3,530)
400 Supplies and Materials	40,755	30,597	10,158
600 Other Objects	\$ 2,550	2,550	\$ -

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - FINAL BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		FINAL			
]	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VA	RIANCE
113 Elementary Programs:					
100 Salaries	\$	4,063,709	3,734,668	\$	329,041
200 Employee Benefits		1,648,003	1,522,803		125,200
300 Purchased Services		138,112	224,456		(86,344)
400 Supplies and Materials		65,976	54,107		11,869
600 Other Objects		3,806	3,686		120
114 High School Programs:					
100 Salaries		3,482,842	3,458,421		24,421
200 Employee Benefits		1,385,222	1,279,168		106,054
300 Purchased Services		143,811	154,311		(10,500)
400 Supplies and Materials		52,739	41,387		11,352
600 Other Objects		4,065	2,384		1,681
115 Career and Technology Education Program:		,	,		,
100 Salaries		829,086	835,560		(6,474)
200 Employee Benefits		343,653	362,880		(19,227)
300 Purchased Services - Other Than Tuition		55,325	54,248		1,077
400 Supplies and Materials		33,736	27,734		6,002
600 Other Objects		1,677	1,650		27
117 Driver Education Program:		,	,		
100 Salaries		54,251	53,753		498
200 Employee Benefits		22,914	23,502		(588)
300 Purchased Services		850	1,435		(585)
400 Supplies and Materials		2,725	1,031		1,694
120 Exceptional Programs:					
121 Educable Mentally-Handicapped: 100 Salaries		345,952	186,262		159,690
			,		,
200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services		173,230	94,377		78,853
		65,278	3,592		61,686
400 Supplies and Materials		5,542	2,221		3,321
122 Trainable Mentally Handicapped: 100 Salaries		226 410	280.021		16 109
		336,419	289,921		46,498
200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services		170,021	138,288		31,733
		3,000	6,104		(3,104)
400 Supplies and Materials		1,108	862		246
123 Orthopedically Handicapped:		(5)5	(1(1		
100 Salaries		6,525	6,461		64
200 Employee Benefits		2,240	2,359		(119)
400 Supplies and Materials		850	13		837
124 Visually Handicapped:		4.070	1 2 5 2		
100 Salaries		4,373	4,373		-
200 Employee Benefits		1,680	1,879		(199)
125 Hearing Handicapped:		1 0 10			1
400 Supplies and Materials		1,242	-		1,242
126 Speech Handicapped:		1 (2.021	107.020		(25.000)
100 Salaries		162,831	187,930		(25,099)
200 Employee Benefits	¢	60,283	73,747	¢	(13,464)
400 Supplies and Materials	\$	2,800	1,079	\$	1,721

(Continued)

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - FINAL BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	FIN BUD		ACTUAL	VA	RIANCE
127 Learning Disabilities:					
100 Salaries	\$	831,509	896,202	\$	(64,693)
200 Employee Benefits		330,224	368,254		(38,030)
300 Purchased Services		6,720	15,782		(9,062)
400 Supplies and Materials		3,381	690		2,691
128 Emotionally Handicapped:					
100 Salaries		9,309	9,309		-
200 Employee Benefits		3,154	3,337		(183)
400 Supplies and Materials		500	-		500
130 Pre-School Programs:					
137 Pre-School Handicapped-Self-Contained (3 & 4-Yr. Olds):					
100 Salaries		73,648	73,138		510
200 Employee Benefits		53,532	46,858		6,674
300 Purchased Services		2,000	2,154		(154)
139 Early Childhood Programs:					
100 Salaries		-	350		(350)
200 Employee Benefits		-	27		(27)
400 Supplies and Materials		1,250	157		1,093
140 Special Programs:					
141 Gifted and Talented - Academic:					
100 Salaries		84,557	70,096		14,461
200 Employee Benefits		30,709	26,980		3,729
300 Purchased Services		825	-		825
400 Supplies and Materials		400	400		-
143 Advanced Placement:					
100 Salaries		19,363	10,599		8,764
200 Employee Benefits		6,494	3,333		3,161
400 Supplies and Materials		1,392	267		1,125
145 Homebound:					
100 Salaries		26,000	39,819		(13,819)
200 Employee Benefits		-	10,877		(10,877)
300 Purchased Services		10,895	9,265		1,630
400 Supplies and Materials		200	-		200
147 CDEPP:					
100 Salaries		337,471	300,962		36,509
200 Employee Benefits		124,384	114,111		10,273
300 Purchased Services		18,176	10,753		7,423
400 Supplies and Materials		21,074	20,664		410
148 Gifted and Talented - Artistic:					
100 Salaries		8,089	8,089		-
200 Employee Benefits		4,002	4,076		(74)
149 Other Special Programs:					
100 Salaries		-	18,731		(18,731)
200 Employee Benefits	*	-	5,103	¢	(5,103)
300 Purchased Services	\$	-	2,007	\$	(2,007)

(Continued)

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - FINAL BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		INAL JDGET	ACTUAL	V	ARIANCE
160 Other Exceptional Programs:					
161 Autism:					
100 Salaries	\$	128,284	145,650	\$	(17,366)
200 Employee Benefits		60,701	65,692		(4,991)
300 Purchased Services		7,450	5,106		2,344
400 Supplies and Materials		1,450	238		1,212
172 Elementary Summer School:					
300 Purchased Services		500	-		500
400 Supplies and Materials		3,551	-		3,551
175 Instructional Programs Beyond Regular School Day:					
100 Salaries		5,000	550		4,450
200 Employee Benefits		3,000	151		2,849
300 Purchased Services		3,050	-		3,050
180 Adult/Continuing Educational Programs:					
181 Adult Basic Education Programs:					
300 Purchased Services		400	109		291
400 Supplies and Materials		1,600	100		1,500
182 Adult Secondary Education Programs:					
300 Purchased Services		600	109		491
400 Supplies and Materials		400	89		311
183 Adult English Literacy (ESL):					
188 Parenting/Family Literacy:					
100 Salaries		-	172		(172)
300 Purchased Services		500	-		500
400 Supplies and Materials		3,800	-		3,800
190 Instructional Pupil Activity:					
100 Salaries		33,482	21,200		12,282
200 Employee Benefits		8,489	5,775		2,714
Total Instruction		20,352,232	19,232,179		1,120,053
		20,332,232	19,252,119		1,120,000
200 Support Services:					
210 Pupil Services:					
211 Attendance and Social Work Services:					
100 Salaries		184,148	184,699		(551)
200 Employee Benefits		84,017	80,668		3,349
300 Purchased Services		11,100	8,134		2,966
212 Guidance Services:		7 0 < 00 4	60 6 1 7 6		(0.670)
100 Salaries		596,804	606,456		(9,652)
200 Employee Benefits		234,225	238,875		(4,650)
300 Purchased Services		7,800	1,594		6,206
400 Supplies and Materials		6,090	3,944		2,146
600 Other Objects		400	-		400
213 Health Services:		256 625	070 400		(22.000)
100 Salaries		256,625	279,433		(22,808)
200 Employee Benefits		117,243	116,048		1,195
300 Purchased Services	¢	33,625	2,268	¢	31,357
400 Supplies and Materials	\$	10,540	8,226	\$	2,314

(Continued)

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - FINAL BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
214 Psychological Services:			
100 Salaries	\$ 45,069	45,820	\$ (751)
200 Employee Benefits	22,915	23,276	(361)
216 Vocational Placement Services:			
100 Salaries	32,825	8,288	24,537
200 Employee Benefits	12,873	5,257	7,616
300 Purchased Services	2,000	1,055	945
400 Supplies and Materials	600	153	447
220 Instructional Staff Services:			
221 Improvement of Instruction-Curriculum Development:			
100 Salaries	391,744	364,461	27,283
200 Employee Benefits	164,858	138,886	25,972
300 Purchased Services	53,100	38,788	14,312
400 Supplies and Materials	13,397	1,580	11,817
600 Other Objects	1,100	351	749
222 Library and Media Services:			
100 Salaries	503,936	478,864	25,072
200 Employee Benefits	226,545	202,827	23,718
300 Purchased Services	36,996	24,189	12,807
400 Supplies and Materials	38,895	25,005	13,890
223 Supervision of Special Programs:			
100 Salaries	110,206	110,729	(523)
200 Employee Benefits	54,401	45,713	8,688
300 Purchased Services	28,998	37,922	(8,924)
400 Supplies and Materials	5,252	1,893	3,359
600 Other Objects	1,555	1,112	443
224 Improvement of Instruction-Inservice and Staff Training:	15 205	1 1 2 7	14.259
300 Purchased Services	15,385	1,127	14,258
400 Supplies and Materials 600 Other Objects	5,748 3,115	1,035	4,713 173
-	3,113	2,942	1/5
230 General Administrative Services:			
231 Board of Education:			
100 Salaries	87,797	84,886	2,911
200 Employee Benefits	24,976	25,026	(50)
300 Purchased Services	163,500	98,554	64,946
318 Audit Services	51,000	52,994	(1,994)
400 Supplies and Materials	18,900	15,343	3,557
600 Other Objects	16,650	13,234	3,416
232 Office of Superintendent:	270 502	170 545	00.050
100 Salaries	270,503	179,545	90,958
200 Employee Benefits	97,909	71,238	26,671
300 Purchased Services	26,778	16,084	10,694
400 Supplies and Materials	28,765 \$ 28,400	15,538	13,227 \$ 14,056
600 Other Objects	\$ 38,400	24,344	\$ 14,056

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - FINAL BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VA	ARIANCE
233 School Administration:				
100 Salaries	\$ 1,976,692	2,050,217	\$	(73,525)
200 Employee Benefits	815,126	824,888		(9,762)
300 Purchased Services	77,522	27,626		49,896
400 Supplies and Materials	48,361	32,342		16,019
600 Other Objects	8,503	4,981		3,522
250 Finance and Operations Services:				
251 Student Transportation (Federal/District Mandated):				
200 Employee Benefits	-	2,369		(2,369)
252 Fiscal Services:				
100 Salaries	271,623	264,044		7,579
200 Employee Benefits	11,725	114,384		(102,659)
300 Purchased Services	165,100	126,845		38,255
400 Supplies and Materials	37,500	12,803		24,697
600 Other Objects	11,614	27,530		(15,916)
253 Facilities Acquisition and Construction:				
300 Purchased Services	6,300	-		6,300
254 Operation and Maintenance of Plant:				
100 Salaries	1,156,477	1,159,299		(2,822)
200 Employee Benefits	582,517	543,854		38,663
300 Purchased Services	1,232,997	1,380,330		(147,333)
321 Public Utilities (Excludes Gas, Oil, Elec. & Other Heating Fuels)	109,488	110,087		(599)
400 Supplies and Materials	490,089	479,412		10,677
470 Energy (Includes Gas, Oil, Elec. & Other Heating Fuels)	1,432,530	1,401,200		31,330
500 Capital Outlay	21,324	21,323		1
600 Other Objects	386	386		-
255 Student Transportation (State Mandated):				
100 Salaries	1,001,056	1,078,973		(77,917)
200 Employee Benefits	537,476	477,725		59,751
300 Purchased Services	88,875	20,444		68,431
400 Supplies and Materials	26,575	7,322		19,253
600 Other Objects	4,320	3,670		650
256 Food Service:				
200 Employee Benefits	514,232	300,170		214,062
257 Internal Services:				
300 Purchased Services	24,971	13,147		11,824
400 Supplies and Materials	1,620	-		1,620
600 Other Objects	600	-		600
258 Security:				
200 Employee Benefits	9,510	-		9,510
300 Purchased Services	301,492	291,901		9,591
400 Supplies and Materials	\$ 12,040	9,300	\$	2,740

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - FINAL BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
260 Central Support Services:			
263 Information Services:			
100 Salaries	\$ 73,731	74,468	\$ (737)
200 Employee Benefits	23,270	25,013	(1,743)
300 Purchased Services	10,000	5,882	4,118
400 Supplies and Materials	6,500	1,798	4,702
600 Other Objects	1,000	366	634
264 Staff Services:	251 105	252 (90	(2, 40.5)
100 Salaries	251,185	253,680	(2,495)
200 Employee Benefits	79,283	92,274	(12,991)
300 Purchased Services 400 Supplies and Materials	53,200 12,300	48,688 6,486	4,512 5,814
600 Other Objects	3,000	1,227	1,773
266 Technology and Data Processing Services:	3,000	1,227	1,775
100 Salaries	283,454	231,723	51,731
200 Employee Benefits	117,029	92,806	24,223
300 Purchased Services	83,045	219,516	(136,471)
400 Supplies and Materials	186,067	182,736	3,331
600 Other Objects	400	176	224
270 Support Services Pupil Activity: 271 Pupil Services Activities:			
100 Salaries (Optional)	324,573	272,810	51,763
200 Employee Benefits (Optional)	6,677	67,771	(61,094)
300 Purchased Services (Optional)	153,520	105,498	48,022
400 Supplies and Materials (Optional)	47,045	39,754	7,291
600 Other Objects (Optional)	8,784	7,927	857
660 Pupil Activity	1,550	1,000	550
Total Support Services	16,843,562	16,206,575	636,987
400 Other Charges: 410 Intergovernmental Expenditures:			
411 Payments to the SDE			
720 Transits	10,000	-	10,000
412 Payments to Other Governmental Units	,		,
720 Transits	2,000	10,722	(8,722)
Total Intergovernmental Expenditures	12,000	10,722	1,278
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 37,207,794	35,449,476	\$ 1,758,318
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Interfund Transfers, From (To) Other Funds:			
5230 Transfer from Special Revenue EIA Fund	1,046,711	1,011,117	(35,594)
5280 Transfer from Other Funds Indirect Costs	325,000	353,376	28,376
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	\$ 1,371,711	1,364,493	\$ (7,218)
	ψ 1,5/1,/11	1,507,795	φ (7,210)

(Continued)

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - FINAL BUDGET AND ACTUAL

]	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VA	RIANCE
EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	-	533,823	\$	533,823
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year		4,640,082	4,640,082		-
FUND BALANCES, End of Year	\$	4,640,082	5,173,905	\$	533,823

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	Title I (BA Projects) (201 / 202)	IDEA (CA Projects) (203 / 204)
REVENUES		
1000 Revenue from Local Sources: 1300 Tuition: 1350 From Patrons for Summer School	\$ -	-
 1900 Other Revenue from Local Sources: 1920 Contributions and Donations Private Sources 1930 Medicaid 1990 Miscellaneous Local Revenue: 1999 Revenue from Other Local Sources 	- - -	- - -
Total Revenue from Local Sources	-	
2000 Intergovernmental Revenue: 2100 Payments from Other Governmental Units Total Intergovernmental Revenue	-	
 3000 Revenue from State Sources: 3100 Restricted State Funding: 3110 Occupational Education: 3105 Technology Technical Assistance 	-	-
 3118 EEDA Career Specialist 3120 General Education: 3127 Student Health and Fitness - PE Teachers 3130 Special Programs: 3134 CDEP Expansion Full Day 4K 	-	-
3135 Reading Coaches 3136 Student Health and Fitness - Nurses 3177 Summer Reading Camp 3183 Teacher Recruiting and Retention (Carryover Only)	-	
3190 Miscellaneous Restricted State Grants:3193 Education License Plates3199 Other State Grants	-	:
3600 Education Lottery Act Revenue: 3630 K-12 Technology Initiative 3655 Classroom Libraries	:	-
3900 Other State Revenue:3994 PEBA Nonemployer Contributions3999 Revenue from Other State Sources		-
Total Revenue from State Sources	\$ -	

Totals	 Other Special Revenue Programs (200s/800s/900s)	Other Designated Restricted State Grants (900s)	Adult Education (EA Projects) (243)	CATE (VA Projects) (207)	Preschool Handicapped (CG Projects) (205 / 206)
160	\$ 160	-	-	-	-
444,661 696,068	444,661 696,068	-	-	-	-
13,856	13,856	-	-	-	-
1,154,745	 1,154,745	-			-
103,615	103,615	-	-	-	-
103,615	 103,615	-			-
779,723	-	779,723	-	-	-
357,745	-	357,745	-	-	-
50,184	-	50,184	-	-	-
24,348	-	24,348	-	-	-
188,190	-	188,190	-	-	-
135,957	-	135,957	-	-	-
19,170 213,353	-	19,170 213,353	-	-	-
215,555	-	215,555	-	-	-
880	-	880	-	-	-
2,969	2,969	-	-	-	-
210,596	-	210,596	-	-	-
37,600	37,600	-	-	-	-
313,474	_	313,474	_	_	-
569,186	569,186	-	-	-	-
2,903,375	\$ 609,755	2,293,620			

(Continued)

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

200 Employee Benefits

300 Purchased Services

113 Elementary Programs:

200 Employee Benefits

300 Purchased Services

400 Supplies and Materials

100 Salaries

400 Supplies and Materials

	Titl (BA Pro (201 /	ojects)	IDEA (CA Projects) (203 / 204)
4000 Revenue from Federal Sources: 4200 Occupational Education:			
4210 Perkins Aid, Title I	\$	-	-
 4300 Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (ESEA): 4310 Title I, Basic State Grant Programs (Carryover Provision) 4312 Rural and Low-Income School Program, Title VI (Carryover Provision) 4341 Language Instruction for Limited English Proficient 	2	3,023,686 -	:
and Immigrant Students, Title III (Carryover Provision) 4351 Improving Teacher Quality (Carryover Provision) 4400 Adult Education:		-	-
4410 Basic Adult Education 4490 Other Adult Education		-	-
4500 Programs for Children with Disabilities: 4510 Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) (Carryover Provision) 4520 Preschool Grants (IDEA) (Carryover Provision)		-	2,158,835
4900 Other Federal Sources:4997 Title IV SSAE4999 Revenue from Other Federal Sources		-	-
Total Revenue from Federal Sources		3,023,686	2,158,835
TOTAL REVENUE ALL SOURCES		3,023,686	2,158,835
EXPENDITURES			
100 Instruction: 110 General Instruction:			
111 Kindergarten Program: 100 Salaries		52,711	-
200 Employee Benefits		25,311	-
300 Purchased Services		1,888	-
400 Supplies and Materials		2,825	-
112 Primary Programs: 100 Salaries		200 849	
		300,848	-

-

-

-

-

-

117,483

74,433

100,439

358,858

157,290

81,095

120,721

\$

Preschool Handicapped (CG Projects) (205 / 206)	CATE (VA Projects) (207)	Adult Education (EA Projects) (243)	Other Designated Restricted State Grants (900s)	Other Special Revenue Programs (200s/800s/900s)	Totals	
-	92,655	-	-	-	\$ 92	2,655
-	-	-	-	100,000	3,123	3,686
-	-	-	-	96,484		6,484
-	-	-	-	6,654 422,753		6,654 2,753
-	-	63,272	-	-	63	3,272
-	-	-	-	113,816	113	3,816
39,862	-	-	-	7,364		6,199 9,862
59,002	-	-	_	-		,002
-	-	-	-	1,955 428,233		1,955 8,233
39,862	92,655	63,272		1,177,259		5,569
39,862	92,655	63,272	2,293,620	3,045,374	10,717	
-	-	-	-	84,512		7,223
-	-	-	-	34,683 1,534		9,994 3,422
-	-	-	-	5,504		8,329
-	-	-	19,533	232,973		3,354
-	-	-	7,324	123,407		8,214
-	-	-	- 13,256	6,962 18,940		1,395 2,635
-	-	_	132,911	107,908	590	9,677
-	-	-	55,279	49,362		1,931
-	-	-	-	14,134		5,229
-	-	-	10,070	53,947	\$ 184	4,738

(Continued)

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

		Title I A Projects) 01 / 202)	IDEA (CA Projects) (203 / 204)	
114 High School Programs:				
100 Salaries	\$	184,606	-	
200 Employee Benefits	Ŷ	78,805	-	
300 Purchased Services		63,310	-	
400 Supplies and Materials		34,232	-	
600 Other Objects		100	-	
115 Career and Technology Education Program:				
300 Purchased Services - Other Than Tuition		-	-	
400 Supplies and Materials		-	-	
500 Capital Outlay		-	-	
600 Other Objects		-	-	
120 Exceptional Programs:				
121 Educable Mentally Handicapped:				
100 Salaries		-	73,133	
200 Employee Benefits		-	1,797	
300 Purchased Services		-	28,061	
400 Supplies and Materials		-	84,999	
122 Trainable Mentally Handicapped:			,	
100 Salaries		-	28,494	
200 Employee Benefits		-	14,223	
300 Purchased Services		-	88,347	
400 Supplies and Materials		-	47,888	
123 Orthopedically Handicapped:				
100 Salaries		-	13,411	
200 Employee Benefits		-	7,864	
300 Purchased Services		-	401	
124 Visually Handicapped:				
300 Purchased Services		-	147,941	
400 Supplies and Materials		-	5,149	
125 Hearing Handicapped:				
300 Purchased Services		-	71,558	
126 Speech Handicapped:			11.000	
100 Salaries		-	44,690	
200 Employee Benefits		-	19,889	
300 Purchased Services		-	44,685	
400 Supplies and Materials 127 Learning Disabilities:		-	6,977	
127 Learning Disabilities: 100 Salaries			214 222	
200 Employee Benefits		-	214,233	
300 Purchased Services		-	47,739 55,787	
400 Supplies and Materials	\$	-	56,617	

Totals	Other Special Revenue Programs (200s/800s/900s)	Other Designated Restricted State Grants (900s)	Adult Education (EA Projects) (243)	CATE (VA Projects) (207)	Preschool Handicapped (CG Projects) (205 / 206)
361,773	177,167 \$	-	-	-	-
136,030	57,225	-	-	-	-
63,310	-	-	-	-	-
52,885	17,773	880	-	-	-
100	-	-	-	-	-
20 555				20 555	
39,555 18,141	-	-	-	39,555 18,141	-
33,934	-	-	-	33,934	-
115,046	115,046	-	-		-
115,040	113,040	-	-	-	-
= 100					
73,133	-	-	-	-	-
1,797	-	-	-	-	-
28,061	-	-	-	-	-
84,999	-	-	-	-	-
28,494	-	-	-	-	-
14,223	-	-	-	-	-
88,347	-	-	-	-	-
52,209	4,321	-	-	-	-
13,411	-	-	-	-	-
7,864	-	-	-	-	-
401	-	-	-	-	-
147,941	-	-	-	-	-
5,149	-	-	-	-	-
71,558	-	-	-	-	-
	A (##				
47,345	2,655	-	-	-	-
20,620	731	-	-	-	-
257,723	213,038	-	-	-	-
6,977	-	-	-	-	-
214,233	-	-	-	-	-
47,739	-	-	-	-	-
55,787	-	-	-	-	-
56,617	- \$	-	-	-	-

(Continued)

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	Title I (BA Projects) (201 / 202)	IDEA (CA Projects) (203 / 204)
128 Emotionally Handicapped:100 Salaries200 Employee Benefits400 Supplies and Materials	\$ - - -	1,947 972 550
 130 Pre-School Programs: 137 Pre-School Handicapped Self-Contained (3 & 4-Yr. Olds): 100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits 400 Supplies and Materials 	- - -	7,047 6,586 10,771
 140 Special Programs: 147 CDEPP: 400 Supplies and Materials 149 Other Special Programs: 100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services 400 Supplies and Materials 	- - - - -	- 17,159 5,908 282 260
 160 Other Exceptional Programs: 161 Autism: 100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services 400 Supplies and Materials 	- - - -	62,048 23,604 66,705 54,934
 170 Summer School Programs: 171 Primary Summer School: 400 Supplies and Materials 173 High School Summer School: 300 Purchased Services 400 Supplies and Materials 	-	- - -
 180 Adult/Continuing Educational Programs: 181 Adult Basic Education Programs: 100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services 400 Supplies and Materials 182 Adult Secondary Education Programs: 100 Salaries 200 Employee Development 	- - - -	- - - -
200 Employee Benefits300 Purchased Services400 Supplies and Materials600 Other Objects	- - - \$ -	- - -

Totals	Other Special Revenue Programs (200s/800s/900s)	Other Designated Restricted State Grants (900s)	Adult Education (EA Projects) (243)	CATE (VA Projects) (207)	Preschool Handicapped (CG Projects) (205 / 206)
1,94	- \$				_
97	- \$	-	-	-	-
55	-	-	-	-	-
41,93	-	-	-	-	34,885
11,56	-	-	-	-	4,977
10,77	-	-	-	-	-
29,78	5,441	24,348	-	-	-
17,15	-	-	-	-	-
5,90	-	-	-	-	-
28	-	-	-	-	-
26	-	-	-	-	-
65,16	2 120				
24,46	3,120 858	-	-	-	-
24,40 66,70	-	-	-	-	-
54,93	-	-	-	-	-
10.15		10.170			
19,17	-	19,170	-	-	-
12	120	-	-	-	-
4	40	-	-	-	-
14,68	_	_	14,687	_	-
3,72	-	-	3,723	-	-
1,62	1,625	-	-	-	-
1,00	-	-	1,000	-	-
27,04	-	-	27,041	-	-
7,87	-	-	7,871	-	-
43	435	-	-	-	-
8,59	-	-	8,591	-	-
8	80 \$		-		

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	Title I (BA Projects) (201 / 202)	IDEA (CA Projects) (203 / 204)
188 Parenting/Family Literacy:		
100 Salaries	\$ 64,05	
200 Employee Benefits	33,60	
300 Purchased Services	68	
400 Supplies and Materials	8,01	
Total Instruction	1,861,31	8 1,362,656
200 Support Services:		
210 Pupil Services:		
212 Guidance Services:		
100 Salaries	19,07	- 0
200 Employee Benefits	7,40	- 0
213 Health Services:		
100 Salaries	-	15,913
200 Employee Benefits	-	6,998
400 Supplies and Materials	-	-
214 Psychological Services:		
100 Salaries	-	133,027
200 Employee Benefits	-	54,654
300 Purchased Services	-	10,283
400 Supplies and Materials	-	7,24
600 Other Objects	-	550
215 Exceptional Program Services:		
300 Purchased Services	-	186,388
217 Career Specialists Services:		
100 Salaries	-	-
200 Employee Benefits	-	-
220 Instructional Staff Services:		
221 Improvement of Instruction - Curriculum Development:		
100 Salaries	545,48	- 6
200 Employee Benefits	214,04	
300 Purchased Services	4,15	
400 Supplies and Materials	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6 -
222 Library and Media:		
100 Salaries	23,08	5 -
200 Employee Benefits	8,63	- 0
400 Supplies and Materials	\$ -	-

Preschool Handicapped (CG Projects) (205 / 206)	CATE (VA Projects) (207)	Adult Education (EA Projects) (243)	Other Designated Restricted State Grants (900s)	Other Special Revenue Programs (200s/800s/900s)	Totals	
- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	3	54,054 33,609 681 8,019
39,862	91,630	62,913	282,771	1,333,541	5,03	34,691
-	-	-	-	-		9,070
-	-	-	-	-		7,400
_	_	-	95,897	_	11	1,810
-	-	-	40,061	87		47,146
-	-	-	-	6,470		6,470
-	-	-	-	-		33,027
-	-	-	-	-		54,654 10,283
-	-	-	-	-		7,249
-	-	-	-	-		550
-	-	-	-	-		550
-	-	-	-	-	18	36,388
	_	_	249,309		24	19,309
-	-	-	108,435	-)8,435
-	-	-	100,435	-	10	0,755
				12.00	-	0.500
-	-	-	-	15,036 3,837		50,522 7,884
-	-	-	-	3,837 34,058		16,375
-	-	- 243	-	49,961		50,210
		_'		- ,- * -		, ,
-	-	-	-	-	2	23,085
-	-	-	-	-		8,630
				4,999		4,999

(Continued)

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	(BA	Fitle I Projects))1 / 202)	IDEA (CA Projects) (203 / 204)
 223 Supervision of Special Programs: 100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services 400 Supplies and Materials 600 Other Objects 224 Improvement of Instruction - Inservice and Staff Training: 100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services 	\$	94,407 39,280 4,730 3,566 - - - 130,814	197,380 82,428 8,759 8,790 230 - - 11,935
400 Supplies and Materials 600 Other Objects		3,366 8,818	710
 230 General Administration Services: 231 Board of Education: 400 Supplies and Materials 232 Office of the Superintendent: 400 Supplies and Materials 		-	-
 250 Finance and Operations Services: 251 Student Transportation (Federal/District Mandated): 100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services 253 Facilities Acquisition and Construction: 300 Purchased Services 		- - -	- - -
500 Capital Outlay: 540 Equipment 254 Operation and Maintenance of Plant: 300 Purchased Services 400 Supplies and Materials 258 Security: 400 Supplies and Materials		-	
 260 Central Support Services: 263 Information Services: 300 Purchased Services 264 Staff Services: 100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services 400 Supplies and Materials 	\$	- - - -	- - - -

Preschool Handicapped (CG Projects) (205 / 206)	CATE (VA Projects) (207)	Adult Education (EA Projects) (243)	Other Designated Restricted State Grants (900s)	Other Special Revenue Programs (200s/800s/900s)	Totals
-	-	-	-	32,232	\$ 324,019
-	-	-	-	14,145	135,853
-	-	-	-	51,021	64,510
-	-	116	-	71	12,543
-	-	-	-	2,062	2,292
				,	,
-	-	-	-	30,123	30,123
-	-	-	-	8,420	8,420
-	-	-	-	425,236	567,985
-	-	-	-	1,222	5,298
_	_	_	_	-	8,818
					0,010
				100	10.0
-	-	-	-	400	400
-	-	-	-	475	475
-	-	-	-	5,964	5,964
-	-	-	-	1,318	1,318
-	-	-	-	4,597	4,597
				-,	.,
-	-	-	-	10,143	10,143
-	-	-	-	373,346	373,346
				0,0,0,0	0,0,010
-	-	-	-	3,340	3,340
_	_	_	_	13,198	13,198
				10,190	15,170
_	_	_	_	9,402	9,402
				3,102	,102
-	-	-	-	594	594
			1 (= 0.1 -		101 000
-	-	-	167,845	253,985	421,830
-	-	-	45,508	66,627	112,135
-	-	-	-	140,066	140,066
	_		-	554	\$ 554

(Continued)

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	Title I (BA Projects) (201 / 202)	IDEA (CA Projects) (203 / 204)
266 Technology and Data Processing Services: 300 Purchased Services	\$ -	-
400 Supplies and Materials	-	-
500 Capital Outlay 270 Support Services - Pupil Activity:	-	-
270 Support Services - Fupir Activity. 271 Pupil Services Activities:		
100 Salaries (Optional)	-	956
200 Employee Benefits (Optional)	-	257
300 Purchased Services (Optional) 600 Other Objects (Optional)	-	1,011
Total Support Services	1,106,857	735,683
300 Community Services:		
360 Welfare Services: 400 Supplies and Materials	1,789	
Total Community Services	1,789	
Total Community Services	1,789	
410 Intergovernmental Expenditures:		
411 Payments to SDE 720 Transits	<u>-</u>	-
419 Payments from PEBA Nonemployer Contributions		
720 Transits	-	-
Total Intergovernmental Expenditures		-
500 Debt Service:		
620 Interest	-	-
Total Debt Service Expenditures		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,969,964	2,098,339
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
431-791 Special Revenue Fund Indirect Costs (Use Only for Transfer of Indirect Costs to General Fund)	(53,722)	(60,496)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(53,722)	(60,496)
EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(00,190)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year	<u> </u>	
FUND BALANCES, End of Year	<u>\$ </u>	

Totals	Other Special Revenue Programs (200s/800s/900s)	Other Designated Restricted State Grants (900s)	Adult Education (EA Projects) (243)	CATE (VA Projects) (207)	Preschool Handicapped (CG Projects) (205 / 206)
\$ 127,561 724,918 137,841	-	127,561 724,918 137,841	-	-	-
157,641	-	137,841	-	-	-
2,757 713	1,493 371	-	- -	308 85	-
4,766 1,746	4,134 735	-	-	632	-
5,111,021	1,569,722	1,697,375	359	1,025	-
1,789	-	-	-	-	-
1,789		<u> </u>			
200,566	200,566	-	-	-	-
313,474	-	313,474	-	-	-
514,040	200,566	313,474			-
27,458	27,458	-	-	-	-
27,458	27,458				
10,688,999	3,131,287	2,293,620	63,272	92,655	39,862
(114,218)	-	-	-	-	-
(114,218)	-	-	-	-	-
(85,913)	(85,913)	-	-	-	-
619,751	619,751	<u> </u>			
\$ 533,838	533,838		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SUPPLEMENTAL LISTING OF LEA SUBFUND CODES AND TITLES - STATE RESTRICTED GRANTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

OTHER DESIGNATED RESTRICTED STATE GRANTS

903Teacher Recruitment and Retention (Carryover Only)915Technology Technical Assistance (Carryover Only)919Education License Plates924Child Early Reading Development and Education Program (CDEP) - Full Day 4K926Summer Reading Camps (Carryover Only)928EEDA Career Specialists935Reading Coaches936Student Health and Fitness - Nurses
924Child Early Reading Development and Education Program (CDEP) - Full Day 4K926Summer Reading Camps (Carryover Only)928EEDA Career Specialists935Reading Coaches
926Summer Reading Camps (Carryover Only)928EEDA Career Specialists935Reading Coaches
928EEDA Career Specialists935Reading Coaches
935 Reading Coaches
6
936 Student Health and Fitness - Nurses
937 Student Health and Fitness - PE Teachers
939 Capital Improvement Plan
956 Adult Education
963 K-12 Technology Initiative
994 PEBA Nonemployer Contributions

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SUMMARY SCHEDULE FOR OTHER DESIGNATED RESTRICTED STATE GRANTS

						S	PECIAL REVEN	JE	
SUBFUND	REVENUE CODE	PROGRAMS	RF	VENUES	EXPENDITURES	INTERFUND TRANSFERS IN (OUT)	OTHER FUND TRANSFERS IN (OUT)	UNEARN	JED
						n((001)			
903	3183	Teacher Recruitment and Retention	\$	213,353	213,353	-	-	\$	-
915	3105	Technology Technical Assistance		779,723	779,723	-	-		-
919	3193	Education License Plates		880	880	-	-		-
924	3134	CDEP Expansion Full Day 4K		24,348	24,348	-	-		-
926	3177	Summer Reading Camps		19,170	19,170	-	-		-
928	3118	EEDA Career Specialists		357,745	357,745	-	-		-
935	3135	Reading Coaches		188,190	188,190	-	-		-
936	3136	Student Health and Fitness - Nurses		135,957	135,957	-	-		-
937	3127	Student Health and Fitness - PE Teachers		50,184	50,184	-	-		-
939	3393	Capital Improvement Plan - Additional		-	-	-	-	163,	101
956	3156	Adult Education		-	-	-	-	6,	188
963	3630	K-12 Technology Initiative		210,596	210,596	-	-		-
994	3994	PEBA Nonemployer Contributions		313,474	313,474	-	-		-
		Totals	\$	2,293,620	2,293,620			\$ 169,2	289

EDUCATION IMPROVEMENT ACT

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - ALL PROGRAMS

	I	ACTUAL
REVENUES		
3000 Revenue from State Sources:		
3500 Education Improvement Act:		
3502 ADEPT	\$	14,264
3507 Aid to District Technology		120,954
3511 Professional Development		50,516
3512 Technology Professional Development		11,798
3518 Adoption List of Formative Assessment		23,870
3519 Grade 10 Assessments		28,541
3525 Career and Technology Education Equipment		20,336
3526 Refurbishment of K-8 Science Kits		24,846
3527 Special CATE Equipment		139,893
3528 Industry Certificates		6,857
3529 Career and Technology Education		60,723
3532 National Board Certification (NBC) Salary Supplement (No Carryover Provision)		25,342
3533 Teacher of the Year Award		1,077
3538 Students at Risk of School Failure		654,115
3541 CDEPP (Child Development Education Pilot Program) - Full Day 4K		596,610
3550 Teacher Salary Increase (No Carryover Provision)		870,193
3555 Teacher Salary Fringe (No Carryover Provision)		140,924
3556 Adult Education		180,402
3557 Summer Reading Camps		56,556
3558 Reading		55,549
3571 Technical Assistance State Priority Schools		45,983
3577 Teacher Supplies (No Carryover Provision)		95,975
3578 High Schools That Work/Making Middle Grades Work		20,332
3587 Maintenance of State Financial Support (MES) Tier I		266,900
3589 Maintenance of State Financial Support (MES) Tier II		223,410
3593 Capital Improvement Plan		916,218
3594 EEDA At Risk Supplemental Programs		143,106
3595 EEDA - Supplies and Materials		9,906
3597 Aid to Districts		79,978
Total Revenue from State Sources		4,885,174
TOTAL REVENUE ALL SOURCES	\$	4,885,174

EDUCATION IMPROVEMENT ACT

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - ALL PROGRAMS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	A	CTUAL
EXPENDITURES		
100 Instruction:		
110 General Instruction:		
111 Kindergarten Programs:		
400 Supplies and Materials	\$	4,354
112 Primary Programs:		,
100 Salaries		125,859
200 Employee Benefits		44,238
400 Supplies and Materials		16,317
113 Elementary Programs:		
100 Salaries		190,968
200 Employee Benefits		94,195
300 Purchased Services		24,289
400 Supplies and Materials		106,785
114 High School Programs:		,
100 Salaries		198,396
200 Employee Benefits		73,779
300 Purchased Services		33,499
400 Supplies and Materials		109,447
115 Career and Technology Education Program:		,
100 Salaries		1,000
200 Employee Benefits		77
300 Purchased Services - Other Than Tuition		6,484
400 Supplies and Materials		31,070
500 Capital Outlay		135,727
117 Driver Education Program:		
400 Supplies and Materials		550
120 Exceptional Programs: 121 Educable Mentally Handicapped:		
400 Supplies and Materials		825
122 Trainable Mentally Handicapped:		825
100 Salaries		36,722
200 Employee Benefits		13,752
400 Supplies and Materials		1,375
126 Speech Handicapped:		1,575
100 Salaries		28,703
200 Employee Benefits		10,257
400 Supplies and Materials		1,375
127 Learning Disabilities:		1,575
100 Salaries		5,000
200 Employee Benefits		1,368
300 Purchased Services		22,900
400 Supplies and Materials	\$	383,348
Too Supplies and Materials	ψ	565,540

(Continued)

EDUCATION IMPROVEMENT ACT

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - ALL PROGRAMS

	ACTUAL
130 Pre-School Programs:137 Preschool Handicapped Self Contained (3 & 4 Yr. Olds):400 Supplies and Materials	\$ 550
140 Special Programs:	
141 Gifted and Talented - Academic:400 Supplies and Materials147 CDEP:	275
100 Salaries200 Employee Benefits400 Supplies and Materials	388,028 208,317 3,290
160 Other Exceptional Programs:161 Autism:400 Supplies and Materials	275
170 Summer School Programs:	
172 Elementary Summer School: 100 Salaries	9,334
200 Employee Benefits 400 Supplies and Materials	689 46,533
173 High School Summer School:	
100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits 175 Instructional Programme December School Dece	13,663 1,384
175 Instructional Programs Beyond Regular School Day:100 Salaries200 Employee Benefits	9,730 2,683
180 Adult/Continuing Educational Programs:	
181 Adult Basic Education Programs: 100 Salaries	31,478
200 Employee Benefits	4,210
400 Supplies and Materials 182 Adult Secondary Education Programs:	69
100 Salaries	12,613
200 Employee Benefits	3,356
300 Purchased Services	144
400 Supplies and Materials	1,000
Total Instruction	\$ 2,440,280

EDUCATION IMPROVEMENT ACT

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - ALL PROGRAMS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	ACTUAL
200 Support Services: 210 Pupil Services:	
212 Guidance Services: 100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits	\$ 16,577 6,920
300 Purchased Services 400 Supplies and Materials	8,430 3,850
600 Other Objects	1,476
220 Instructional Staff Services:	
222 Library and Media:400 Supplies and Materials223 Supervision of Special Programs:	2,475
100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits	85,674 41,778
300 Purchased Services 224 Improvement of Instruction - In-service and Staff Training:	986
100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits	9,900 2,611
300 Purchased Services 400 Supplies and Materials	182,597 26,289
230 General Administration Services:	
250 Finance and Operations Services:	
 251 Student Transportation (Federal/District Mandated): 100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services 254 Operation and Maintenance of Plant: 	2,820 776 846
500 Capital Outlay	916,218
260 Central Support Services:266 Technology and Data Processing Services:400 Supplies and Materials	120,954
270 Support Services - Pupil Activity: 271 Pupil Services Activities:	
100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services	1,125 309 1,166
Total Support Services	1,433,777
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 3,874,057

(Continued)

EDUCATION IMPROVEMENT ACT

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - ALL PROGRAMS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	 ACTUAL
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Interfund Transfers, From (To) Other Funds:	
420-710 Transfer to General Fund (Exclude Indirect Costs)	\$ (1,011,117)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 (1,011,117)
EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	-
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of Year	 -
FUND BALANCES, End of Year	\$ -

Schedule B-4

EDUCATION IMPROVEMENT ACT

SUMMARY SCHEDULE BY PROGRAM

Program	I	Revenues	Expenditures	EIA Interfund Transfers In/(Out)	Other Fund Transfers In/(Out)	EIA Fund Unearned Revenue
3500 Education Improvement Act:						
3502 ADEPT	\$	14,264	14,264	-	-	\$ -
3507 Aid to District Technology		120,954	120,954	-	-	-
3511 Professional Development		50,516	50,516	-	-	6,440
3512 Technology Professional Development		11,798	11,798	-	-	-
3518 Adoption List of Formative Assessment		23,870	23,870	-	-	26,683
3519 Grade 10 Assessments		28,541	28,541	-	-	-
3525 Career and Technology Education Equipment		20,336	20,336	-	-	-
3526 Refurbishment of K-8 Science Kits		24,846	24,846	-	-	-
3527 Special CATE Equipment		139,893	139,893	-	-	-
3528 Industry Certificates		6,857	6,857	-	-	22,997
3529 Career and Technology Education		60,723	60,723	-	-	15,529
3532 National Board Salary Supplement (No Carryover Provision)		25,342	25,342	-	-	-
3533 Teacher of the Year Award		1,077	1,077	-	-	-
3538 Students at Risk of School Failure		654,115	654,115	-	-	-
3541 CDEPP (Child Development Education Pilot Program) - Full Day 4K		596,610	596,610	-	-	-
3550 Teacher Salary Increase (No Carryover Provision)		870,193	-	-	(870,193)	-
3555 Teacher Salary Fringe (No Carryover Provision)		140,924	-	-	(140,924)	-
3556 Adult Education		180,402	180,402	-	-	15,256
3557 Summer Reading Camps		56,556	56,556	-	-	70,736
3558 Reading		55,549	55,549	-	-	4,857
3571 Technical Assistance State Priority Schools		45,983	45,983	-	-	-
3577 Teacher Supplies (No Carryover Provision)		95,975	95,975	-	-	-
3578 High Schools That Work / Making Middle Grades Work		20,332	20,332	-	-	-
3587 Maintenance of State Financial Support (MES) Tier I		266,900	266,900	-	-	-
3589 Maintenance of State Financial Support (MES) Tier II		223,410	223,410	-	-	474,362
3593 Capital Improvement Plan		916,218	916,218	-	-	83,784
3594 EEDA At Risk Supplemental Programs		143,106	143,106	-	-	-
3595 EEDA - Supplies and Materials		9,906	9,906	-	-	4,338
3597 Aid to Districts		79,978	79,978	-	-	-
Totals	\$	4,885,174	3,874,057		(1,011,117)	\$ 724,982

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF DUE TO STATE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION/FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

Program	Project/Grant Number	Revenue & Subfund Code	Description	Amount Due to State Department of Education or Federal Government		Status of Amount Due to Grantors
Industry Certificates Individuals with Disabilities Education Act	EIA IDEA	3528 / 328 4510 / 204	Unexpended funds Unexpended funds	\$	766.91 19,635.04	Will be repaid subsequent to year-end Will be repaid subsequent to year-end
				\$	20,401.95	

DEBT SERVICE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

	ACTUAL
REVENUES	
1000 Revenue from Local Sources:	
1200 Revenue from Local Governmental Units Other than LEAs:1210 Ad Valorem Taxes - Including Delinquent (Fiscally Independent LEA)1280 Revenue in Lieu of Taxes (Dependent and Independent)	\$ 547,844 11,486
1500 Earnings on Investments: 1510 Interest on Investments	1,304
Total Revenue from Local Sources	560,634
 3000 Revenue from State Sources: 3800 State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes: 3820 Homestead Exemption 3830 Merchant's Inventory Tax 3840 Manufacturers Depreciation Reimbursement 3890 Other State Property Tax Revenues (Includes Motor Carrier Vehicle Tax) 	45,033 5,904 3,066 9,043
Total Revenue from State Sources	63,046
TOTAL REVENUE ALL SOURCES	623,680
EXPENDITURES	
500 Debt Service: 620 Interest 690 Other Objects (Includes Fees for Servicing Bonds) Total Debt Service	13,017 6,744 19,761
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	19,761
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
5110 Premium on Bonds Sold	5,664
Interfund Transfers, From (To) Other Funds:	
423-710 Transfer to Capital Projects Fund	(607,932)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(602,268)
EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	1,651
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year	633,337
FUND BALANCE, End of Year	\$ 634,988

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

	ACTUAL
REVENUES	
1000 Revenue from Local Sources:	
1500 Earnings on Investments:	¢ 1.527
1510 Interest on Investments	\$ 1,537
Total Revenue from Local Sources	1,537
TOTAL REVENUE ALL SOURCES	1,537
EXPENDITURES	
250 Finance and Operations Services:	
253 Facilities Acquisition & Construction:	
300 Purchased Services	42,021
500 Capital Outlay: 540 Equipment	319,944
254 Operations and Maintenance of Plant:	519,944
300 Purchased Services	133,513
Total Support Services	495,478
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	495,478
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Interfund Transfers, From (To) Other Funds:	
5240 Transfer from Debt Service Fund	607,932
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	607,932
EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	113,991
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year	2,347,072
FUND BALANCE, End of Year	\$ 2,461,063

SPECIAL REVENUE - FOOD SERVICE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

REVENUES	ACTUAL
1000 Revenue from Local Sources:	
1500 Earnings on Investments:	
1510 Interest on Investments	\$ 3,7
1600 Food Service:	22.4
1630 Special Sales to Pupils 1640 Lunch Sales to Adults	23,4 58,1
1650 Breakfast Sales to Adults	6
1660 Special Sales to Adults	2,6
1900 Other Revenue from Local Sources:	
1950 Refund of Prior Year's Expenditures (Include Only if Expenditure Occurred Last Year	
and the Refund This Year)	3
Total Revenue from Local Sources	88,9
2000 Intergovernmental Revenue: 2100 Payments from Other Governmental Units	18,3
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	18,3
3000 Revenue from State Sources:	
3100 Restricted State Funding:	
3140 School Lunch:	
3142 School Lunch Program Aid	2
Total Revenue from State Sources	2
4000 Revenue from Federal Sources:	
4800 USDA Reimbursement: 4810 School Lunch and After School Snacks Program	2,112,9
4830 School Breakfast Program	810,2
4860 Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program (FFVP) (Carryover Provision)	101,4
4900 Other Federal Sources:	
4991 USDA Commodities (Food Distribution Program) (Carryover Provision)	191,9
Total Revenue from Federal Sources	3,216,7
TOTAL REVENUE ALL SOURCES	3,324,2
EXPENSES	
256 Food Service:	
100 Salaries	986,2
200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services (Exclude Gas, Oil, Electricity and Other Heating Fuels)	217,6 148,8
400 Supplies and Materials (Include Gas, Oil, Electricity and Other Heating Fuels)	1,767,7
500 Capital Outlay	132,7
600 Other Objects	4,5
Total Food Service Expenses	3,257,7
TOTAL EXPENSES	3,257,7
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Interfund Transfers, From (To) Other Funds:	
432-791 Food Service Fund Indirect Costs	(239,1
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(239,1
EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(172,6
FUND NET ASSETS, Beginning of Year	2,102,1
FUND NET ASSETS, End of Year	\$ 1,929,4
	<u> </u>

PUPIL ACTIVITY FUND

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN DUE TO STUDENT ORGANIZATIONS

	A	CTUAL
RECEIPTS		
1000 Receipts from Local Sources:		
1700 Pupil Activities: 1710 Admissions 1740 Student Fees 1790 Other	\$	133,629 2,587 428,251
1900 Other Revenue from Local Sources 1920 Contributions & Donations Private Sources		16,891
Total Receipts from Local Sources		581,358
TOTAL RECEIPTS ALL SOURCES		581,358
DISBURSEMENTS		
 270 Support Services Pupil Activity: 272 Enterprise Activities: 100 Salaries (Optional) 200 Employee Benefits (Optional) 660 Pupil Activity Total Pupil Activity Expenditures 		34,995 9,417 548,204 592,616
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS		<u>592,616</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		<u> </u>
Interfund Transfers, From (To) Other Funds:		
420-710 Transfer to General Fund (Excludes Indirect Costs)		(149)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(149)
EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF RECEIPTS OVER DISBURSEMENTS		(11,407)
DUE TO STUDENT ORGANIZATIONS, Beginning of Year		241,462
DUE TO STUDENT ORGANIZATIONS, End of Year	\$	230,055

LOCATION RECONCILIATION SCHEDULE

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Location ID	Location Description	Education Level	Cost Type	Total Expenditures
001	SPRING BRANCH PROPERTY	NON-SCHOOLS	CENTRAL	\$ 320,093
002	MARION HIGH SCHOOL	HIGH SCHOOL	SCHOOL	5,862,372
003	EASTERLING ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	ELEMENTARY	SCHOOL	4,803,120
004	MARION INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL	ELEMENTARY	SCHOOL	4,452,696
007	JOHNAKIN MIDDLE SCHOOL	MIDDLE SCHOOL	SCHOOL	4,487,267
008	MULLINS HIGH SCHOOL	HIGH SCHOOL	SCHOOL	4,694,677
009	PALMETTO MIDDLE SCHOOL	MIDDLE SCHOOL	SCHOOL	3,169,302
010	McCORMICK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	ELEMENTARY	SCHOOL	2,968,046
012	FOX FIELD	NON-SCHOOLS	CENTRAL	22,485
013	NORTH MULLINS PRIMARY SCHOOL	ELEMENTARY	SCHOOL	2,740,134
014	MULLINS EARLY CHILDHOOD CENTER	ELEMENTARY	SCHOOL	1,734,046
022	ACTIVITY BUS	NON-SCHOOLS	CENTRAL	55,302
023	BRITTONS NECK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	ELEMENTARY	SCHOOL	2,812,152
024	CREEK BRIDGE HIGH SCHOOL	HIGH SCHOOL	SCHOOL	3,465,021
030	ADULT EDUCATION	OTHER SCHOOL	SCHOOL	1,388,412
031	SUCCESS ACADEMY/PALMETTO ED CTR	ALTERNATIVE SCHL	SCHOOL	867,195
032	ATHLETIC COMPLEX - MARION	HIGH SCHOOL	CENTRAL	28,895
907	COMMUNITY CENTER - CENTENARY	NON-SCHOOLS	CENTRAL	12,082
908	SAFFOLD BUILDING	NON-SCHOOLS	CENTRAL	8,644
910	MARION COUNTY SCHS-DISTRICT OFC	NON-SCHOOLS	CENTRAL	6,548,043
913	MARION COUNTY SCHS-ANNEX OFC	NON-SCHOOLS	CENTRAL	1,308,855
922	SUPERINTENDENT'S HOUSE-CENTENARY	NON-SCHOOLS	CENTRAL	1,267
925	MAINTENANCE DEPARTMENT	NON-SCHOOLS	CENTRAL	567,945
926	STORAGE	NON-SCHOOLS	CENTRAL	731
927	OLD RED BRICK SCHOOL	NON-SCHOOLS	CENTRAL	3,377
928	OLD RAINS CENTENARY ELEMENTARY	NON-SCHOOLS	CENTRAL	28,982
929	RAINS DO-HOUSE	NON-SCHOOLS	CENTRAL	2,025
933	SOUTHSIDE	NON-SCHOOLS	CENTRAL	13,827
940	BUS DRIVER	NON-SCHOOLS	CENTRAL	103,418
995	ACADEMY FOR CAREERS/TECHNOLOGY	HIGH SCHOOL	SCHOOL	1,907,766
				\$ 54,378,177

The above expenditures are reconciled to the School District's financial statements as follows:

Fund	Amount
General Fund	\$ 35,449,4'
Special Revenue Fund	10,688,99
Special Revenue - EIA Fund	3,874,0
Special Revenue - Food Service Fund	3,257,79
Debt Service Fund	19,70
Capital Projects Fund	495,4
Pupil Activity Fund	592,6
	\$ 54,378,1

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COMPLIANCE SECTION

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

LEA Subfund Code	Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Grantor's Number	Federal Expenditures
	US DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
	Pass-through State Department of Education:			
600 600	National School Breakfast Program	10.553 10.555	N/A N/A	\$ 810,253 2 112 002
600 600	National School Lunch Program National School Lunch Program - Non-Cash Assistance	10.555	N/A N/A	2,112,993 191,984
	C C	Total 10.553 & 10.555	Cluster	3,115,230
600	Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	N/A	101,494
	TOTAL US DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			3,216,724
	US DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
	Pass-through State Department of Education:			
201 237/238	Title I Grants to LEA's School Improvement	84.010 84.010	H63010100117 N/A	3,023,686 100,000
2311230	School improvement	Total 84.010	IV/A	3,123,686
		10101 04.010		5,125,000
203	Individuals with Disabilities Education Act: IDEA	84.027	H63010100917	1,457,139
203	IDEA	84.027	H63010100917	701,696
205	Handicapped Preschool Grants	84.173	H63010100818	39,862
212	Extended School Year	84.173	N/A	7,364
		Total 84.027 & 84.173	Cluster	2,206,061
207	Occupational Education - WBL Activities	84.048	N/A	92,655
210 243	Student Support and Academic Enrichment (SSAE) Adult Education	84.424A 84.002	N/A N/A	1,954
243 251	Rural and Low Income Schools	84.002	S358B170040	63,272 96,484
264/265	Language Instruction - Title III	84.365	18 Title III	6,654
267	Improving Teacher Quality - Title II	84.367	H63010006818	422,753
	Total Pass-through State Department of Education:			6,013,519
	Pass-through the SC Commission on Higher Education:			
821	SC GEAR UP	84.334S	N/A	12,924
	Total Pass-through the SC Commission on Higher Education:			12,924
	Pass-through Insight Education Group, Inc:			
836	Empowering Educators to Excel (E3) - TSL	84.374A	U374A170085-17A	280,156
	Total Pass-through the SC Commission on Higher Education:			280,156
	Direct Program:			
820	PELL	84.063	N/A	113,951
	TOTAL US DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			\$ 6,420,550
				(Continued)

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SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

LEA Subfund Code	Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Grantor's Number	-	Federal penditures
	US DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE				
	Direct Program:				
296	JROTC - Army	12.000	N/A	\$	55,376
297	JROTC - Marine Corps	12.000	N/A		79,643
		Total 12.000			135,019
	TOTAL US DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE				135,019
	US DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY				
	Pass-through SC Emergency Management Division:				
100	FEMA Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	97.036	FEMA 4286-PA-SC		12,210
	TOTAL US DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY				12,210
	TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE EXPENDED			\$	9,784,503

Note: There were no expenditures to subrecipients for the year ended June 30, 2018.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

A – General

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") presents the activity of all federal award programs of Marion County School District, South Carolina (the "School District") for the year ended June 30, 2018. All federal awards received directly from the federal agencies, as well as those passed through other government agencies, are included on the Schedule.

B – Basis of Accounting

The accompanying Schedule is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in the notes to the School District's financial statements.

C – Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal award expenditures are reported in the School District's financial statements as expenditures in the General Fund, the Special Revenue Fund and the Special Revenue – Food Service Fund.

D – Relationship to Federal Financial Reports

Amounts reported in the accompanying Schedule agree with the amounts reported in the related federal financial reports except for timing differences relating to expenditures made subsequent to the filing of the federal financial reports.

E – Indirect Cost Rate

The School District has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Marion County Board of Education Marion County School District Marion, South Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Marion County School District, South Carolina (the "School District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 16, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Greene Finney, LLP

Greene Finney, LLP Mauldin, South Carolina November 16, 2018



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Marion County Board of Education Marion County School District Marion, South Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Marion County School District, South Carolina's (the "School District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

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				OREN BY ARROINTMENT ONLY			

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Greene Finney, LLP

Greene Finney, LLP Mauldin, South Carolina November 16, 2018

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

2017-001: WEAKNESSES IN INTERNAL CONTROLS Repeat Finding from the Prior Year? Yes

Condition:	During our audit of the School District we noted the following areas in which the School District's internal controls should be improved:			
	• Bank reconciliations: When we arrived to perform year end procedures in mid-November 2017, we noted that the bank reconciliation for the main operating account for June 30, 2017 does not appear to have been completed timely, as it was signed off as being completed and reviewed in mid-October 2017. We also noted a few other bank accounts for which the reconciliations were signed and dated in November 2017. However, we also noted that the School District appears to be current with all bank reconciliations through October 2017 by the end of November 2017.			
	• We noted that the School District appears to have made progress in reconciling and analyzing balance sheet accounts during 2017. However, when we arrived for the audit, we had to propose several significant audit adjusting entries involving accounts payable, accrued liabilities and receivables. Also, a number of special revenue funds had not been closed out before we arrived on site in mid-November 2017. We also noted that beginning fund balance per the trial balance that was provided to us did not agree to the prior year financial statements for several funds. Also, interfund activities and balances did not net to zero.			
Criteria:	The School District should have appropriate internal controls in place to ensure that all transactions are being made and recorded accurately and on a timely basis. A properly functioning analysis, review and monitoring process is a very important control to ensure that reports to management, those charged with governance and third parties are accurate and can be relied upon.			
Context, Cause and Effect:	The School District did not place the proper emphasis on the importance of having appropriate internal controls, as there were several significant adjustments made to correct the trial balance during the audit. These adjustments should have been detected and corrected by the School District personnel prior to the audit.			
Status:	The School District has appropriately addressed this finding. Bank reconciliations are being completed and reviewed in a timely manner and balance sheet accounts are being analyzed much more consistently and appropriately during the current year.			

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

2017-002: FAILURE TO INVENTORY OR TRACK CAPITAL ASSETS Repeat Finding from the Prior Year? Yes

Condition:	During our audit we noted that the School District is not taking a regular or systematic inventory of its capital assets to ensure that the amounts recorded and reported are still owned or maintained by the School District, and is not using appropriate software to maintain capital asset records.
Criteria:	An inventory of capital assets should be done at least annually to ensure and verify that the amounts recorded are still owned or maintained by the School District.
Context, Cause and Effect:	School District finance staff has not taken the time to perform an inventory of capital assets, and the amounts recorded and reported may not accurately reflect the actual assets owned or maintained.
Status:	The School District is now using appropriate software to maintain its capital asset records and is in the process of performing a capital asset inventory for the year ended June 30, 2019.

2017-003: WIRE TRANSFERS Repeat Finding from the Prior Year? No

Condition:	During our audit we noted the School District procedures state that the Finance Director initiates wire transfers and the Superintendent approves them. However, this is only a paper approval, as the Finance Director could initiate and complete a wire transfer without the Superintendent's knowledge or approval.
Criteria:	Appropriate segregation of duties involving wire transfers should be maintained.
Context, Cause and Effect:	The only transfers that we noted were between the School District's main operating bank account and the South Carolina Local Government Investment Pool ("SCLGIP").
Recommendation:	We recommend that the School District implement procedures with their banks and the SCLGIP to require that electronic approval be obtained from the Superintendent or her designee before the wire transfer is completed.
Status:	The School District has appropriately addressed this finding. Initiated wire transfers now generate an automatic email to a second party and require approval.

NOTE: there were no Single Audit Findings for the 6/30/17 Fiscal Year.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued: Unmo	odified				
Internal control over financial reportir	ıg:				
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	Х	No		
Significant deficiency(s) identified t					
considered to be material weaknes	sses?	Yes	X	None Reported	
Noncompliance material to financial s	Yes	X	No		
Federal Awards					
Internal control over major programs:					
Material weakness(es) identified?	Material weakness(es) identified? Yes			No	
Significant deficiency(s) identified t					
considered to be material weakness	sses?	Yes	X	None Reported	
Type of auditor's report issued on com	pliance for major programs: Unm	odified			
Any audit findings disclosed that are r	equired to be reported				
in accordance with section 2 CFR 200.516 (Uniform Guidance)?			Х	No	
Identification of major programs:					
<u>CFDA Number(s)</u>	CFDA Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cluster				
10.553 and 10.555	10.553 and 10.555 National School Breakfast and Lunch Cluster				
84.027 and 84.173	IDEA Cluster including Preschool Handicapped				
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:				0	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?			X	No	

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

NONE

Section III - Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

NONE